



Numerical simulations of snow on ski slopes using SURFEX/ISBA-Crocus-RESORT

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Context





- Snow conditions on ski slopes differ markedly from natural snow conditions because of grooming and snowmaking
- Critical socio-economic issues related to the sustainability of winter tourism in the context of climate variability and long term change









Spandre et al., 2016







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- Developed in SURFEX within **Crocus** (one of the snowpack schemes of ISBA), on the basis of official V8 release. Not yet implemented in official version.
- Full description and evaluation : Spandre, P., S. Morin, M. Lafaysse, Y. Lejeune, H. François and E. George-Marcelpoil, Integration of snow management processes into a detailed snowpack model, *Cold Reg. Sci. Technol.*, 125, 48-64,doi :<u>10.1016/j.coldregions.2016.01.002</u>, 2016.



Atmosphere









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Grooming









Grooming





• Operational rules and parameters based on literature and panel assessment involving ski resort managers





Grooming



 Impact and evaluation based on observations in 4 ski resorts near Grenoble during one full season, comparing natural snow and groomed snow in terms of depth, density, SWE and vertical profiles (not shown)

Seasonal evolution



Spandre et al., 2016



Snowmaking





- Initial properties specified
 - \Rightarrow Density (600 kg/m³)
 - \Rightarrow Specific Surface Area (25 m² kg⁻¹)
 - \Rightarrow Sphericity (90%)



- Production flow rate specified
- · Wet-bulb temperature threshold specified
- Maximum wind speed (4.2 m s⁻¹)



Snowmaking





- Operational rules and parameters based on panel assessment involving ski resort managers
- Production can be driven by production targets, or related to snow depth/SWE thresholds at various times of the season
- Typically:
 - Early season production « as much as possible » before opening of resorts, typically December 15.
 - Wintertime production to sustain sufficient snow conditions if possible
 - Stop of production around March 1st.





Snowmaking



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Seasonal evolution

- Impact and evaluation based on observations in 4 ski resorts near Grenoble during one full comparing natural season. groomed snow snow, and groomed machine made snow in terms of depth, density, SWE and vertical profiles (not shown)
- Identification of significant losses of water used for snowmaking, up to 50%.
- Water losses issues refined in a follow-up publication. Still the highest uncertainty factor.

Spandre, P., François, H., Thibert, E., Morin, S., and George-Marcelpoil, E. : Seasonal evolution of a ski slope under natural and artificial snow : detailed observations and modelling, *The Cryosphere Discuss.*, doi :<u>10.5194/tc-</u> 2016-194, in review, 2016.







Applications driven by Cmrs SAFRAN









Use of massifs within which meteorological conditions vary by steps of 300m



Observations : in-situ, remotely-sensed, radiosondes





NWP model guess



ERA40 1958-2002 ARPEGE 2002 - ... Durand et al., 1999, 2009

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Resorts spatial representation





• Use of ski-lifts catalogue





Computation of snow indicators





 Representation of snowmaking envelope in ski resorts (depend on spatial structure and assigned % coverage)





Computation of snow indicators





- Explicit representation of snow coverage in a ski resort
- Computation of resort-level **viability indicator** based on thresholds and critical dates (Christmas, winter holidays etc.)





Large-scale reanalysis



FRANCE

 Snow reliability of ski resorts in the French Alps, based on past winter conditions





Large-scale reanalysis



Relationship between snow conditions and socio-economic turnover (ski pass sales)





Future plans



 Apply the model in reanalysis mode for the **Pyrenees** (France / Spain / Andorra) and **lower lying** French mountain regions with ski resorts (Jura, Vosges, Massif Central, Corsica)



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- Apply the model in reanalysis mode for the **Pyrenees** (France / Spain / Andorra) and **lower lying** French mountain regions with ski resorts (Jura, Vosges, Massif Central, Corsica)
- Apply the model using adjusted EUROCORDEX climate projections over French mountain regions (ADAMONT method, Verfaillie et al.)





Future plans : ADAMONT







- quantile mapping & weather regimes

- vs. a meteorological reanalysis (SAFRAN)
- multi-variable and hourly



Alps & Pyrenees





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- Any SURFEX FORCING file can be used to drive the model !









Thank you !











- IPSL-CM5A-MR/RCA4 RCP8.5
- MPI-ESM-LR/RCA4 RCP8.5













Example of results







Example of results





First results – Meteorological variables

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First results ΛΕΤΕΟ irstea Meteorological variables



First results – Constant Meteorological variables



First results – Meteorological variables

IETEO







First results – Cors Cors Meteorological variables



First results – Cors Cors Meteorological variables





















