

Improving wintertime low cloud forecasts in AROME: sensitivity experiments and microphysics tuning

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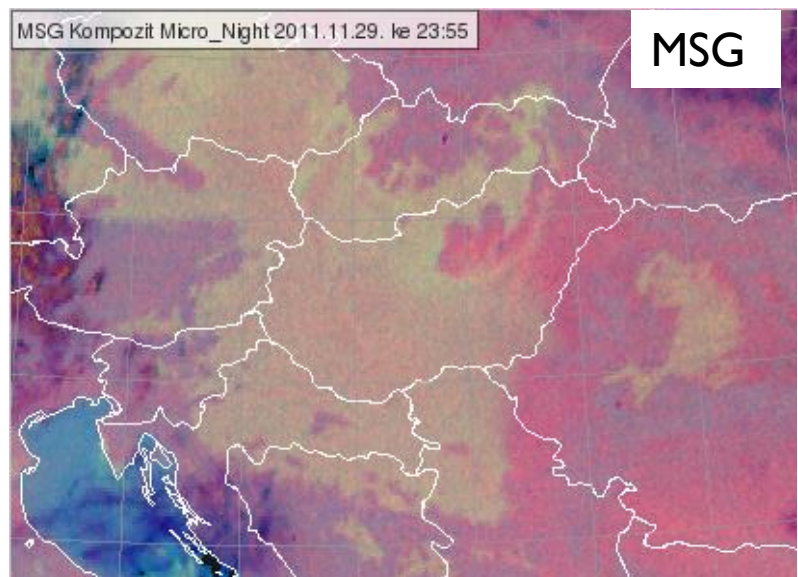
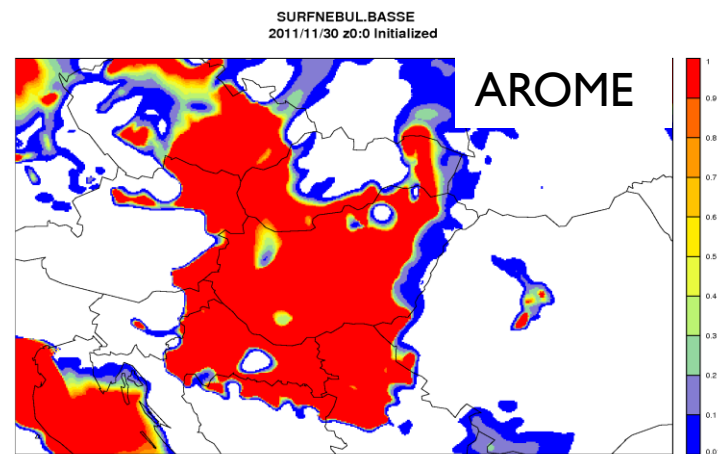
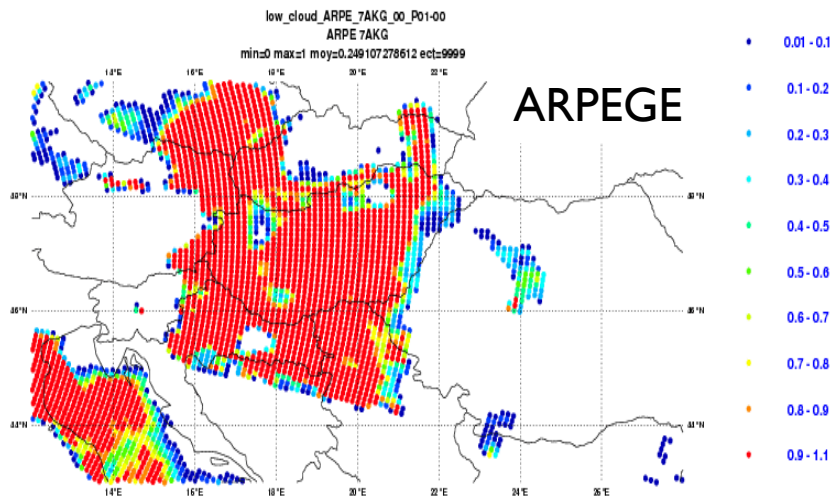
Outline

- Wintertime anticyclonic stratus cases
- Case study, sensitivity experiments
- Tuning of microphysics
- Control cases
- Summary and Outlook

Wintertime stratus cases

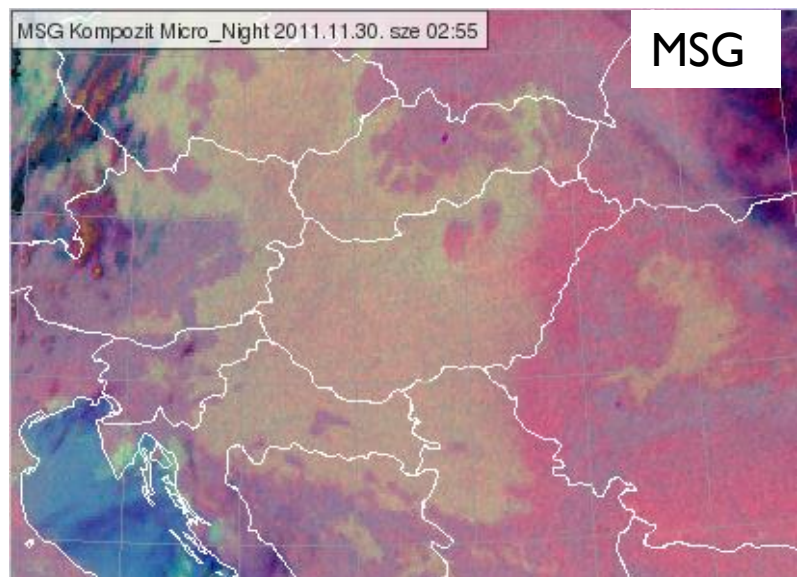
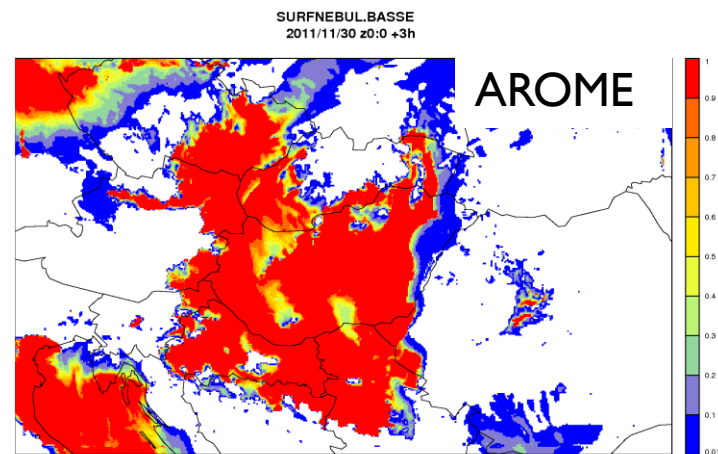
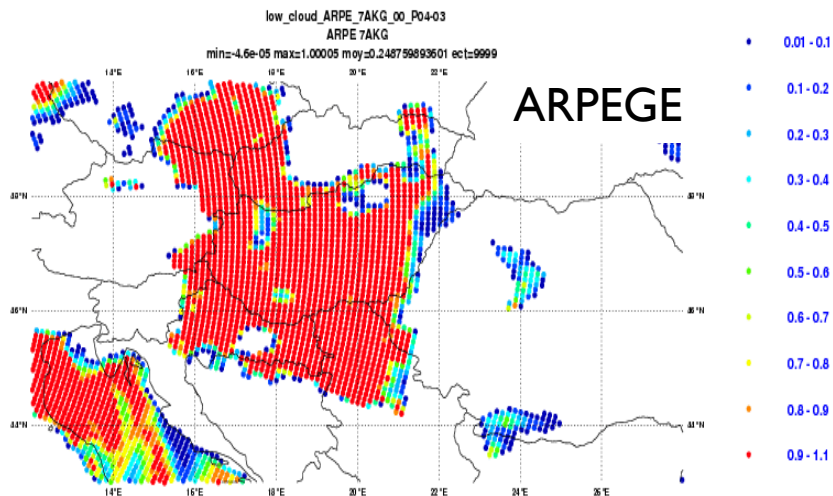
- Stratus cases: winter anticyclonic cases; low mixing, fog is formed during the night, which does not dissolve during the day, elevates and forms a stratus layer
- The cloud top radiates out considerably → CTT can decrease even during day → condensation at cloud top → fog elevates
- Complex process: radiation, turbulence, microphysics
- Operational models often give wrong forecasts (too less low clouds)
- Hungary-France bilateral project:
 - „Simulation of the Atmospheric Boundary Layer with the AROME numerical weather prediction model,,
 - Goal: Improve AROME forecasts for stratus cases
 - 2 years: autumn 2012 – autumn 2014
 - 8 stays

2011-11-30 00 UTC (+0 h)

