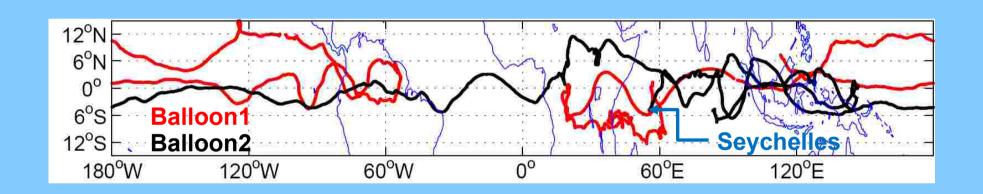
Accuracy of analyses in the equatorial lower stratosphere during PreConcordiasi

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RESEARCH ARTICLE

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Assessment of the accuracy of (re)analyses in the equatorial lower stratosphere

Aurélien Podglajen¹, Albert Hertzog¹, Riwal Plougonven¹, and Nedjeljka Žagar²

Key Points:

(Re)-analyses used

· MERRA

3D VAR

72 vertical levels (5 between 100 et 40 hPa)

ECMWF operational analysis

4D VAR

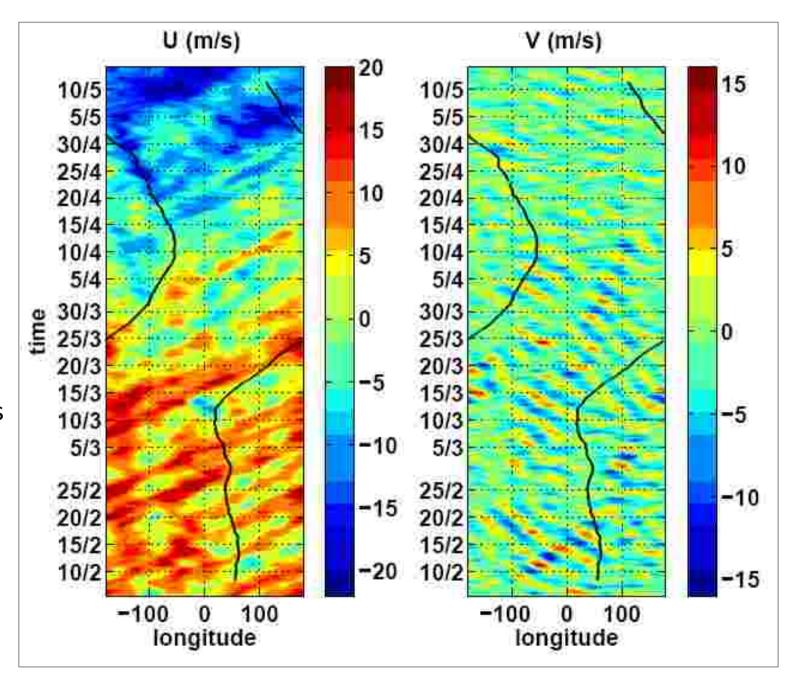
91 vertical levels (10 between 100 et 40 hPa)

· (ERA interim)

4D VAR

60 vertical levels (5 between 100 et 40 hPa)

