# Advances in the use of observations in the ALADIN/HU 3D-Var system

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Plan of the presentation

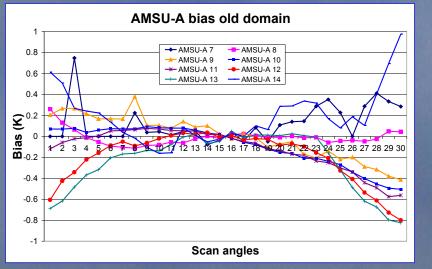
- Studies related to Satellite AMSU-A data
   choice of the bias correction file
- Studies related to Aircraft AMDAR data

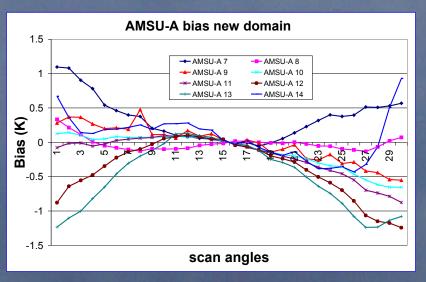
   problems in pre-processing of the local data
   preliminary results of our impact studies
- New observations to be assimilated in the 3D-Var/HU
- Summary

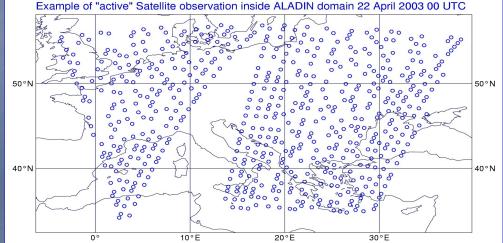


Studies related to Satellite AMSU-A data - Choice of bias correction file - the "bcor\_noaa.dat" file

## The bias correction file: "bcor\_noaa.dat" the problem related to the limited area model







Air-mass predictors for ARPEGE/ALADIN models:

#### Harris and Kelly (2001)

- model first guess thickness (1000-300 hPa)
- model first guess thickness (200-50 hPa)
- model first guess surface skin temperature
- model first guess total column water vapour



#### Studies related to AMSU-A data Description of the experiments with AMSU-A data

*1 Period*: 20.02.2003 – 06.03.2003; *2 Period*: 18.04.2003 – 07.05.2003; thinning of AMSU-A: 80 km

## **Experiments:**

-T80U: TEMP, SYNOP and AMSU-A (80km); LAM bias (scan angle & air-mass)
-T8B1: TEMP, SYNOP and AMSU-A (80km); ARPEGE bias (scan angle & air-mass)
-T8B2: TEMP, SYNOP and AMSU-A (80km); ARPEGE bias (scan angle) & no air-mass
-T8B3: TEMP, SYNOP and AMSU-A (80km); ARPEGE scan angle & LAM air-mass



#### Impact study

## The ALDIN/HU model and its assimilation system

- Model: Hydrostatic (AL15)
  - Resolution: 12 km
  - 37 vertical levels

**3D-Var:** 

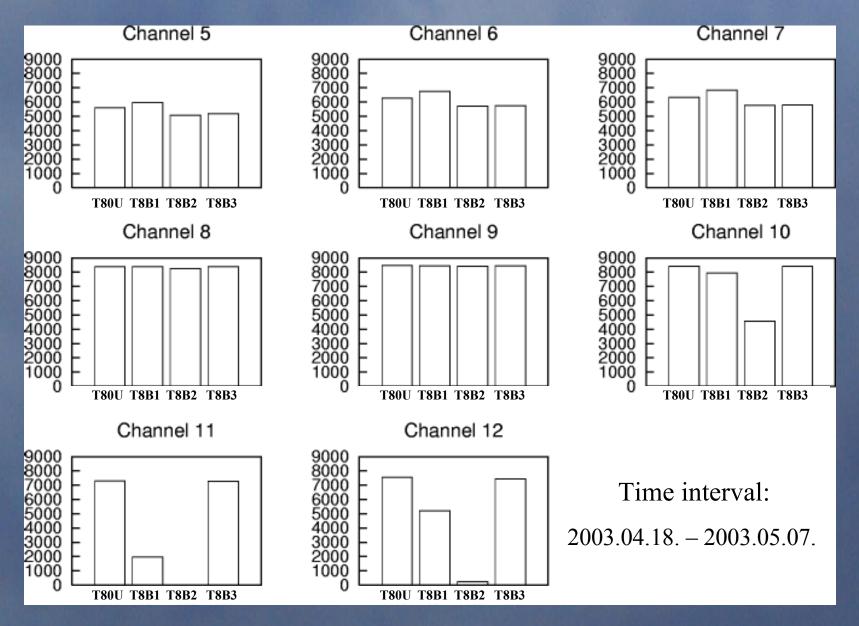
- Background error covariance matrix "B": computed using "standard NMC" method
- Simulation of radiances  $\rightarrow$  RTTOV 6.0
- 6 hour assimilation cycling: 00, 06, 12 and 18 UTC
- Coupling: ARPEGE long cut-off analysis
- ATOVS from NOAA-15 and NOAA-16 (T ± 3hour)
- AMDAR