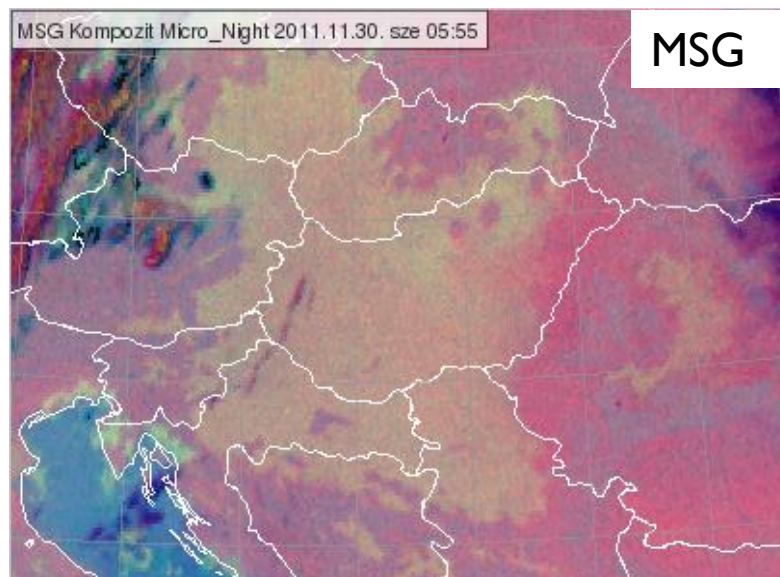
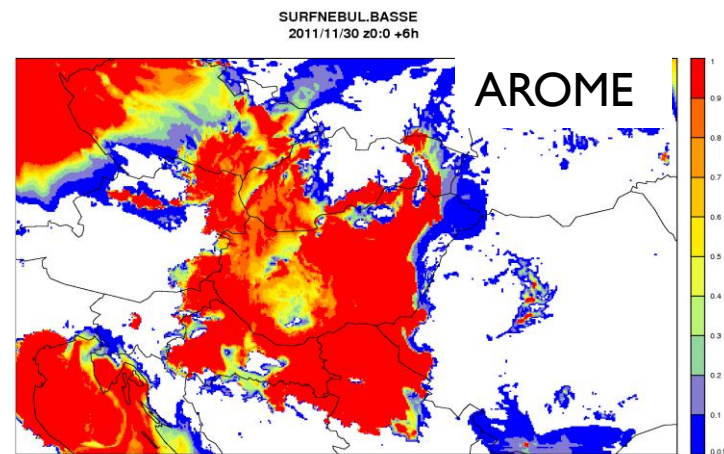
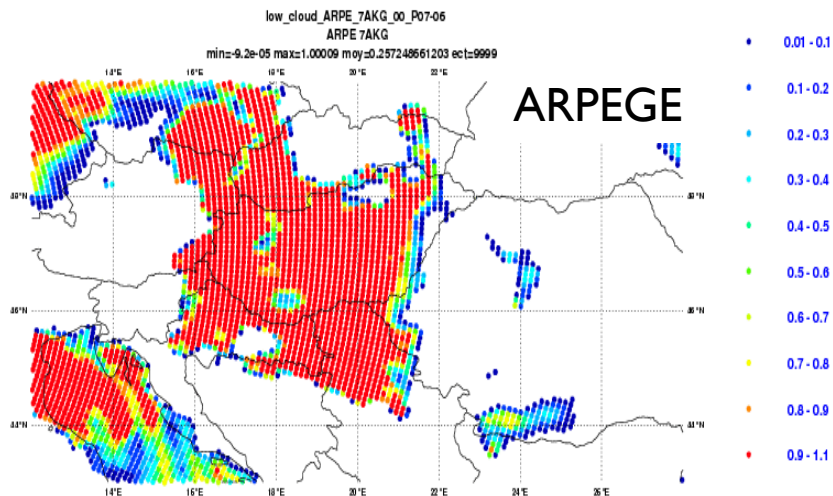


▶ 3 Improving low cloud forecasts in AROME
Balázs Szintai (szintai.b@met.hu)