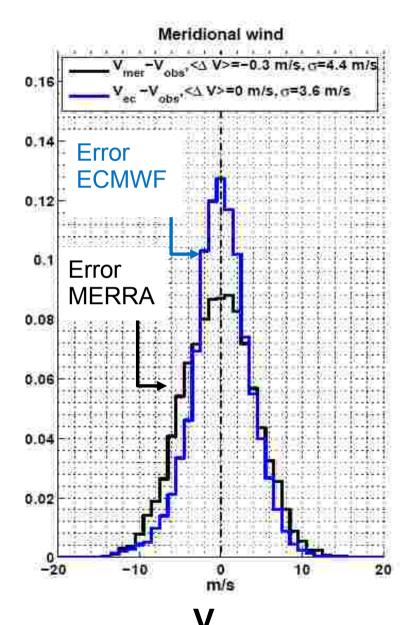
Dynamical context



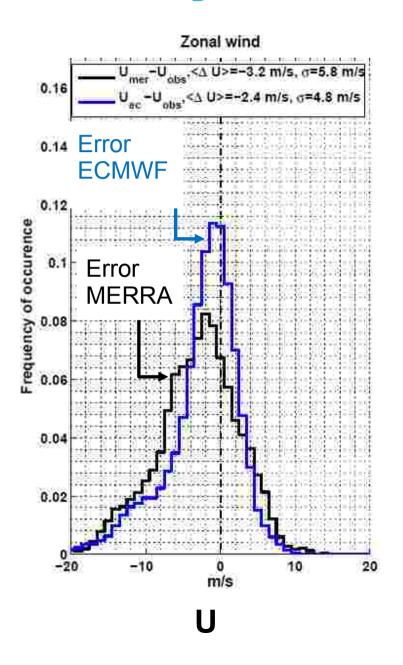
Hövmoller diagrams at 57 hPa **at the equator** (in the ECMWF analysis)