**Forecast:** 

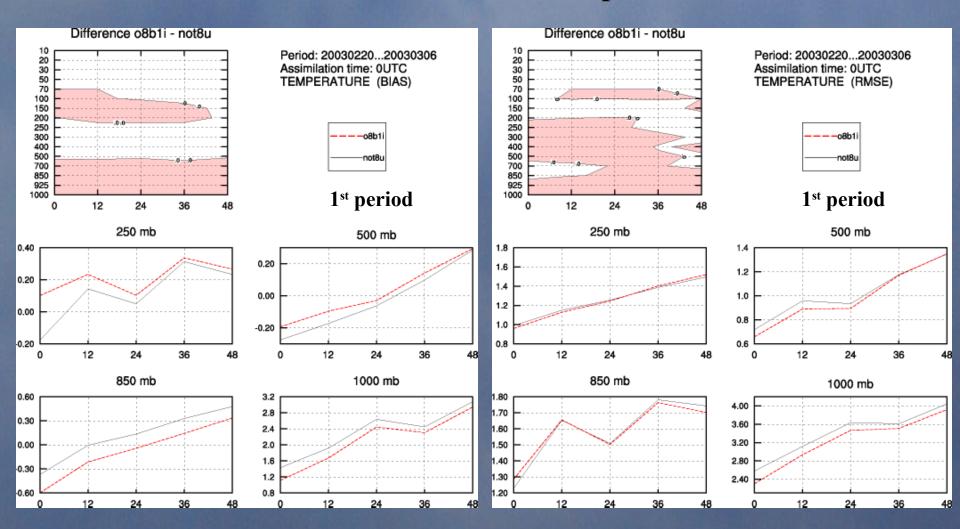
- 48h from 00 UTC (ATOVS) and 12 UTC (AMDAR)



#### Total amount of satellite data, used in the experiments

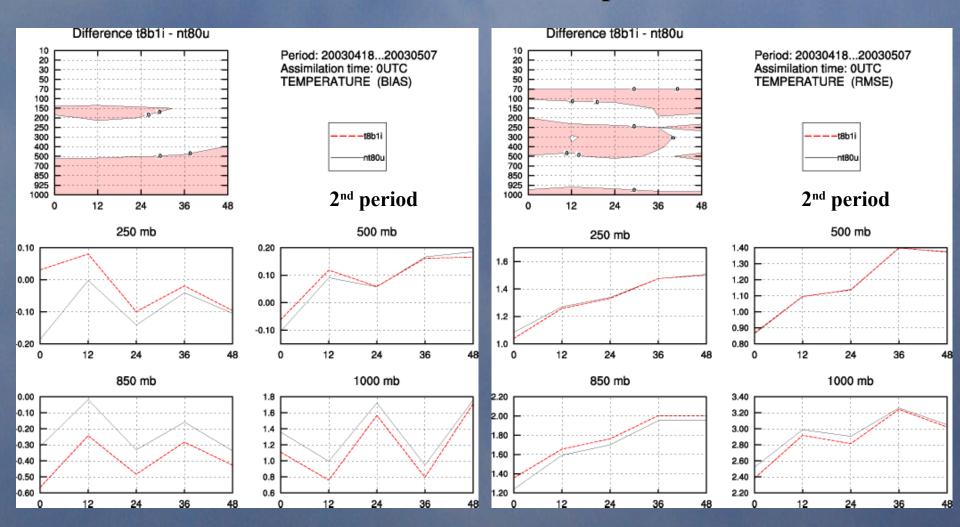


### **Bias and RMSE of the temperature**



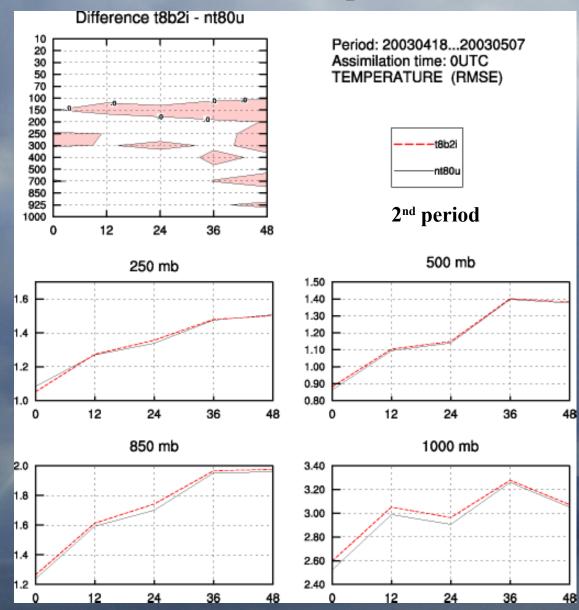
Run with LAM bias (scan angle & air-mass) compared to the run with ARPEGE bias (scan angle & air-mass)

#### **Bias and RMSE of the temperature**



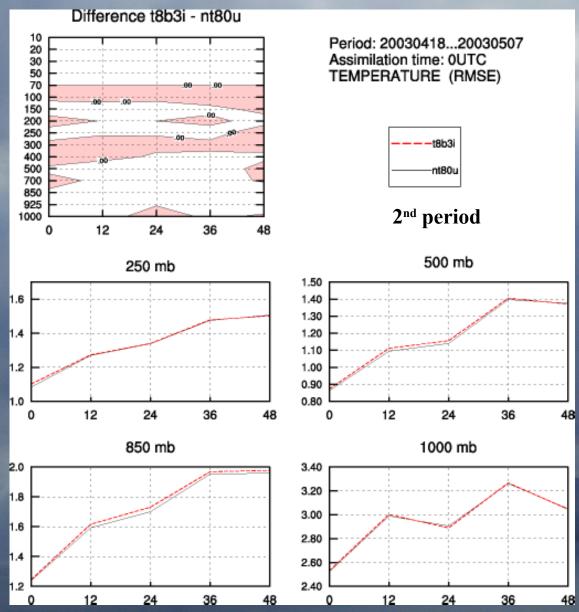
Run with LAM bias (scan angle & air-mass) compared to the run with ARPEGE bias (scan angle & air-mass)