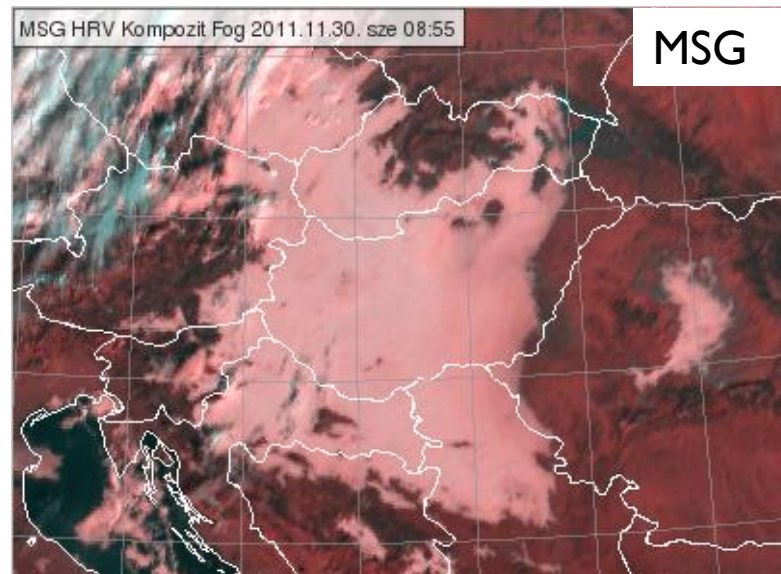
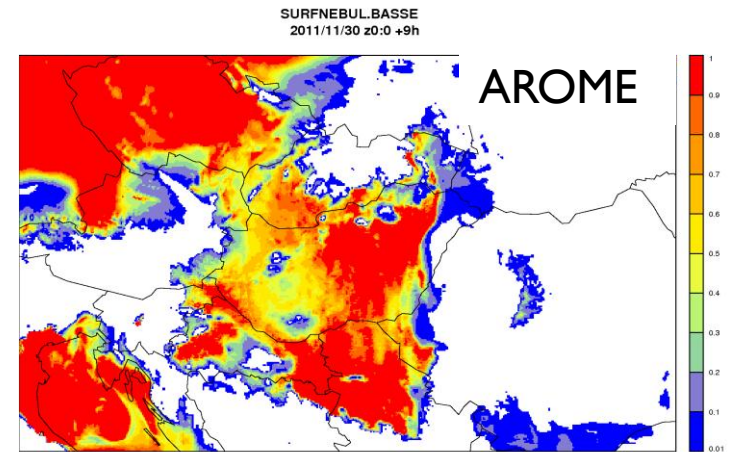
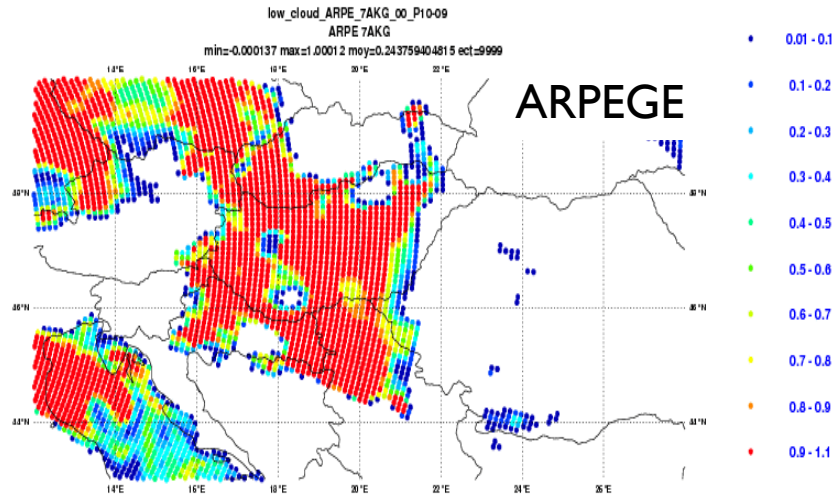
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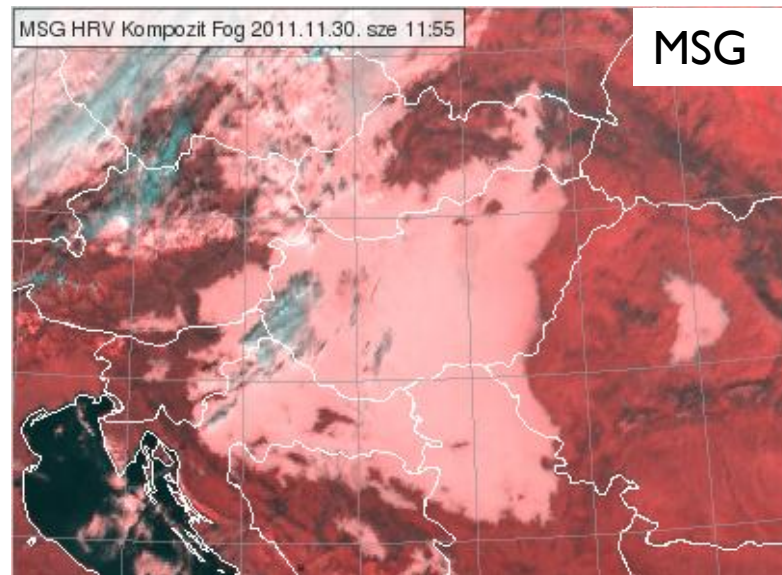
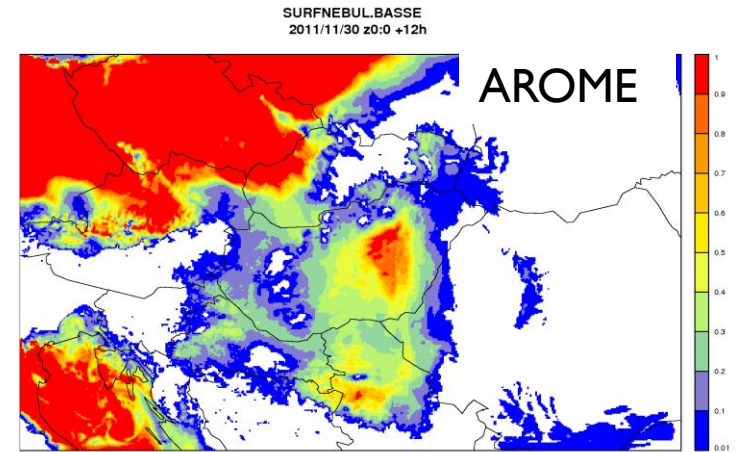
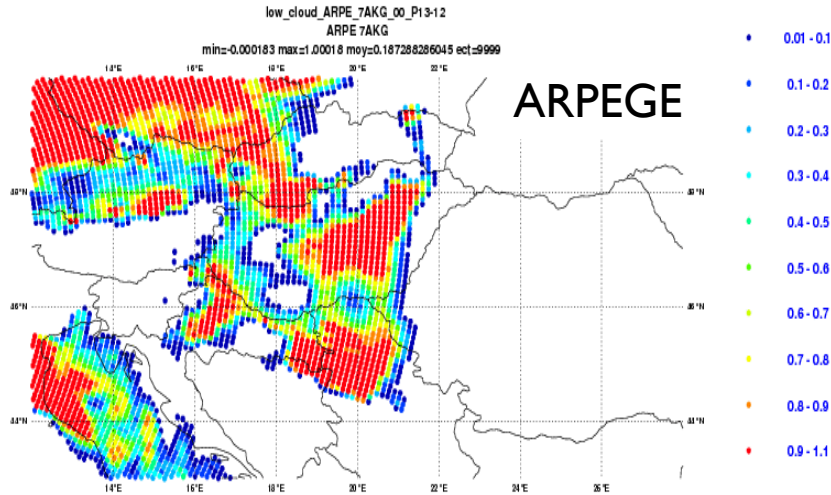
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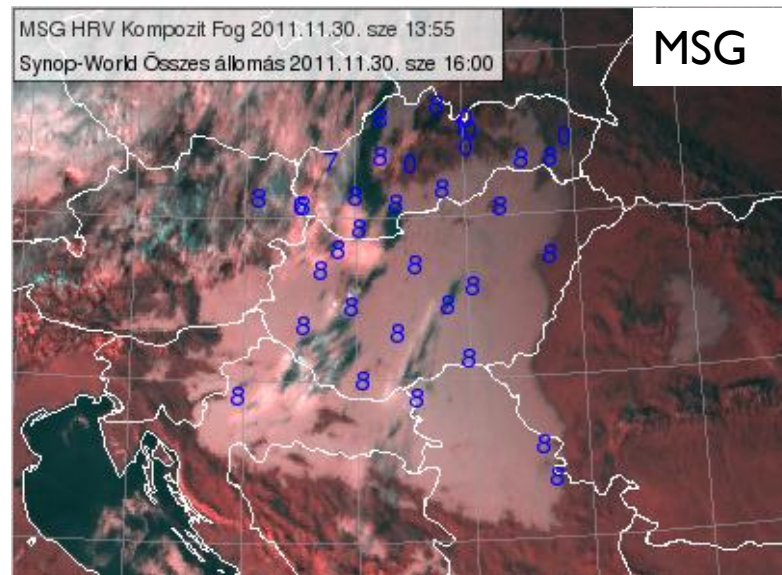
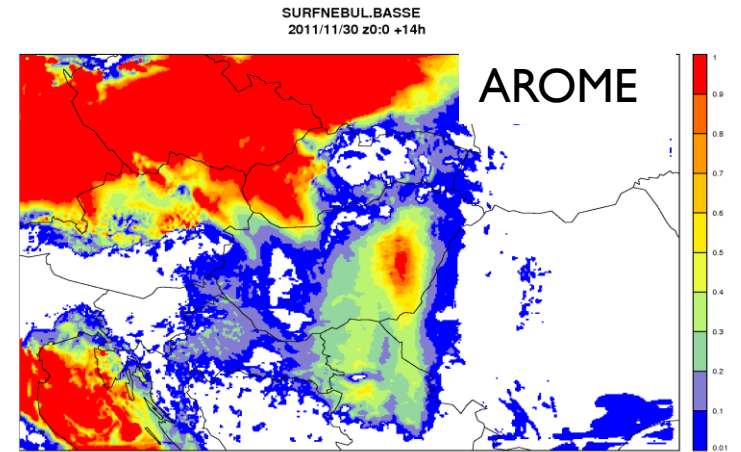
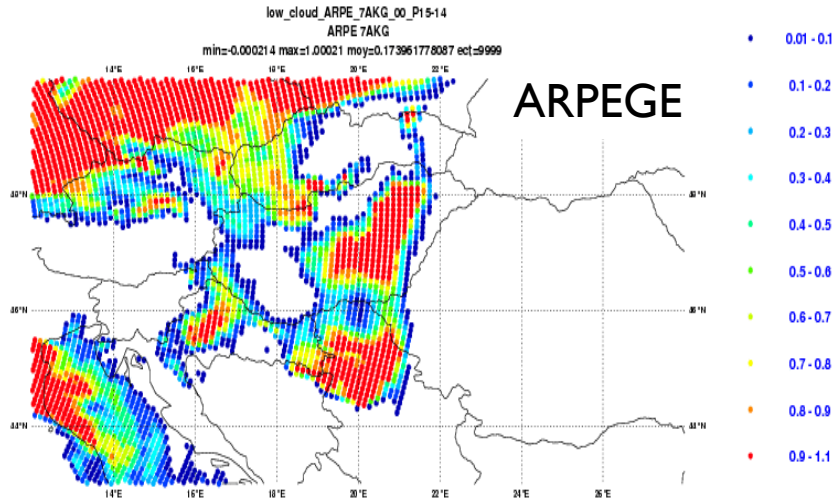
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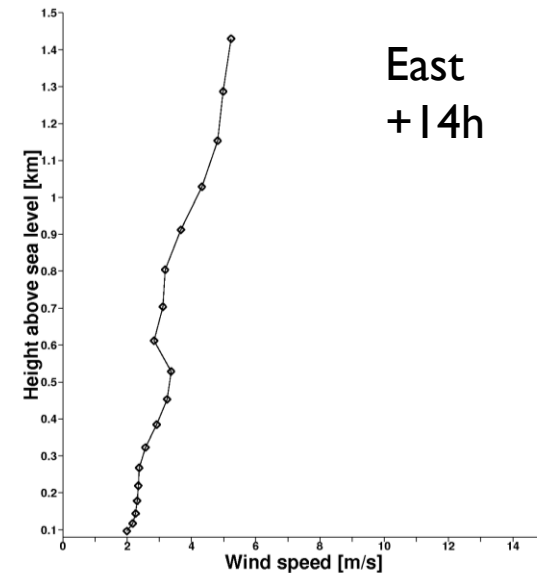
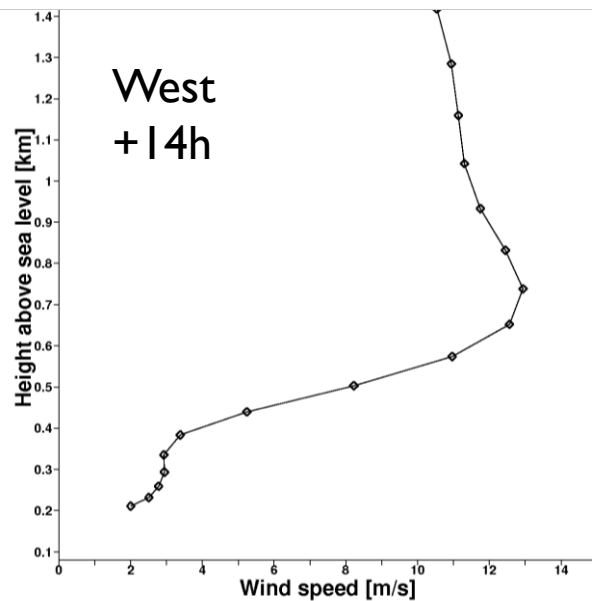
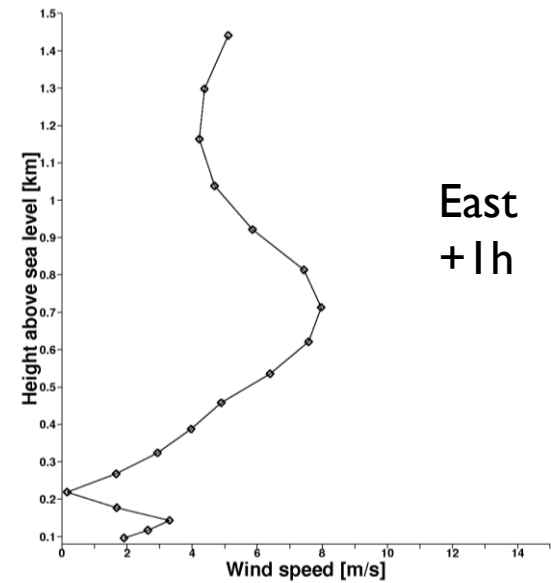
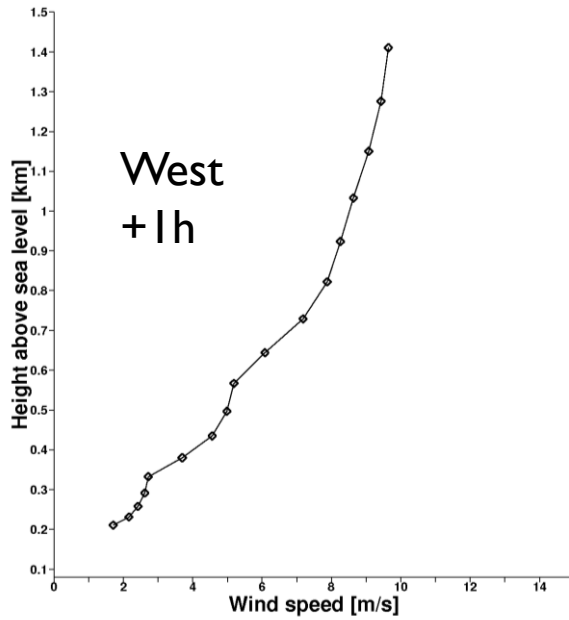
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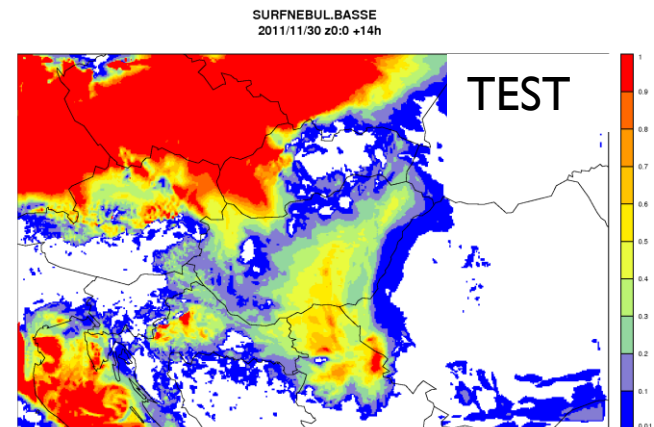
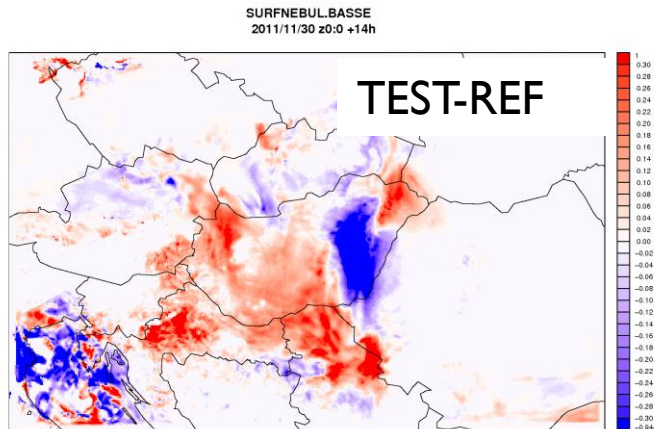
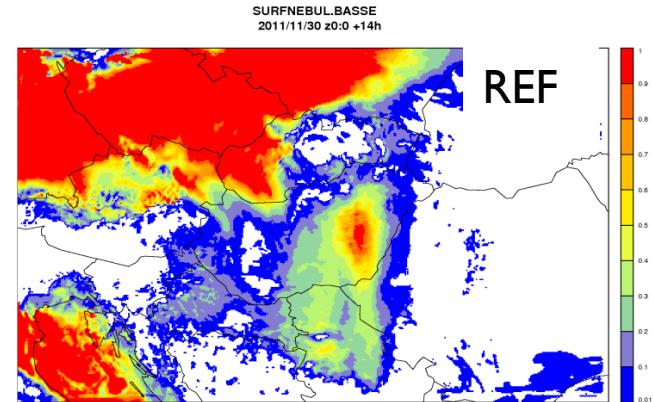