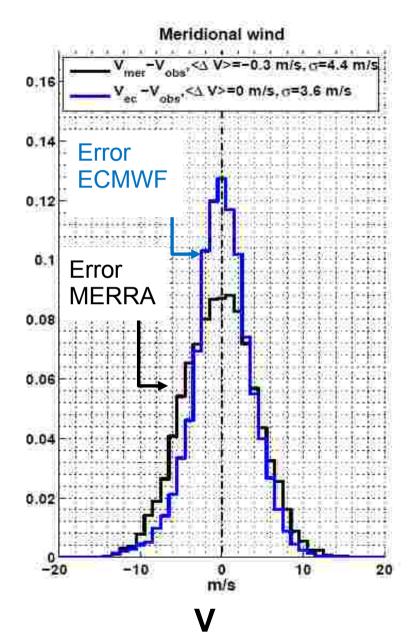
and 'trajectory' of balloon #1

Analyses error statistics



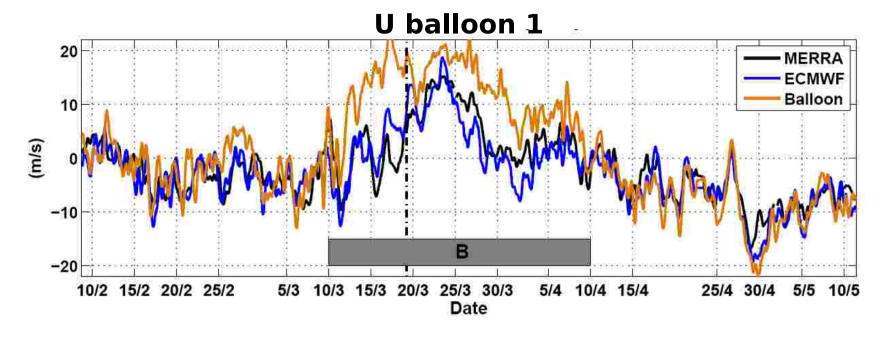
Analyses error statistics

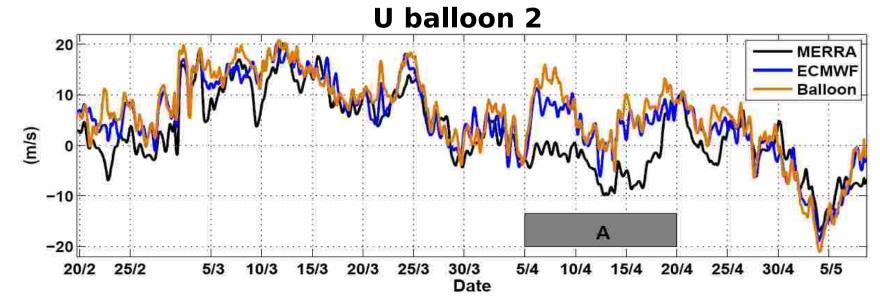




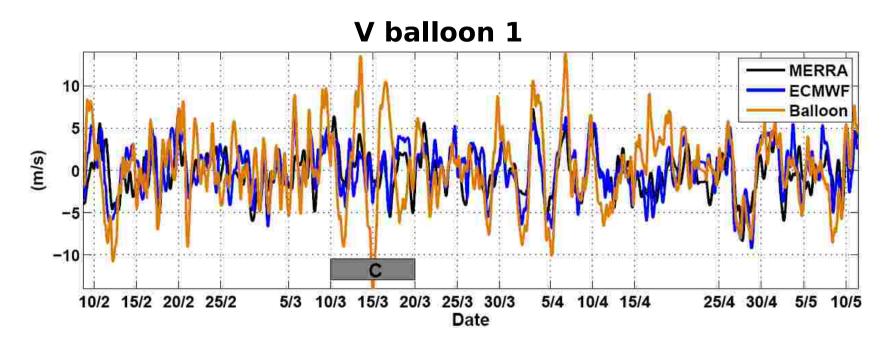
Time structure of the errors

Errors
happen
during
limited but
longlasting
time
periods





Time structure of the errors

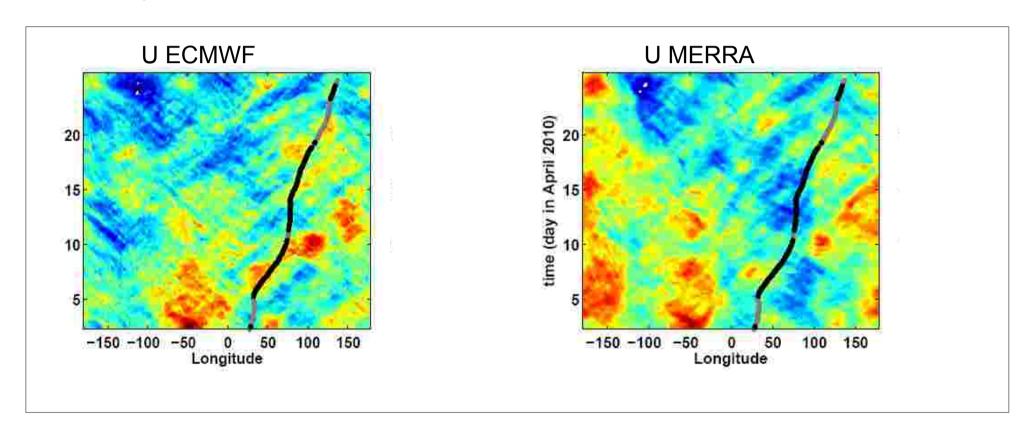


Errors happen during limited but long-lasting time periods

Case A

Small errors in ECMWF analyses, large errors in MERRA (> 7 m/s)

→ comparison between the two

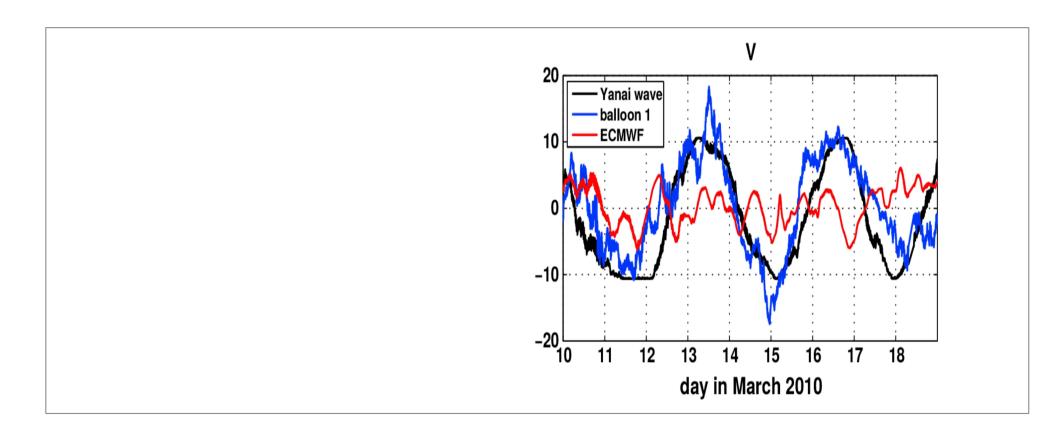


→ Error due to a 'missing' Kelvin wave

(not shown : other cases of strong errors on *u* due to missing Kelvin waves in both MERRA and ECMWF)

