

OUTLINE

- Operational 3DVAR in AEMET and like-operational LETKF / 3DVAR comparison
- Period of study: October 2018 and SpinUp
- Some diagnostics and Verification
- Sant Llorenç d'Escardassar case
- Further work
- Summary

Basics of Operational 3DVAR in AEMET

Observations assimilated:

Conventional (SYNOP, DRIBU, BUOYS, TEMP, AIRCRAFT, PILOT and GNSS)

ATOVS (AMSUA and AMSUB)

Geometry is:

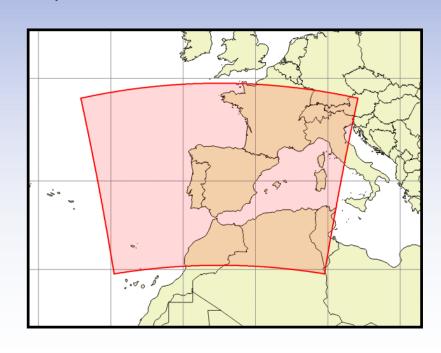
NLON=1152

NLAT=864

NLEV=65

2.5 km RESOLUTION

HARMONIE 40h11 tag



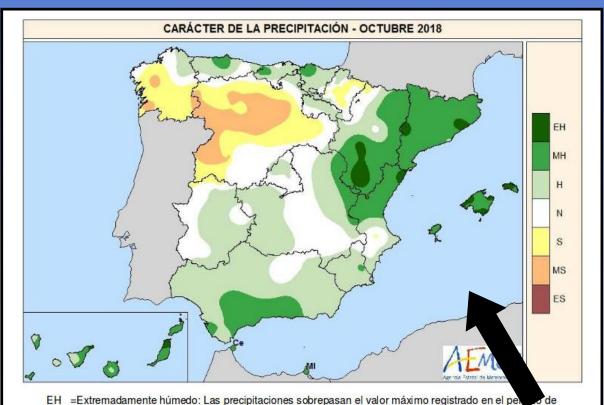
Basics of like-operational LETKF / 3DVAR comparison

- All observations like operational plus assimilation of Rh2m&T2m observations (LSOE=.FALSE.) and LSMIX of U, V, T and Q.
- 10 ensemble members, as "cheap" basic LETKF configuration.
- tag 40h111 of HARMONIE-AROME for both LETKF and 3DVAR.
- I have run 3 hour assimilation cycles and 36 hour forecasts for 00, 06, 12 and 18 UTC cycles for all October 2018. For SpinUp, the whole September.

Period of study: October 2018 (Disaster in PCP)

- October 2018 has been in Spain a dramatic month with respect to Precipitation. 4 big cases:
 - Sant Llorenç des Cardassar (Majorca): 13 people death. Models couldn't forecast the extreme convective system
 - Leslie Ex-Hurricane crossing all Iberian Peninsula, causing also many death people in the South East of France
 - Mediterranean "Llevantada" easterlies, red alarm in Valencia Region with more than 300mm
 - Malaga stationary convective case with one death person and again more than 300 mm

Period of study: October 2018 (Disaster in PCP)



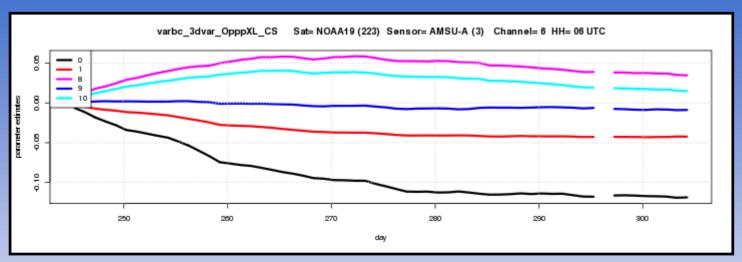
EH =Extremadamente húmedo: Las precipitaciones sobrepasan el valor máximo registrado en el pel referencia 1981 – 2010.

MH =muy húmedo: f<20%. Las precipitaciones se encuentran en el intervalo correspondiente al 2 más húmedos.