# RIVISE of the temperature Studies related to AMSU-A data



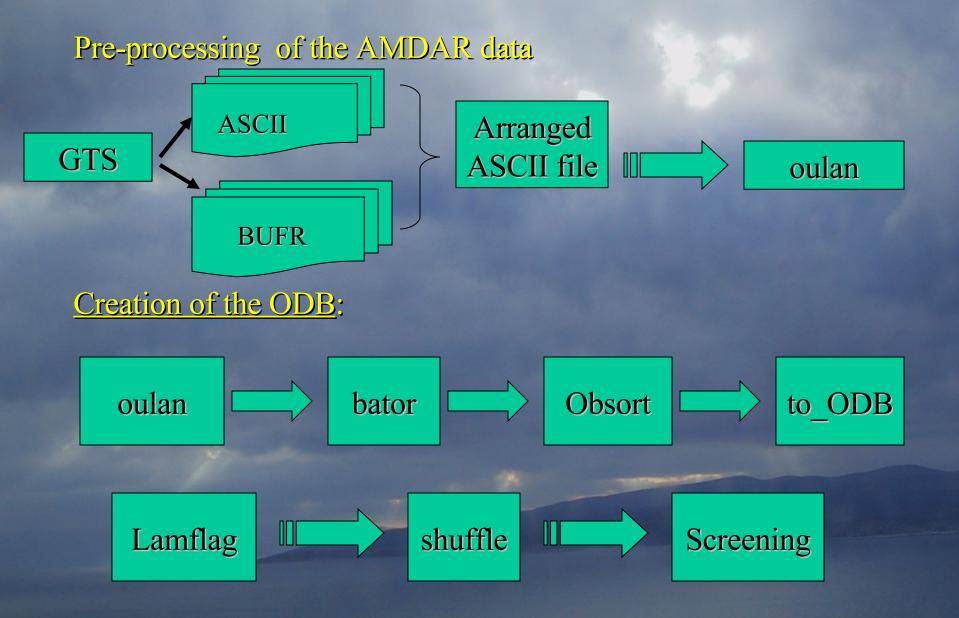
Run with LAM bias (scan angle & air-mass) compared to the run with ARPEGE bias (scan angle) & no air-mass

# RIVISE of the temperature Studies related to AMSU-A data



Run with LAM bias (scan angle & air-mass) compared to the run with ARPEGE scan angle & LAM air-mass

Studies related to AMDAR data - problems in local data pre-processing - preliminary results of our impact studies



Problems related to the pre-processing of the AMDAR data at HMS

#### **Problem in the pre-processing:**

during the pre-processing, the observations with "old datum" are not
 "filtered" → obs. communicated with "late" datum

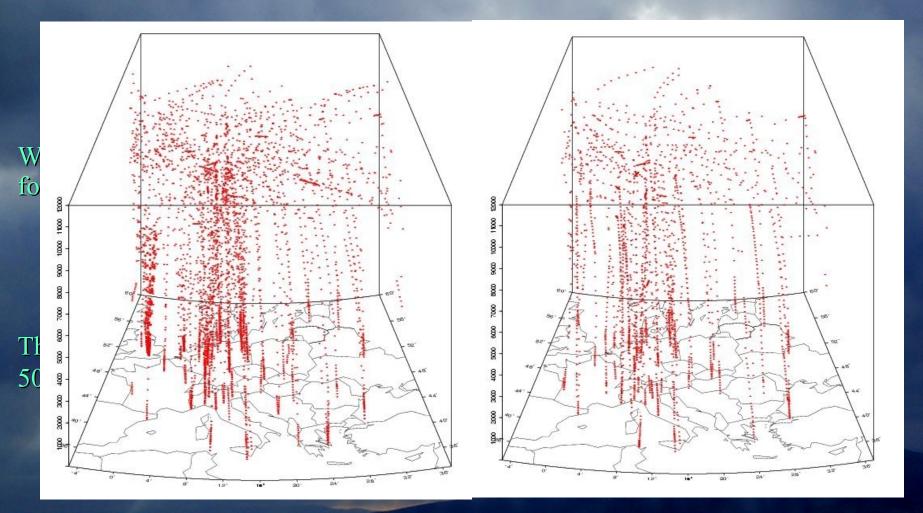
Solutions: 1- time checking in OULAN for each parameter 2- time/datum filtering in Lamflag

#### Specificities of AMDAR data:

- depending on the extraction time interval,
  - $\rightarrow$  there is possibility to get all flights
  - $\rightarrow$  at one airport we can get more profiles (ascendant or descendent) for the same assimilation time
- the screening of AMDAR data is done separately for different aircraft ID

**Possible solution:** 

 $\rightarrow$  to reduce the extraction time interval (two or one hours)



Local datadata from EUCOSAMDAR data 24th August 2003 around 12 UTC

Next combination of experiments are under investigation:
 → changing the observation extraction time interval → 6-, 2-, 1-hour
 → changing the thinning distance → 170, 25, 10 km

Preliminary results: →4 experiments

UAMIDH - run with TEMP,SYNOP and *local AMDAR* (170km, T  $\pm$  3 hour) UAMIDL - run with TEMP,SYNOP and *EUCOS AMDAR* (170km, T  $\pm$  3 hour) A10HE - run with TEMP,SYNOP and *local AMDAR* (10km, T  $\pm$  1 hour) AM10E - run with TEMP,SYNOP and *EUCOS AMDAR* (10km, T  $\pm$  1 hour)