Large scale effects



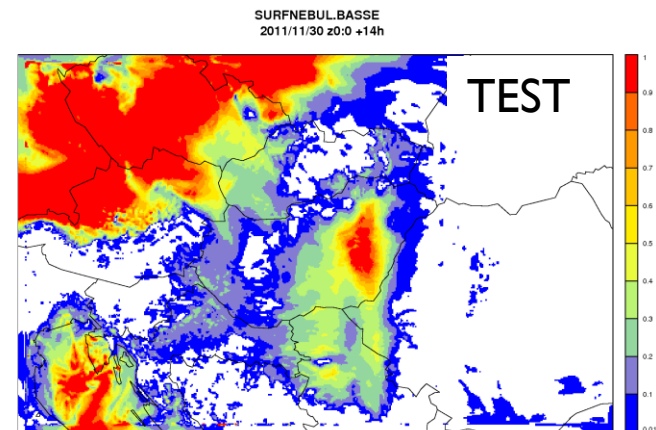
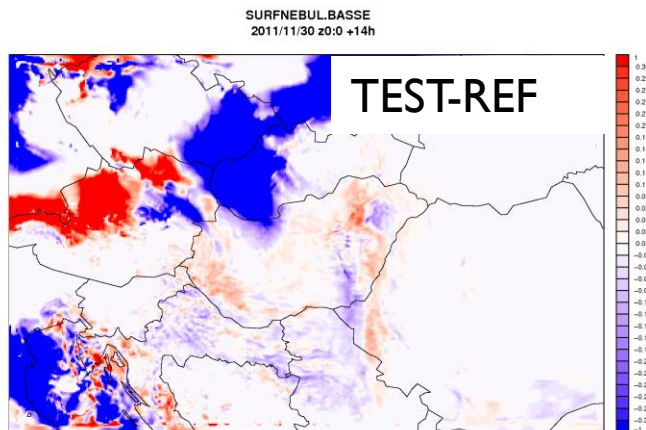
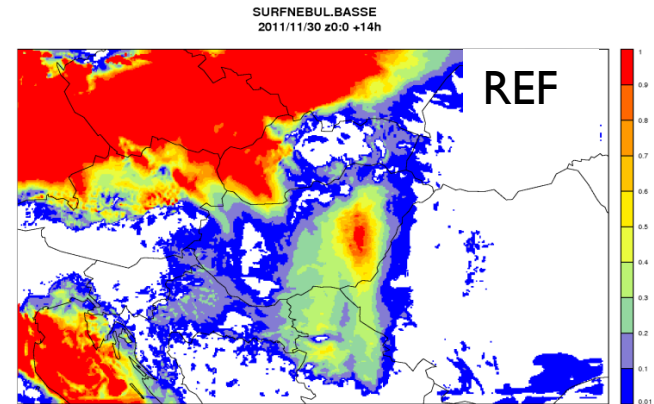
Sensitivity experiment – Data assimilation

- 3DVAR (atmosphere)
- OI (surface)
- 5 day spin-up
- Neutral impact



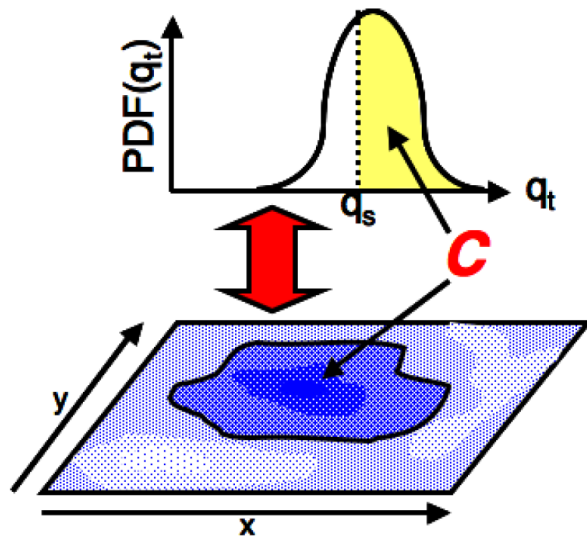
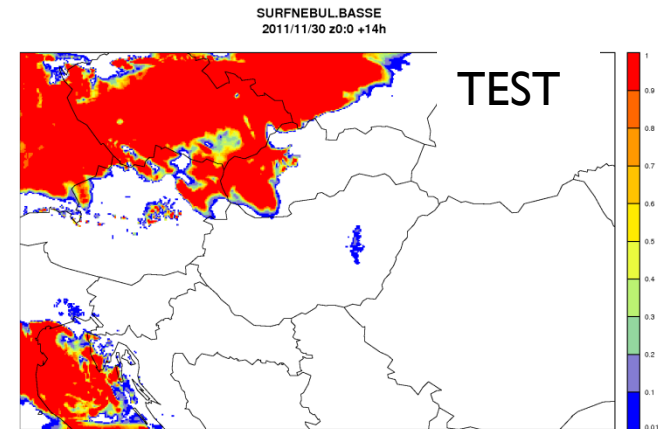
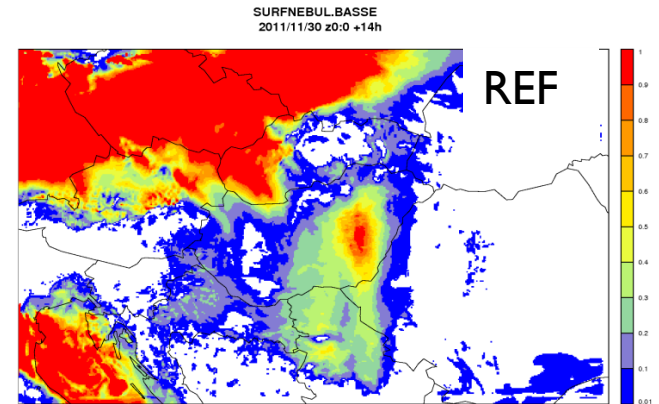
Sensitivity experiment – Lateral boundaries

- ECMWF/IFS LBCs instead of ARPEGE
- Impact on frontal cloud cover
- Stratus is not influenced

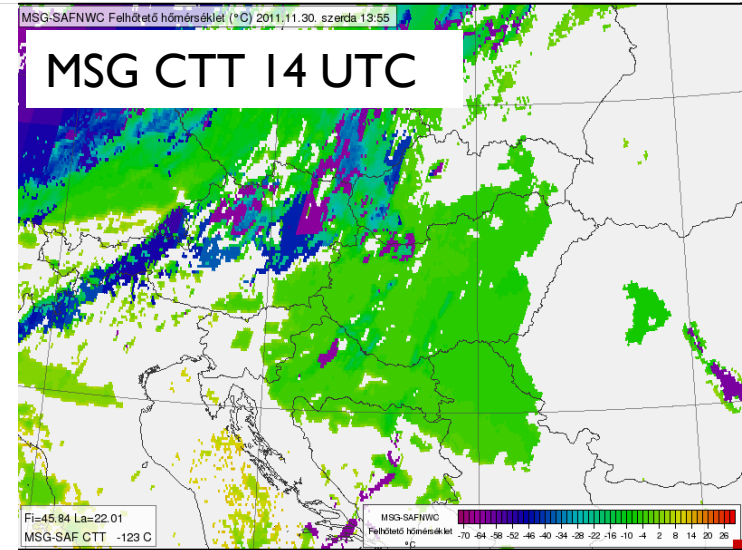
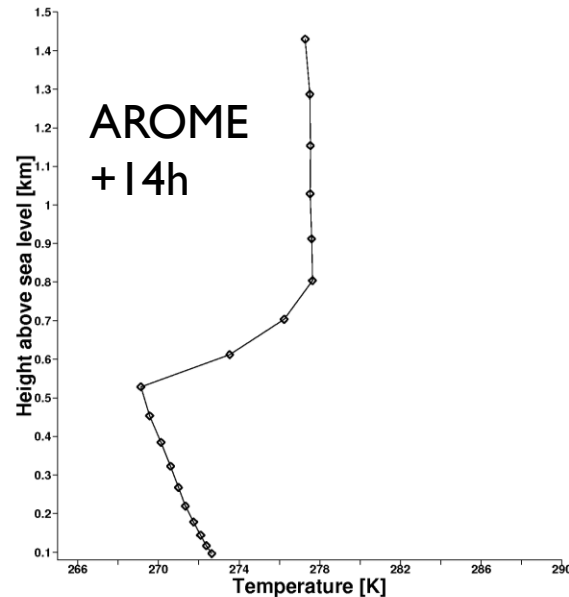
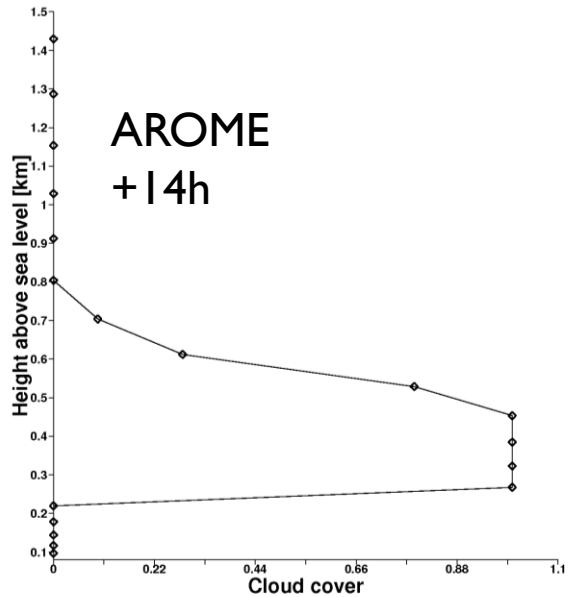
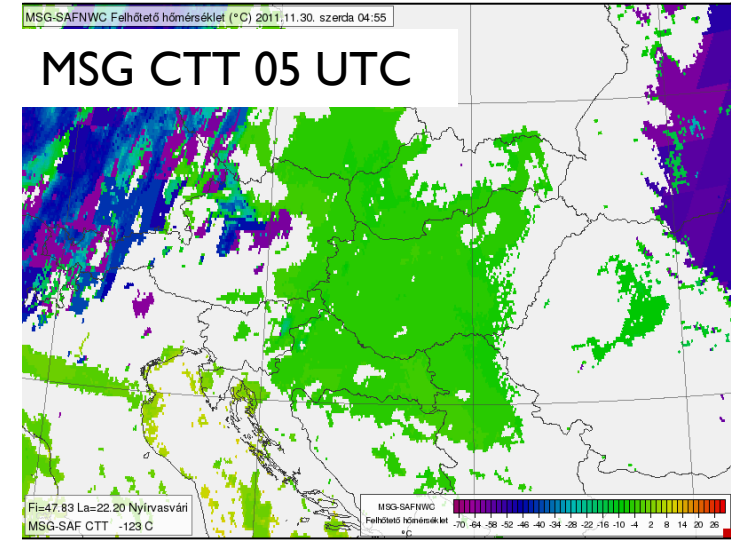
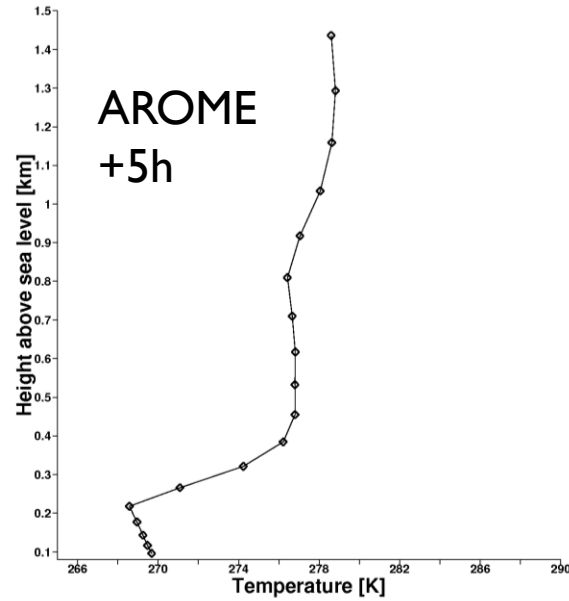
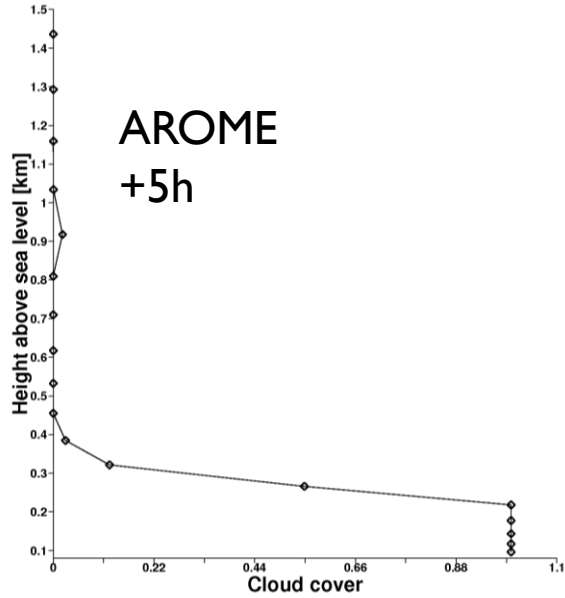