Case C

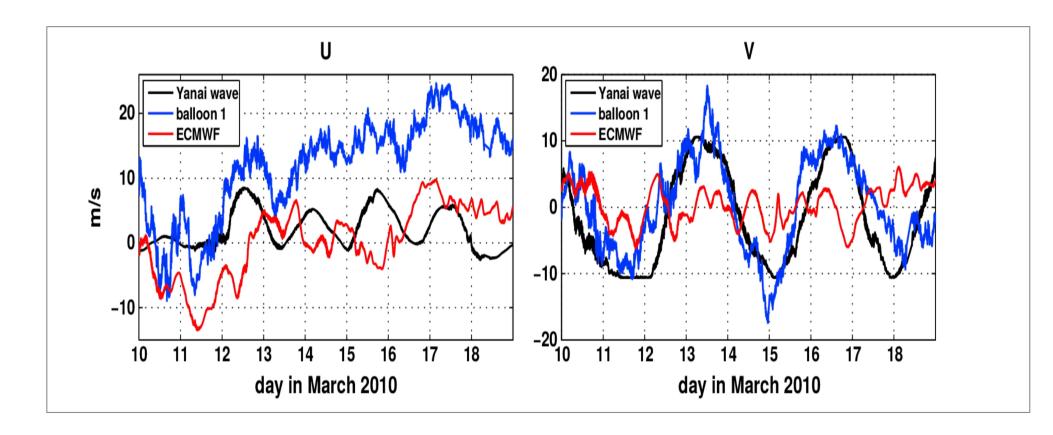
Strong errors in ECMWF and MERRA analyses, with clear meridional wind oscillation Synthetic Yanai wave time series of u and v



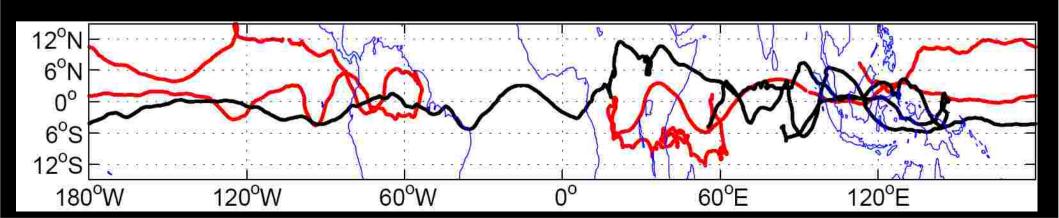
→ Error due to a 'missing' **Yanai wave**

Case C

Strong errors in ECMWF and MERRA analyses, with clear meridional wind oscillation Synthetic Yanai wave time series of u and v