- H =Húmedo: 20% ≤ f<40%.</p>
- N =Normal: 40% ≤ f< 60%. Las precipitaciones registradas se sitúan alrededor de la mediana.
- S =Seco: 60% ≤ f<80
- MS =Muy seco: f ≥ 80%.
- ES =Extremadamente seco: Las precipitaciones no alcanzan el valor mínimo registrado en el p ϵ referencia 1981 2010.

Dark Green is Extremely wet and Green is very wet...

SpinUp VARBC for ATOVS (and GNSS)



Nice convergence of predictors for Channel 6 of AMSUA on NOAA19.

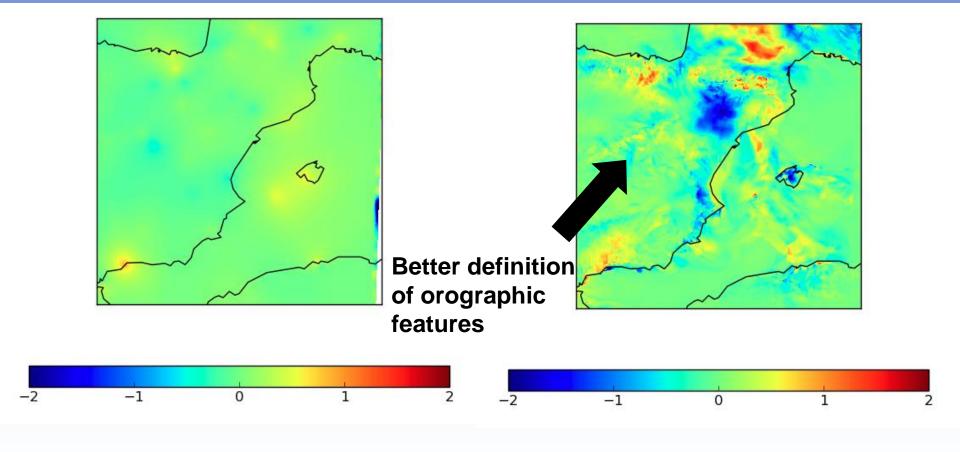
Here 2 months of data, 1 month for SpinUp and 1 month for verification



With respect to **GNSS**, careful diagnosis of VARBC convergence has not been done due to technical difficulties. I follow the idea of "one month of SpinUp is enough". Although better diagnosis is needed, **based on previous experiments**, I don't think this can affect the main results of our comparison. Besides, in both 3DVAR and LETKF, VARBC.CYCLE file is the same...

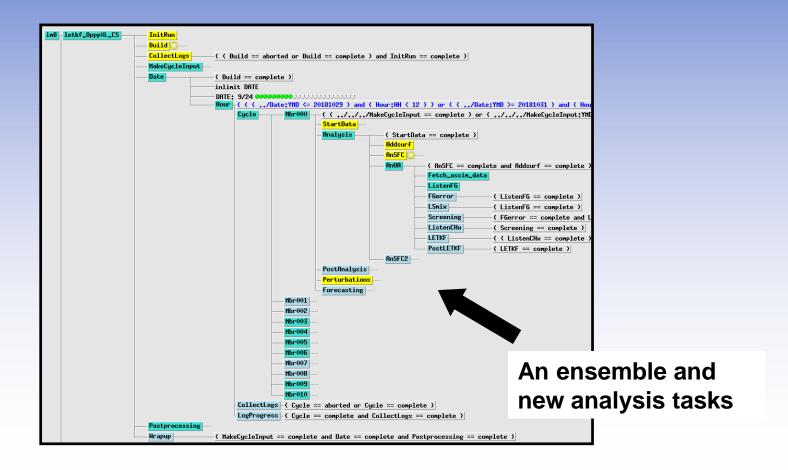
Some diagnostics: analysis increments of T65