Sensitivity experiment – Statistical cloud scheme

- Two possibilities in code (LOSIGMAS)
- OMSZ: diagnostic
- Meteo-France: prognostic
- Prognostic scheme gives much less low clouds

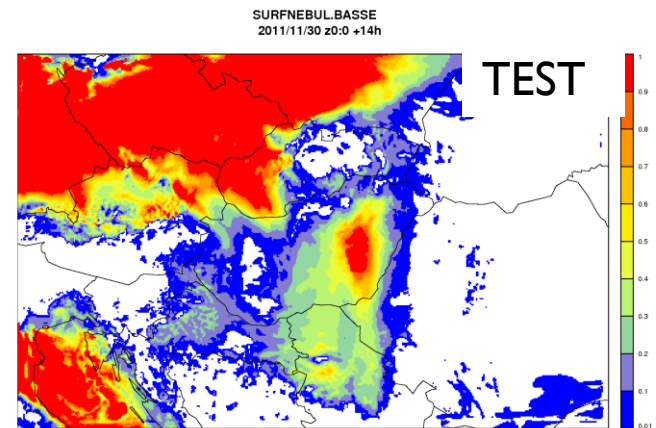
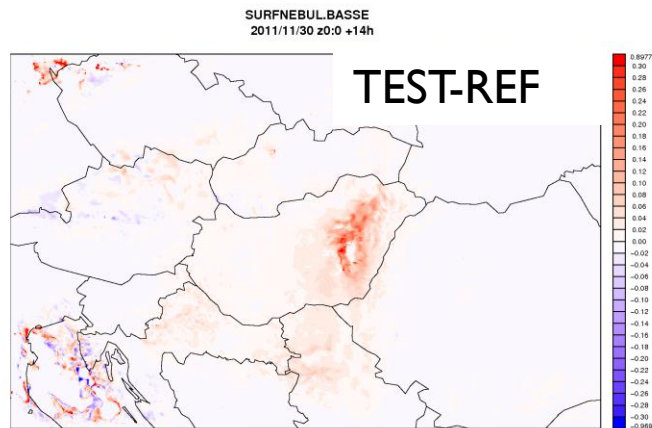
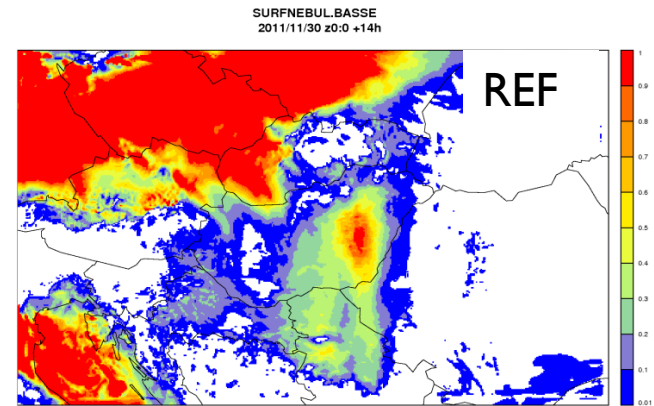


Sensitivity experiment – Radiation (/ 1)



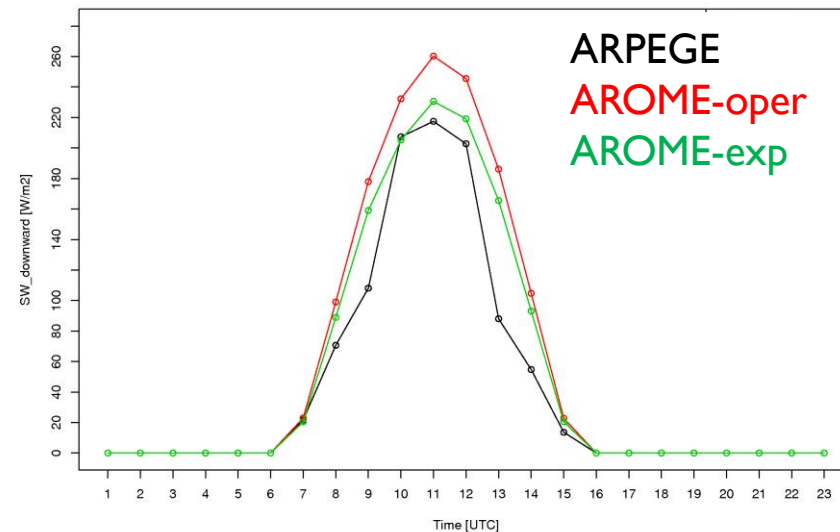
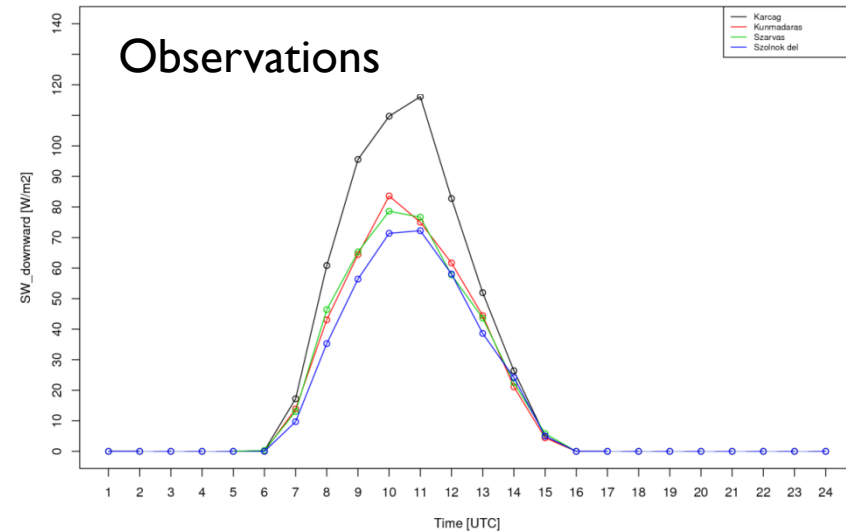
Sensitivity experiment – Radiation (/2)

- Inhomogeneity-factor
- ARPEGE-oper: 0.9
- AROME-oper: 0.7
- AROME experiment: 1.0
- Small improvement