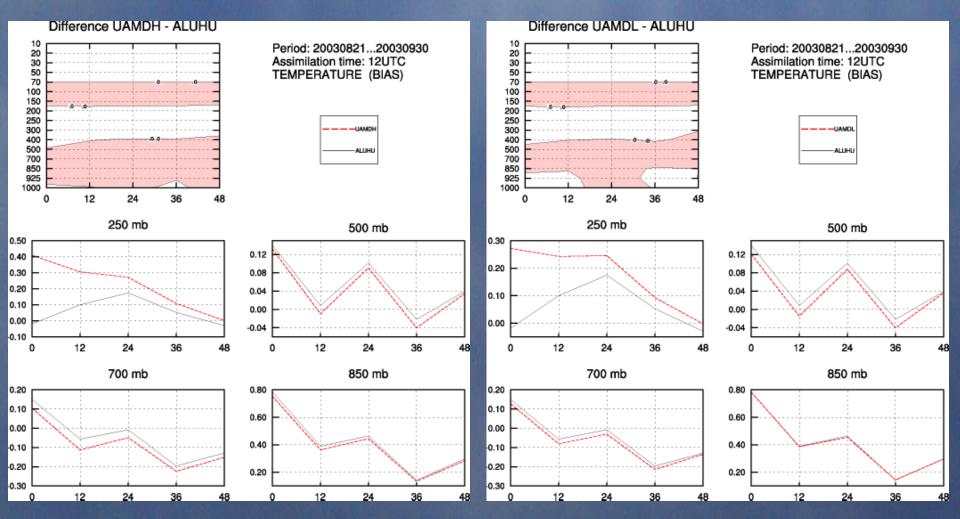
**Control run:** 

**AUHU** - run with TEMP and SYNOP only

# Comparison of the forecast against radiosonde observations

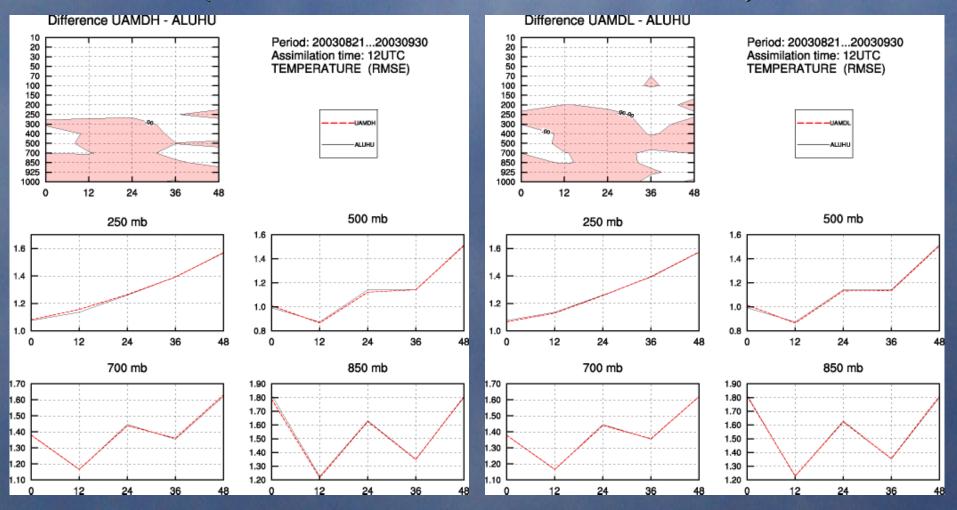
Period: 2003.08.21. – 2003.09.30. (40 days)

#### Studies related to AMDAR data Bias of the temperature (AMDAR data are assimilated at 170 km)



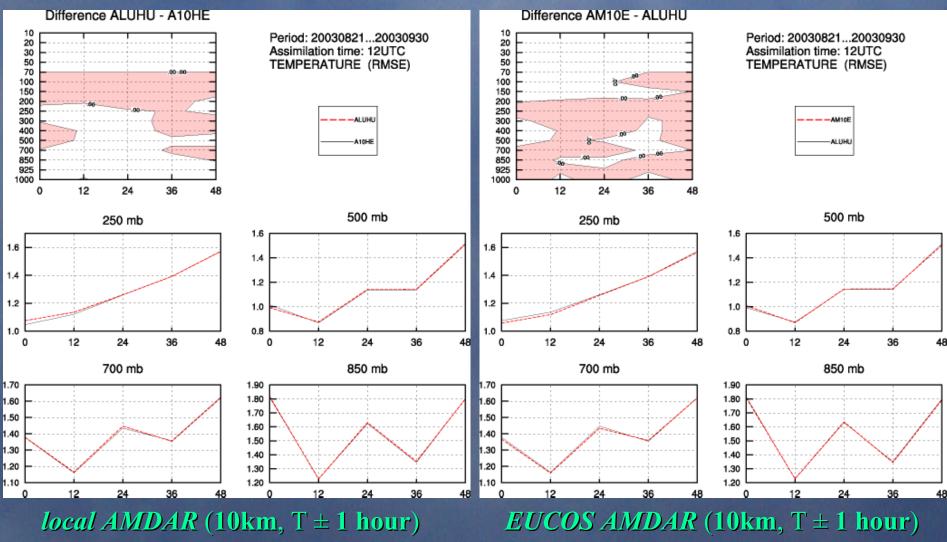
*local AMDAR* (170km,  $T \pm 3$  hour) compared to the **CONTROL** run *EUCOS AMDAR* (170km, T ± 3 hour) compared to the CONTROL run