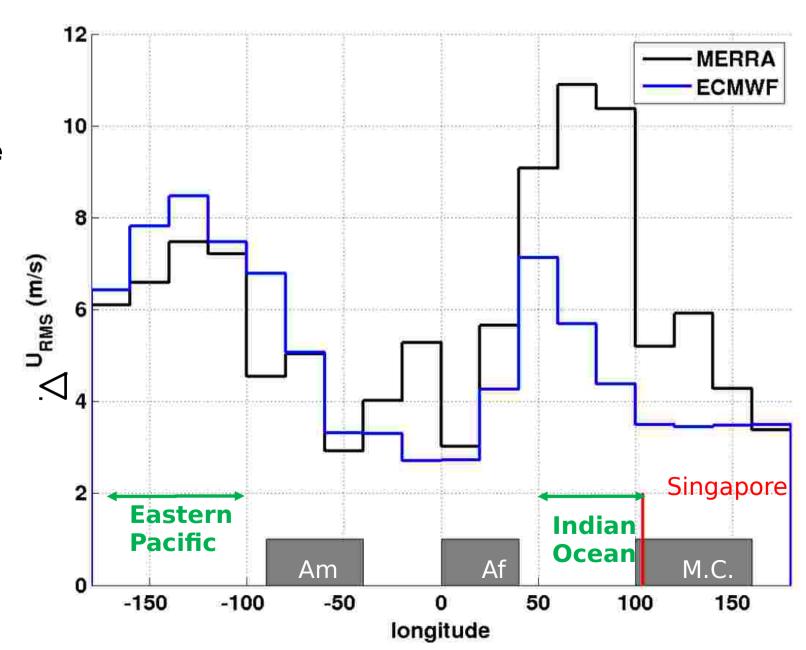


→ Error due to a 'missing' **Yanai wave**

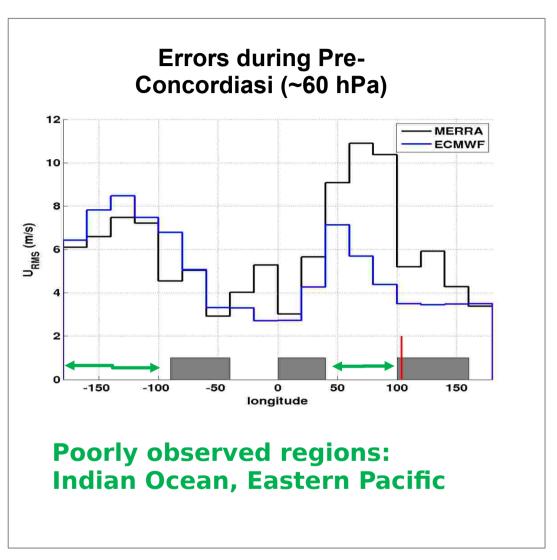


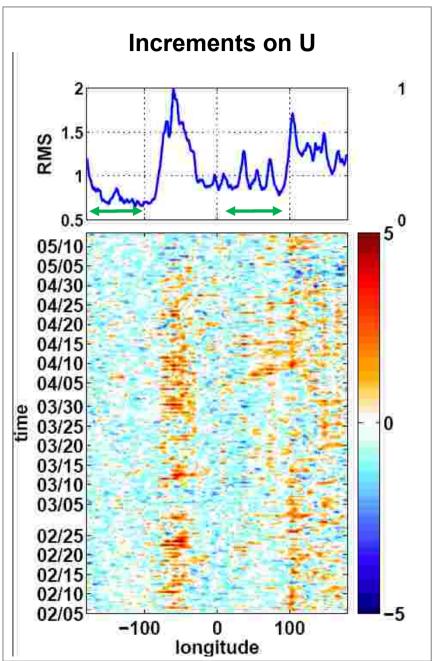
Distribution of wind obs. & errors

Errors twice larger over poorly observed regions



Distribution of wind obs. & errors

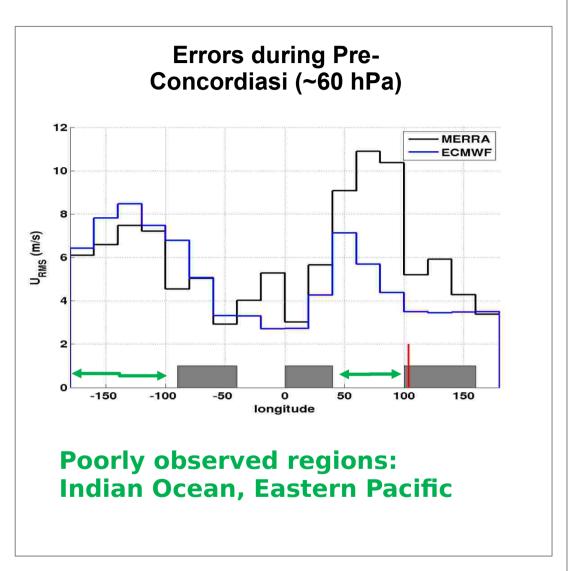


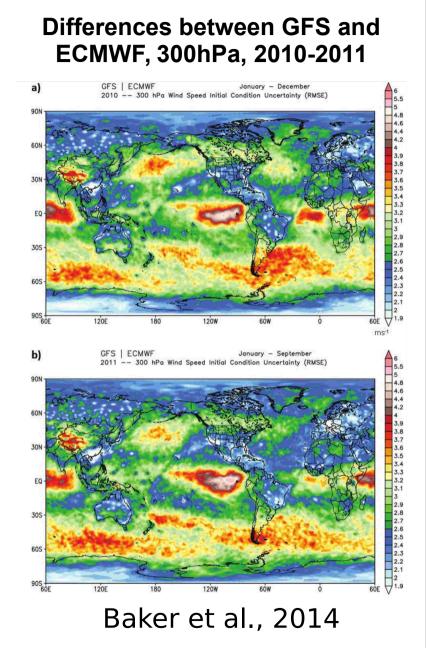


Stronger wind increments over observed regions