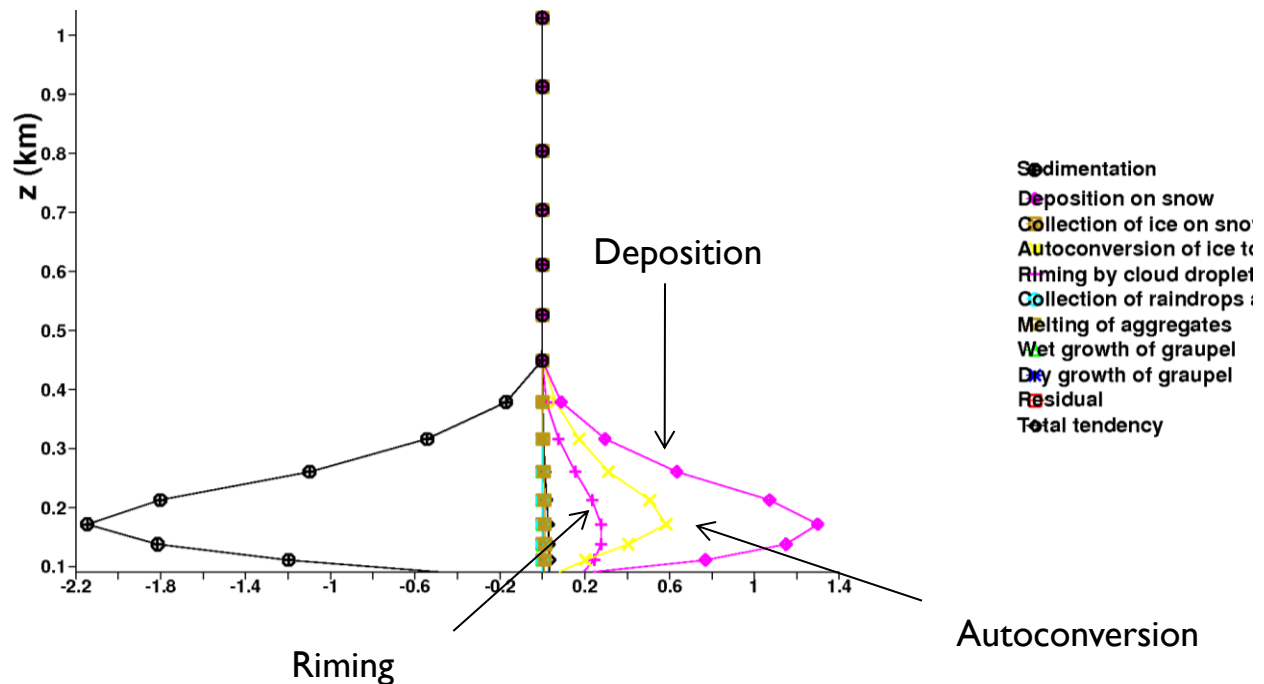
Sensitivity experiment – Radiation (/3)

- Increasing the inhomogeneity factor in AROME → SW_{down} is closer to ARPEGE value → still overestimated as compared to ground measurements
- 1D test: a „real” stratus cloud is put in the profile at 12 UTC → model reproduces the SW_{down} measured values → problem is not in the radiation parameterization

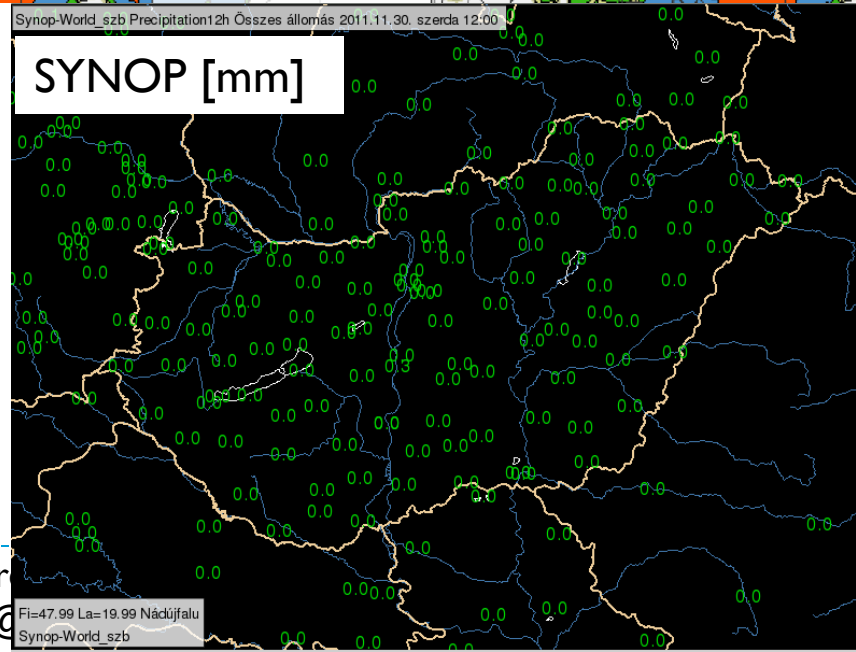
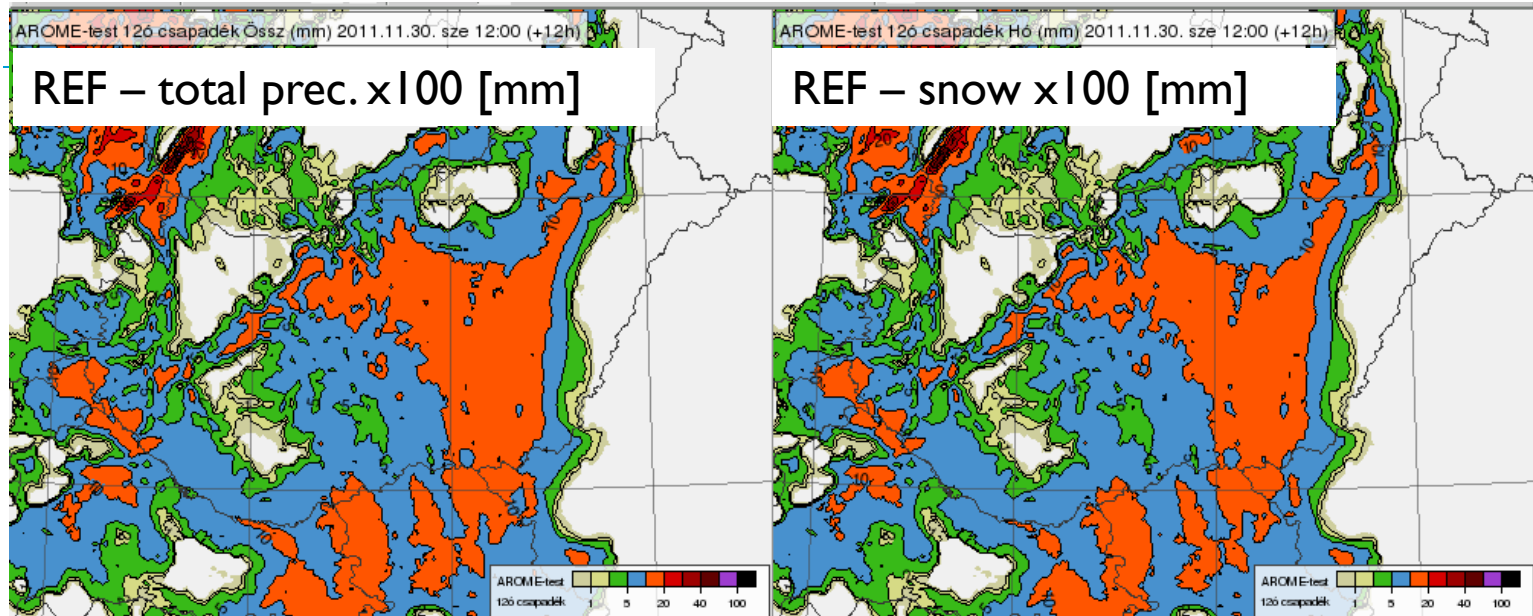


Microphysics tuning (/ 1)

- Wintertime stratus cases are often associated with light drizzle in AROME
- Above freezing point: liquid drizzle in AROME is close to measurements and other models
- Below freezing point: amount of solid drizzle is higher than in observations or other models → investigation of microphysics (snow processes)

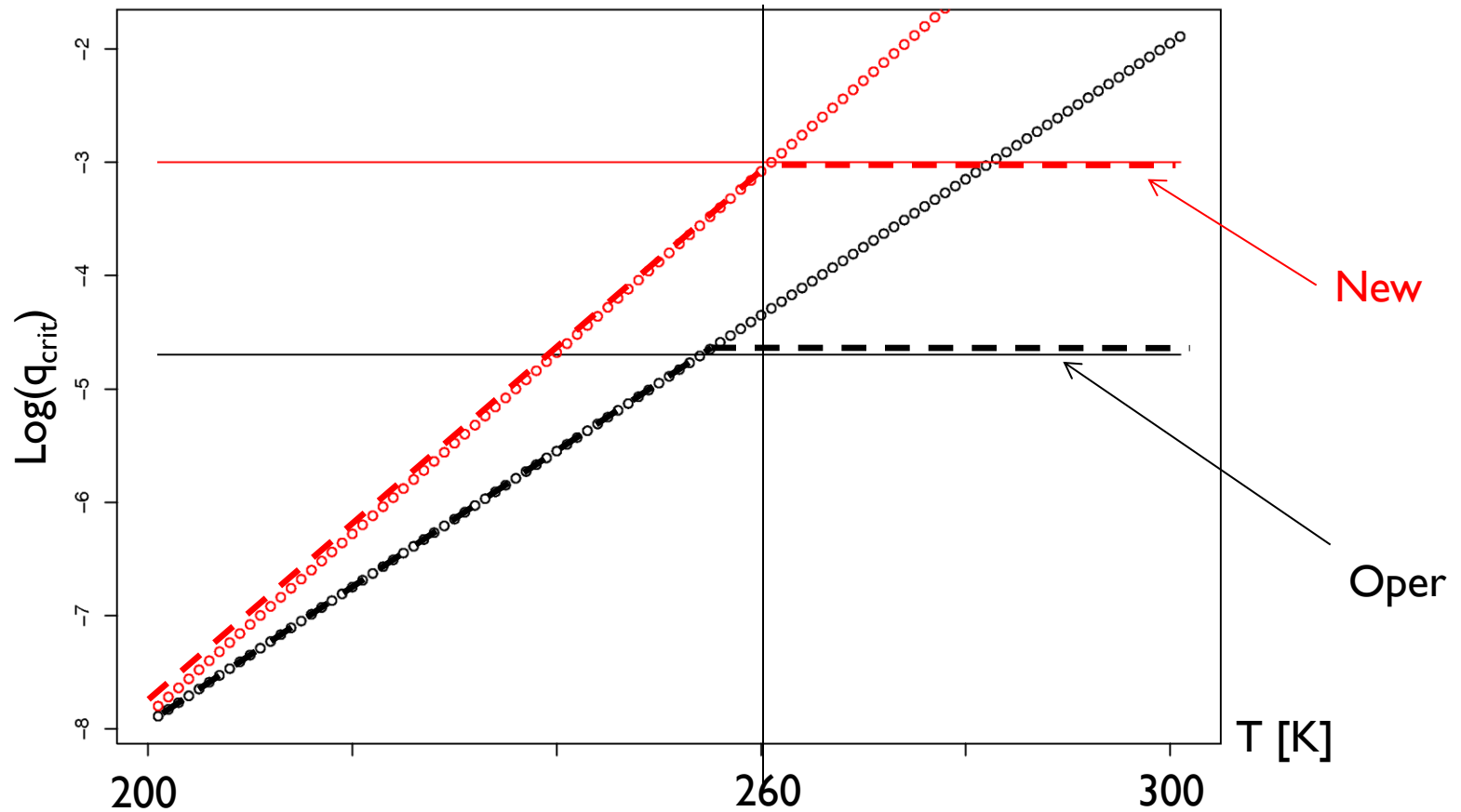


Microphysics tuning (/2)