### Studies related to AMDAR data Root Mean Square Error of the temperature (AMDAR data are assimilated at 170 km)



*local AMDAR* (170km, T ± 3 hour) compared to the CONTROL run *EUCOS AMDAR* (170km, T ± 3 hour) compared to the CONTROL run

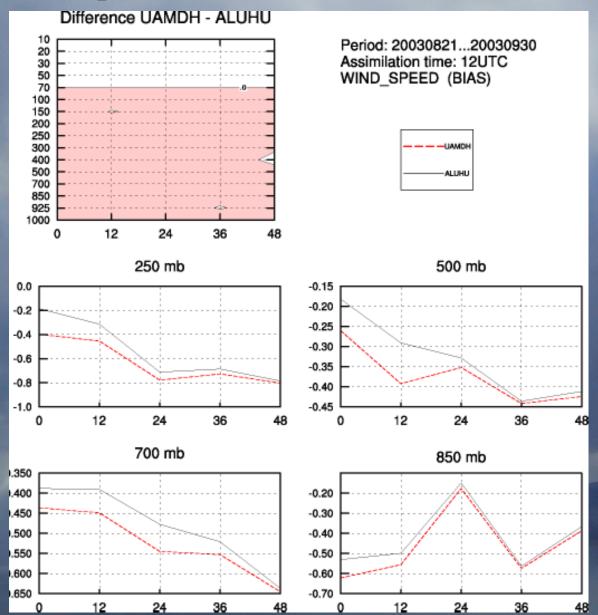
### Studies related to AMDAR data **Root Mean Square Error of the temperature** (AMDAR data are assimilated at 10 km)



compared to the CONTROL run

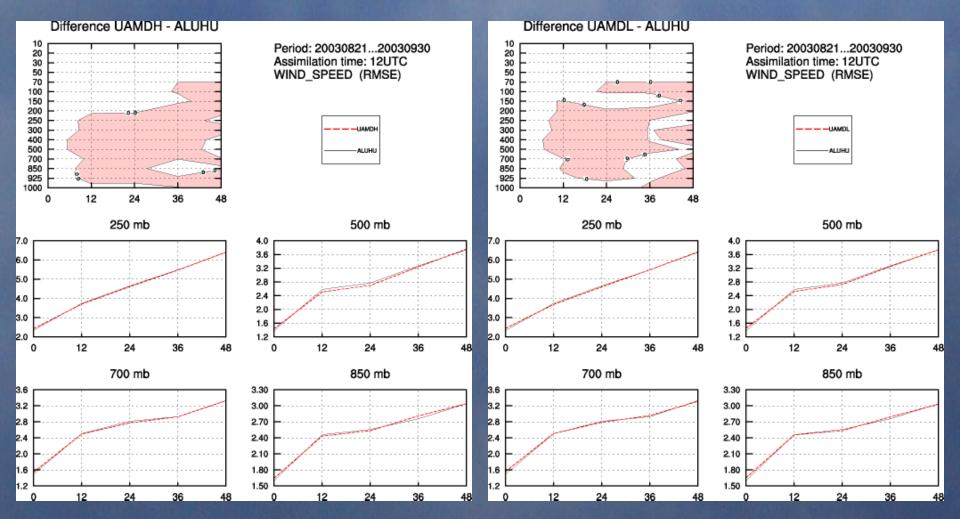
compared to the CONTROL run

## Bias of the wind speed (AMDAR data are assimilated at 170 km)



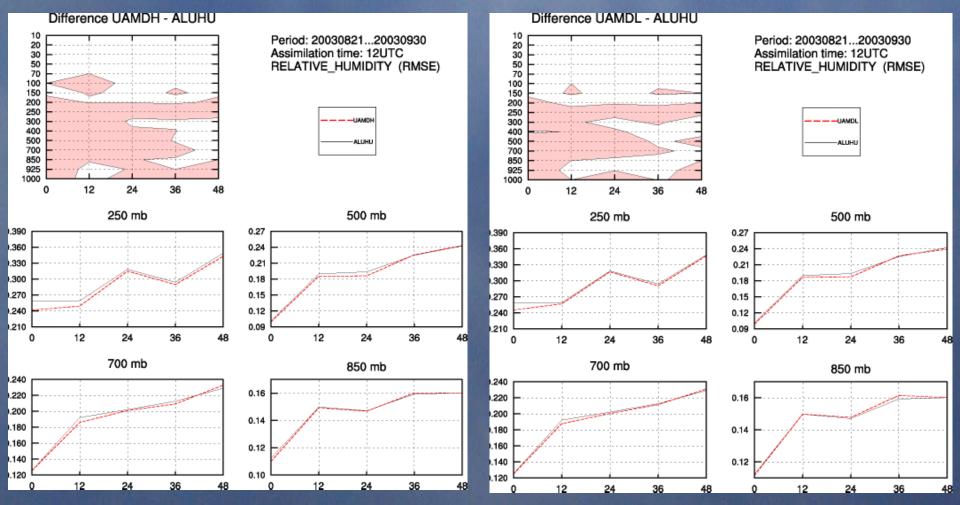
local AMDAR (170km, T ± 3 hour) compared to the CONTROL run