→ Errors and increments simply anticorrelated

Distribution of wind obs. & errors





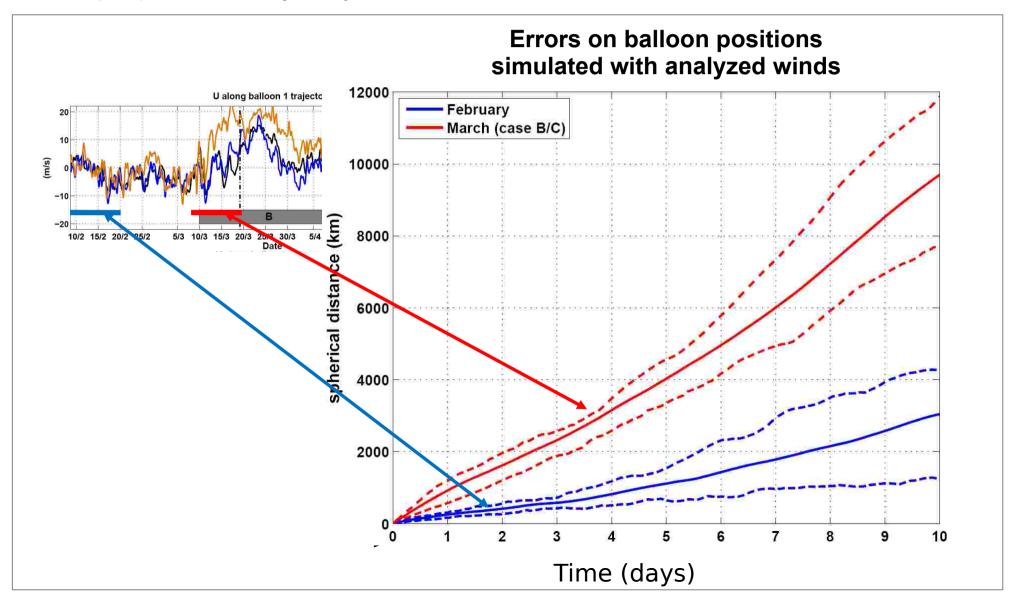
Stronger wind increments over observed regions

→ Errors and differences between analyses simply anticorrelated

Implications

Errors in trajectory calculations based on analyzed winds

Important because the estimation of many TTL processes (dehydration, transport) use such trajectory calculations