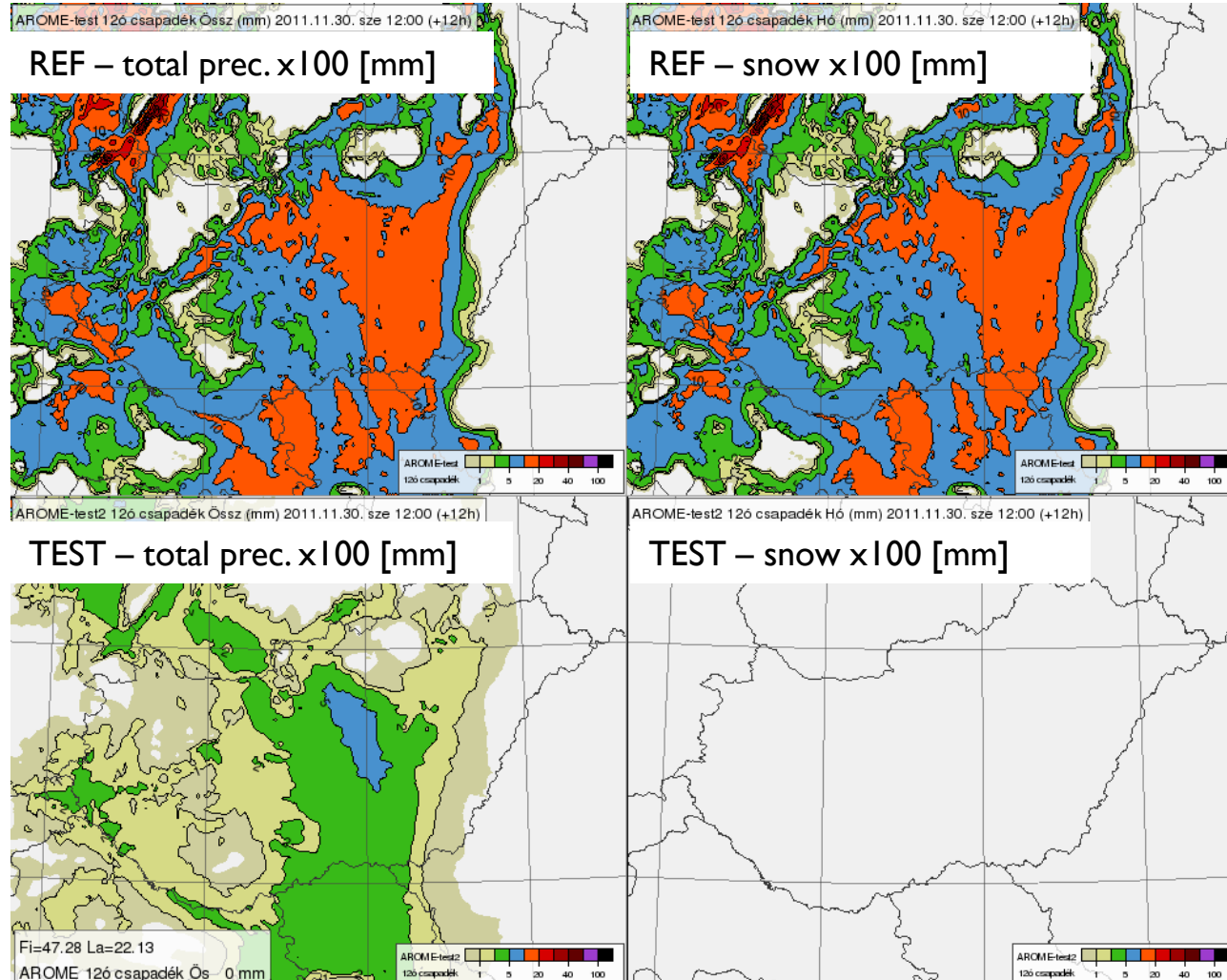


Microphysics tuning (/3)

- Critical value of autoconversion has been increased ($0.02 \text{ g/m}^3 \rightarrow 1 \text{ g/m}^3$) \rightarrow less snowfall



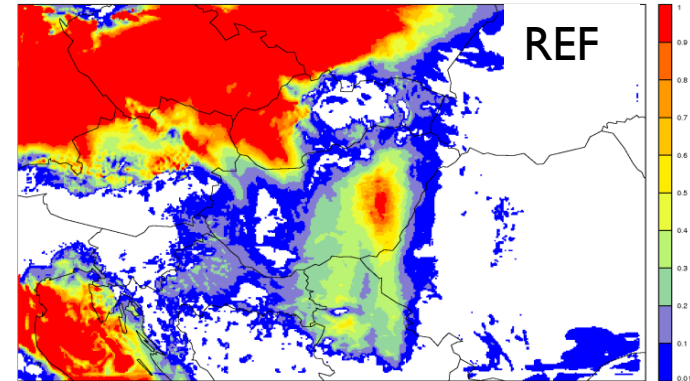
Microphysics tuning (/4)



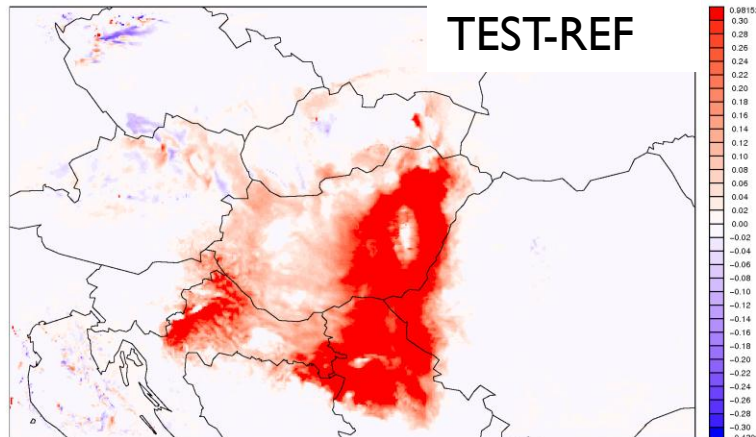
Microphysics tuning (/5)

- By increasing the critical value for autoconversion → snowfall decreases → stratus does not dissolve