## Root Mean Square Error of the wind speed (AMDAR data are assimilated at 170 km)



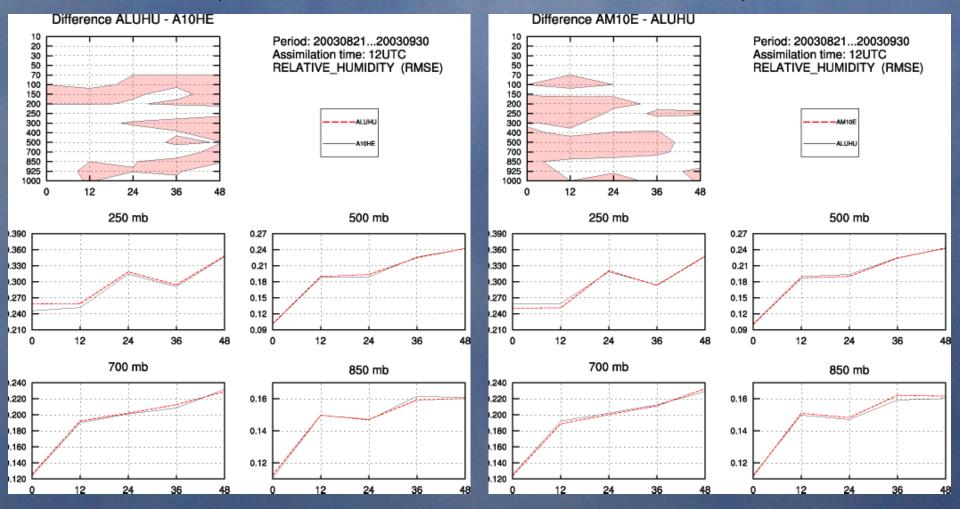
*local AMDAR* (170km,  $T \pm 3$  hour) compared to the **CONTROL** run *EUCOS AMDAR* (170km, T ± 3 hour) compared to the CONTROL run

# Root Mean Square Error of the relative humidity (AMDAR data are assimilated at 170 km)



*local AMDAR* (170km,  $T \pm 3$  hour) compared to the **CONTROL** run *EUCOS AMDAR* (170km, T ± 3 hour) compared to the CONTROL run

# Root Mean Square Error of the relative humidity (AMDAR data are assimilated at 10 km)



*local AMDAR* (10km,  $T \pm 1$  hour) compared to the **CONTROL** run *EUCOS AMDAR* (10km, T ± 1 hour) compared to the CONTROL run

# Comparison

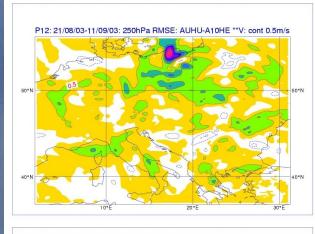
# of the forecast against the ARPEGE long cut-off analysis

Period: 2003.08.21. – 2003.09.11.

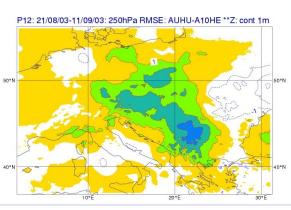
(22 days)

#### local AMDAR (10km, $T \pm 1$ hour) compared to the CONTROL

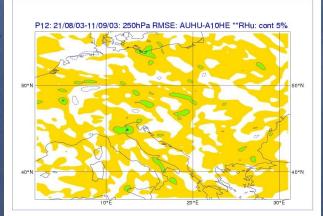
Wind speed 12 h forecast 250 hPa

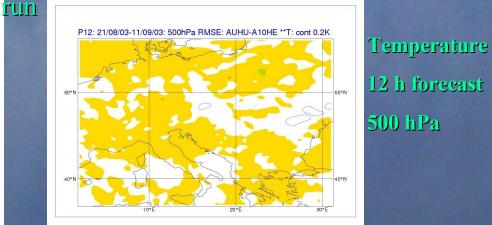


Geopotential 12 h forecast 250 hPa

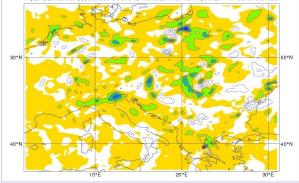


Rel. humidity 12 h forecast 250 hPa





P12: 21/08/03-11/09/03: 500hPa RMSE: AUHU-A10HE \*\*V: cont 0.5m/s



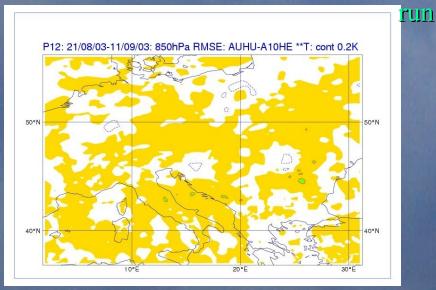
P12: 21/08/03-11/09/03: 500hPa RMSE: AUHU-A10HE \*\*RHu: cont 5%

Wind speed 12 h forecast 500 hPa

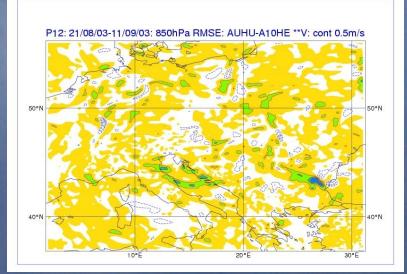
Rel. humidity 12 h forecast 500 hPa

4D°N

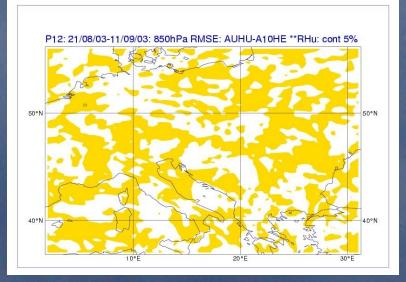
#### local AMDAR (10km, $T \pm 1$ hour) compared to the CONTROL