Conclusions

 Large, long-lasting errors in the equatorial dynamics in current NWP products

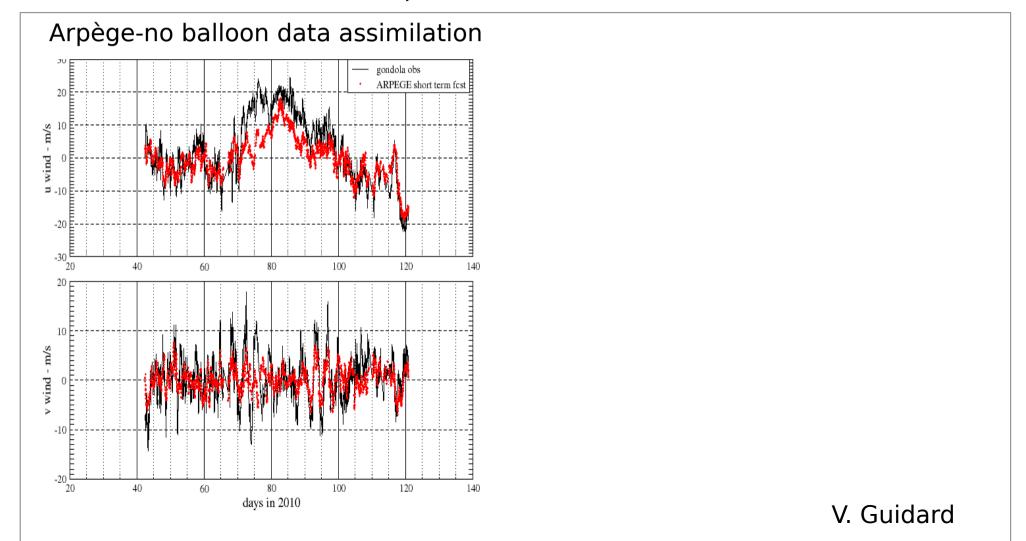
 Mostly due to poorly simulated equatorial waves (Kelvin and Yanai waves)

Main cause of error is the lack of wind observations

Secondary cause of error: model vertical resolution

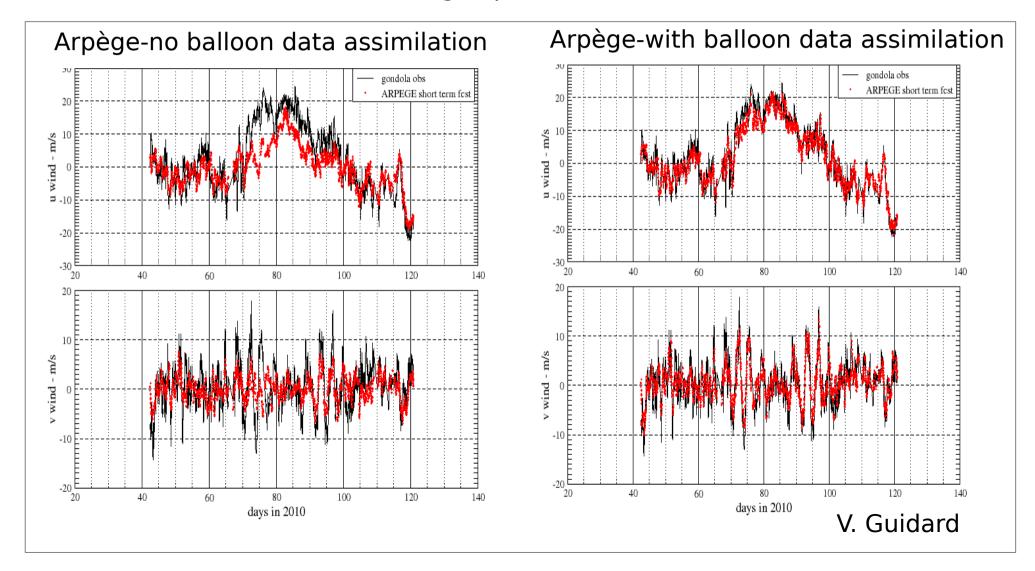
Experiment of assimilation of PreConcordiasi balloons in Météo-France NWP system by Vincent Guidard (CNRM)