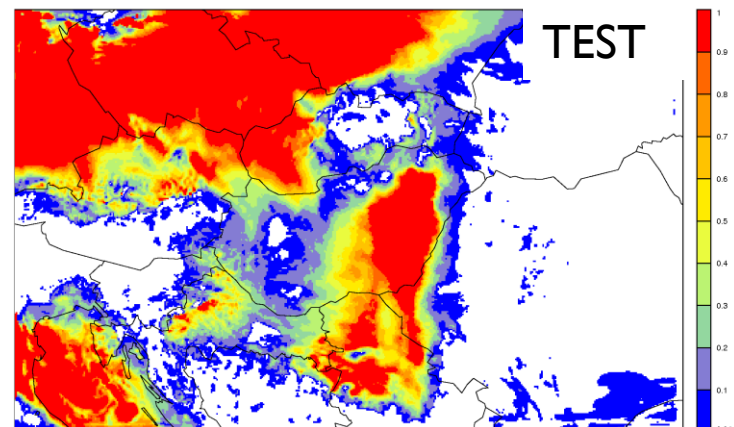
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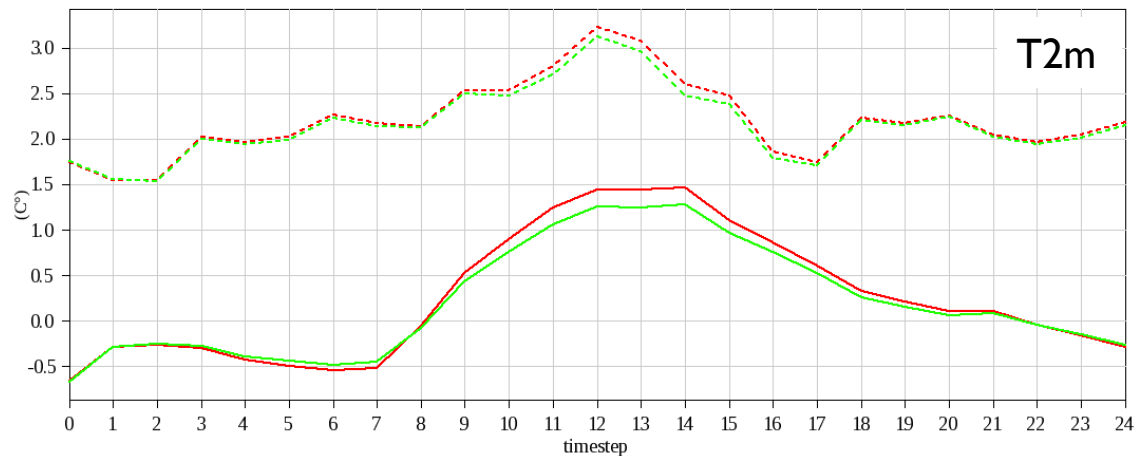
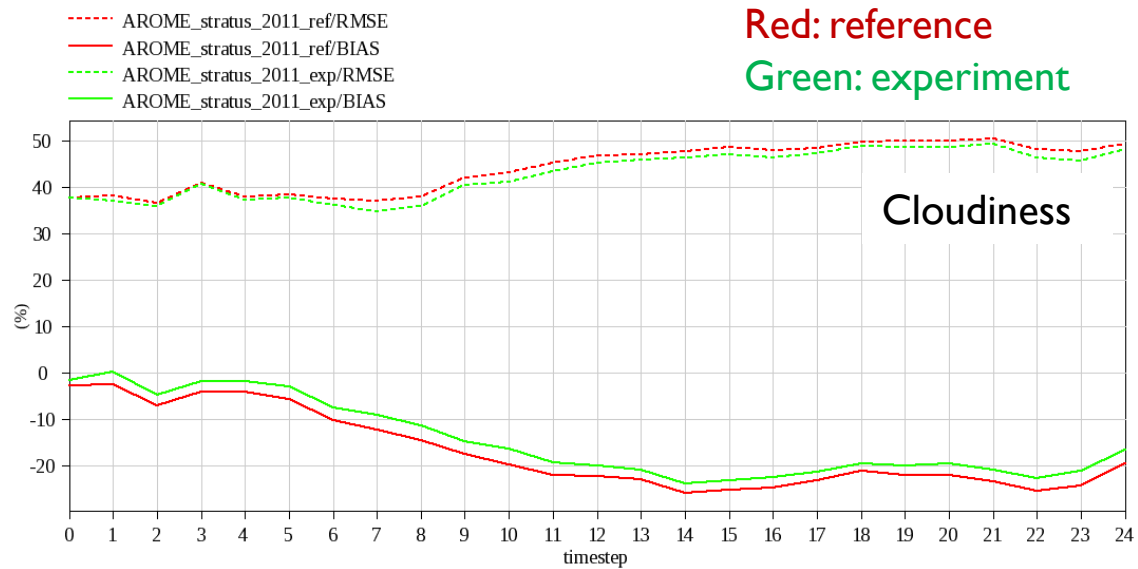
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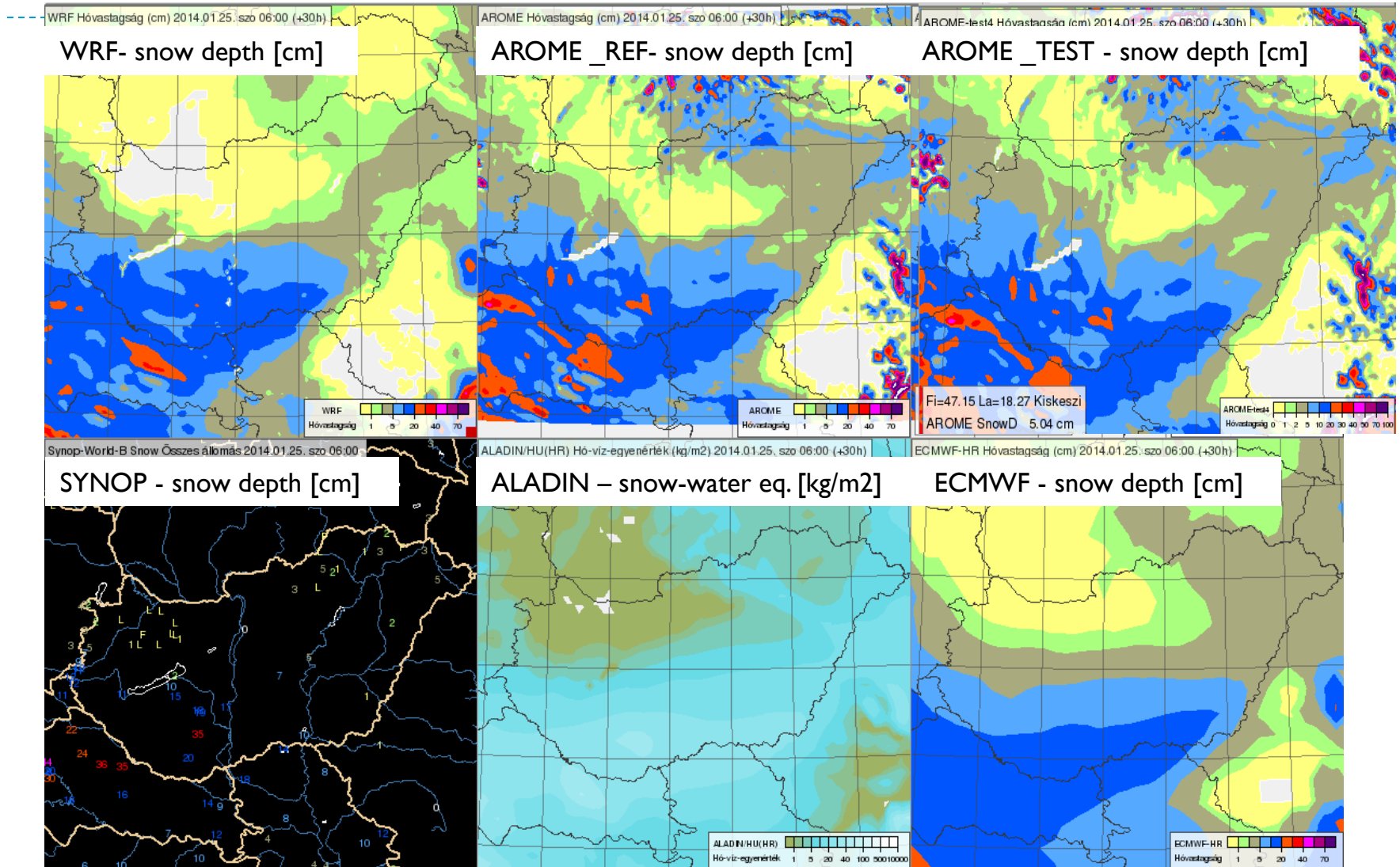
Microphysics tuning (/6) – Scores

- Two weeks period in late autumn 2011
- 24 hour forecasts with DA over Hungary
- Microphysics modification increases low clouds during the whole forecasts range
- 2 metre temperature also improves
- No impact on other variables

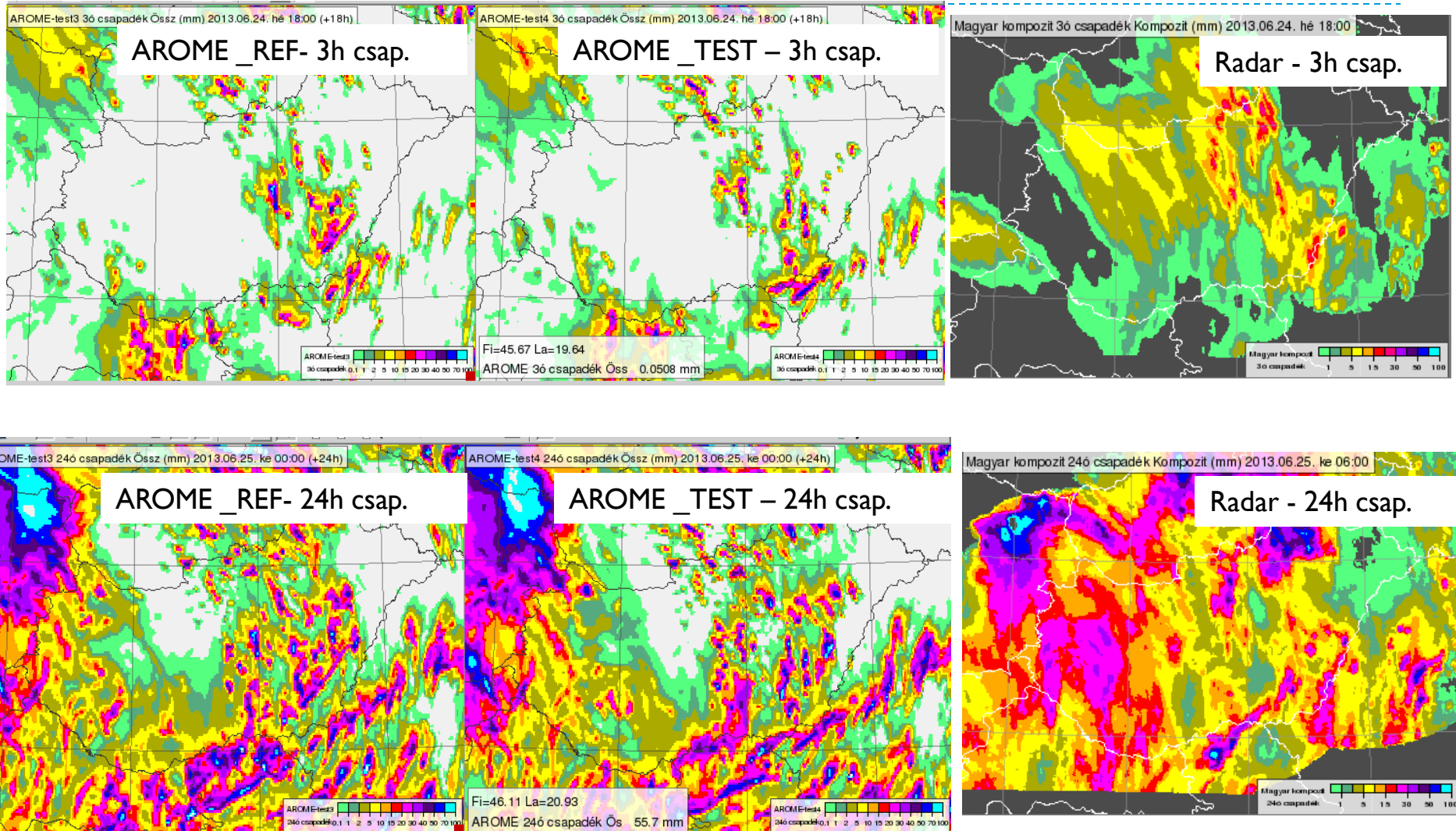
Period: 11/18/2011 - 12/02/2011
Area: AROME_max400
Variable: N
Runhour: 00



Microphysics tuning (/7) – control case, heavy snowfall



Microphysics tuning (/8) – control case, convection



Summary and Outlook

- Wintertime low cloud cases over Hungary are a great challenge for operational NWP models
- Two year bilateral project between Meteo-France and the Hungarian Meteorological Service to improve low cloud forecasts
- Sensitivity experiments → tuning of microphysics results in an improvement of simulated low cloud cover
- The proposed change in microphysics does not change significantly the model behaviour in other cases
- Outlook:
 - Verification of longer (summer/winter) periods (MF tests already finished with neutral impact)
 - Operational implementation

Thank you for your attention!

Acknowledgements

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