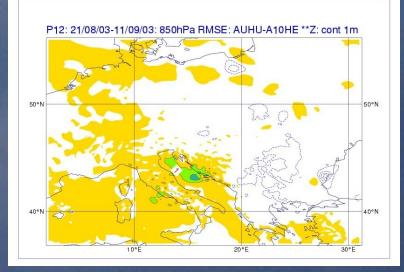
Temperature, 12 h forecast, 850 hPa



Wind speed, 12 h forecast, 850 hPa

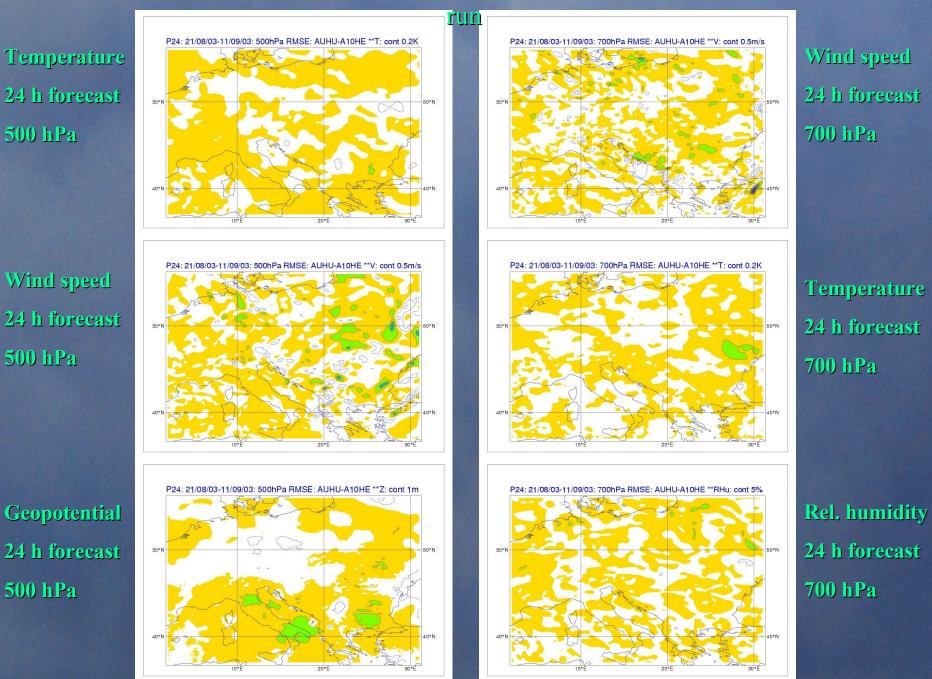


Relative humidity, 12 h forecast, 850 hPa



Geopotential height, 12 h forecast, 850 hPa

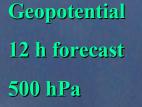
#### local AMDAR (10km, $T \pm 1$ hour) compared to the CONTROL