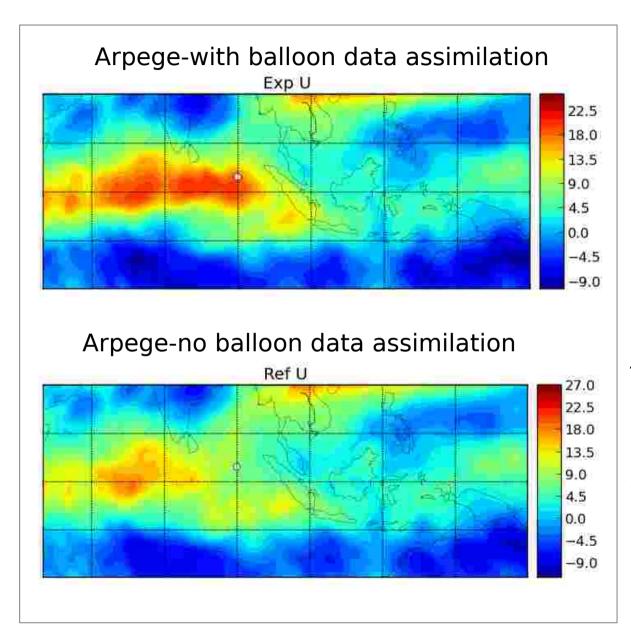
No balloon data assimilation : comparable to ECMWF

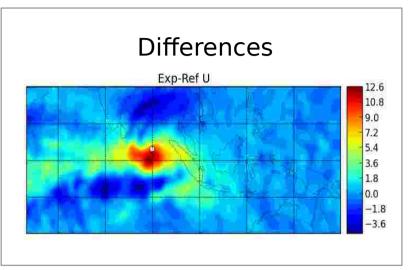


Experiment of assimilation of Pre-Concordiasi balloons in Météo-France NWP system by Vincent Guidard

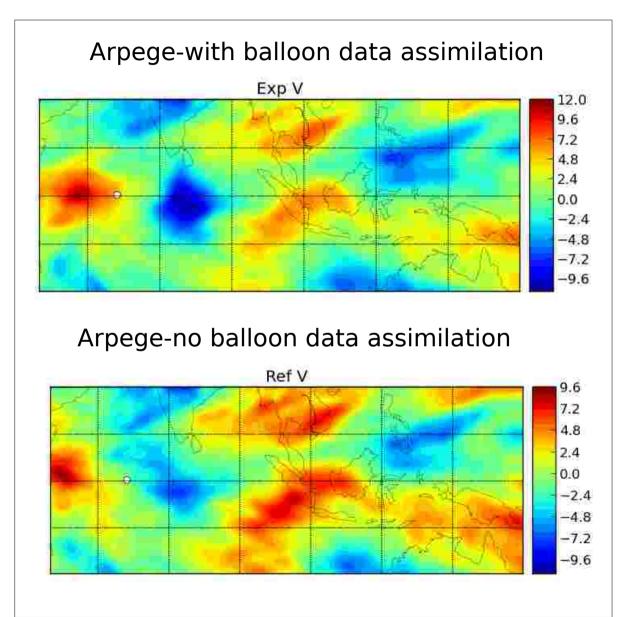
No balloon data assimilation : comparable to ECMWF With balloon data assimilation : strong improvement

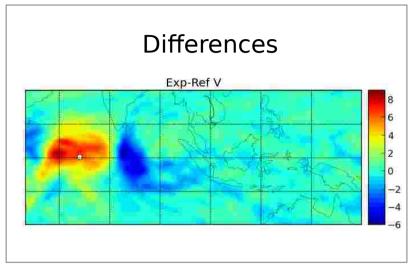






The experiment with balloon data assimilation not only improves *u* along balloon trajectory but also creates a consistent **Kelvin** wave structure





The experiment with balloon data assimilation not only improves *u* along balloon trajectory but also creates a consistent **Yanai wave structure**