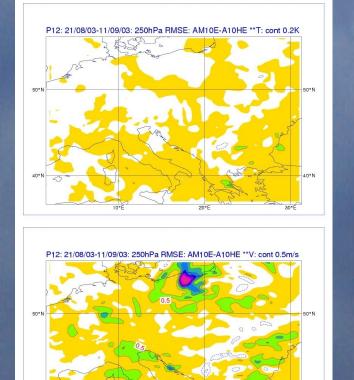


#### local AIMDAR compared to the EUCOS AIMDAR assimilated at 10 km

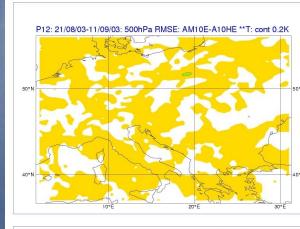
Temperature 12 h forecast 250 hPa

Wind speed 12 h forecast 250 hPa

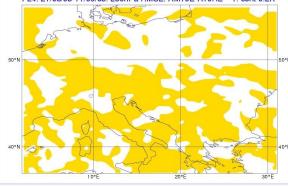


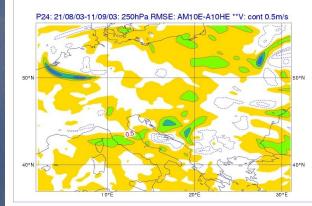


P12: 21/08/03-11/09/03: 500hPa RMSE: AM10E-A10HE \*\*Z: cont 1m



P24: 21/08/03-11/09/03: 250hPa RMSE: AM10E-A10HE \*\*T: cont 0.2K





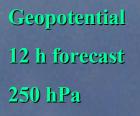
Temperature 12 h forecast 500 hPa

Temperature 24 h forecast 250 hPa

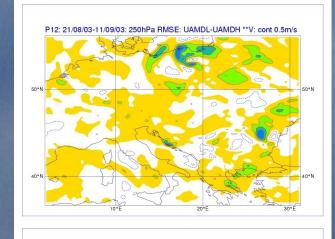
Wind speed 24 h forecast 250 hPa

#### local AMDAR compared to the EUCOS AMDAR assimilated at 170 km

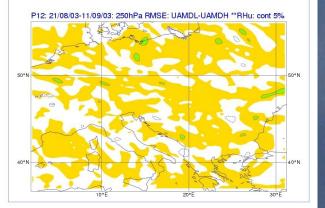
Wind speed 12 h forecast 250 hPa

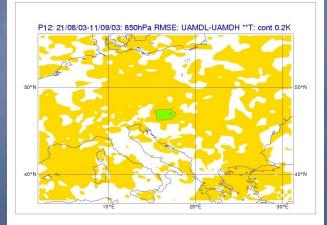


Rel. humidity 12 h forecast 250 hPa

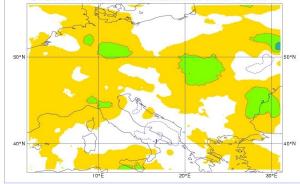


P12: 21/08/03-11/09/03: 250hPa RMSE: UAMDL-UAMDH \*\*Z: cont 1m









P24: 21/08/03-11/09/03: 250hPa RMSE: UAMDL-UAMDH "V: cont 0.5m/s

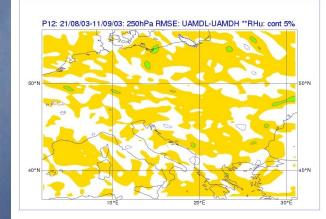
Temperature 12 h forecast 850 hPa

Geopotential 24 h forecast 250 hPa

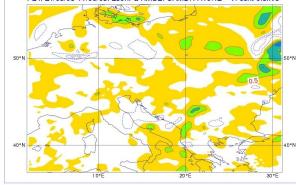
Wind speed 24 h forecast 250 hPa

#### local AMDAR compared at two different (10 km and 170 km) thinning dictances

Temperature 12 h forecast 250 hPa P12: 21/08/03-11/09/03: 250hPa RMSE: UAMDH-A10HE \*\*T: cont 0.2K



P24: 21/08/03-11/09/03: 250hPa RMSE: UAMDH-A10HE \*\*V: cont 0.5m/s

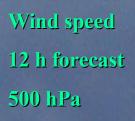


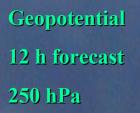
P24: 21/08/03-11/09/03: 250hPa RMSE: UAMDH-A10HE \*\*Z: cont 1m

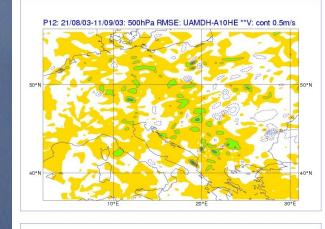
Rel. humidity 12 h forecast 250 hPa

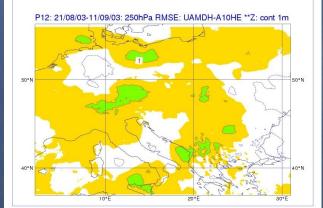
Wind speed 24 h forecast 250 hPa

Geopotential 24 h forecast 250 hPa

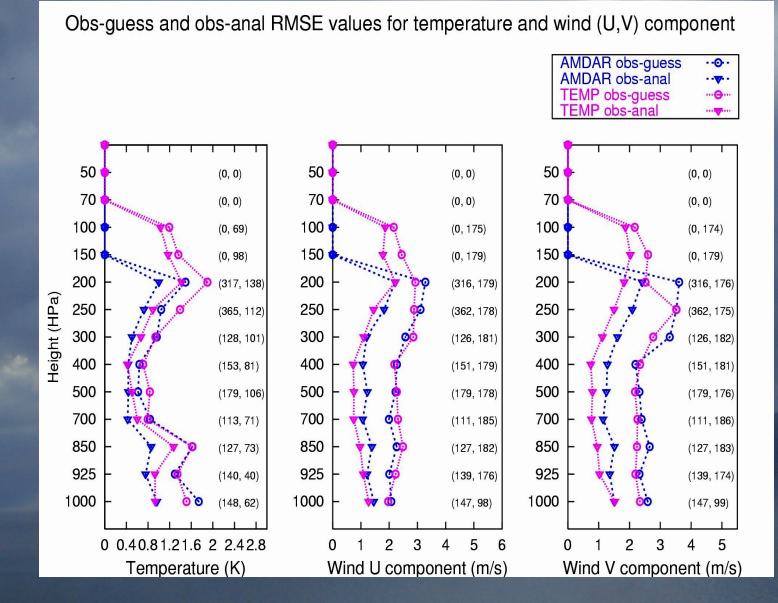








### **RMSE** values for temperature and wind components



Our choice for next observations to be assimilated →ATOVS AMSU-B (locally received and pre-processed data) - Retransmitted radiances from EUMETSAT (we are waiting for CY28T1)

MSG clear-sky radiances (locally pre-processed)
 (we are waiting for CY28T1)

Wind profiler data (local measurements + from GTS)
 (Regina had already started to "recognise" the available

data)

- →SATOB cloud motion wind data
  - We will probably use the output of the SAF NWC package (locally pre-processed data, NOT from GTS)
     (*the work will start as soon as data are available*)

# Summary

- More stable results were guaranteed by the LAM bias correction file when assimilating the ATOVS data
- Although some problems, related to the pre-processing of AMDAR data have been solved, solution should be found to handle multiple profiles from the same airport at the same assimilation time
- Positive impact of the AMDAR data on temperature, windspeed, humidity and geopotential height fields were found in the short-range forecasts of the ALADIN/HU model
- Further studies should be performed regarding the observation errors specific to AMDAR data

# Thank you for your kind attention !

Balaton lake at Tihany