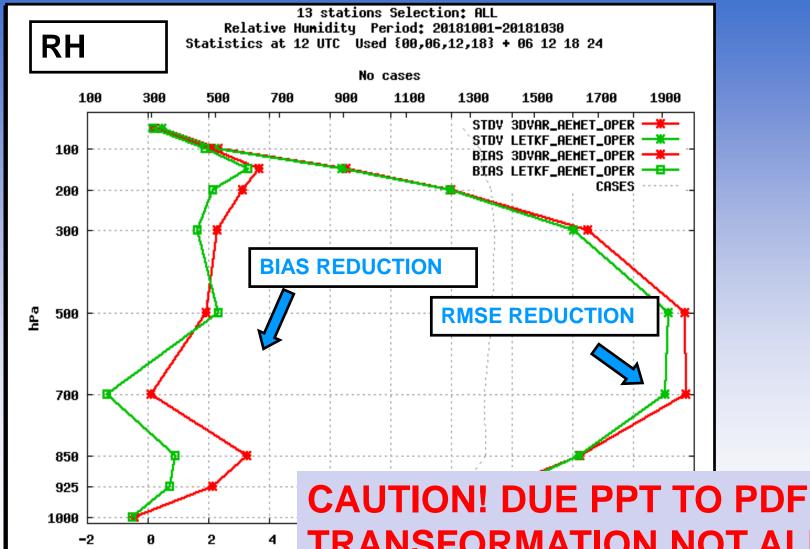
Some diagnostics: computational costs

 In terms of SBUs on ECMWF HPCF, an LETKF with 10 ensemble members costs as 9 3DVAR analysis cycles



3DVAR LETKF

Verification



TRANSFORMATION NOT ALL PLOTS SHOWN HERE...

Sant Llorenç des Cardassar case (Majorca)

Sant Llorenç Baisin (

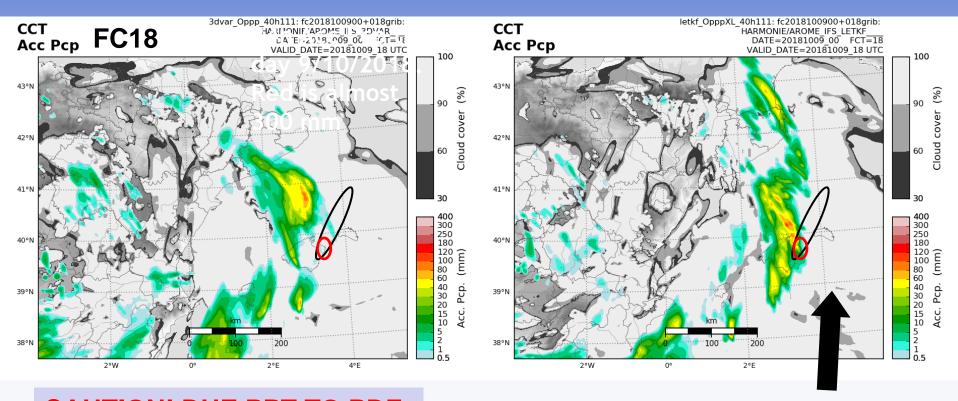
Radar Maximum Acc Pcp



3DVAR

2018100900 run

LETKF



CAUTION! DUE PPT TO PDF TRANSFORMATION NOT ALL PLOTS SHOWN HERE...

Could be by chance (I don't think so!)... but LETKF is CLOSER in SPACE and in AMOUNT TO OBSERVED PCP

Further work

- Thinking in EPS mode and AEMET-gSREPS!! (see Alfons Callado's presentation on Thursday)
- Problem of coupling LETKF and SURFACE?
- Test SPP with LETKF
- Test other periods climatically independent
- Test hybrid 3DVAR/LETKF configuration
- Working week in DWD? (obs errors, radiances bias correction...)

SUMMARY: 1 month verification (October 2018)

- LETKF is better:
 - Clear reduction of RMSE for RH2M and slightly for T2M
 - U10M and G10M slightly reduction of BIAS and RMSE
 - Clear reduction (significant) of RH or Q error in the vertical
 - Slightly reduction of T and Z error in the vertical
- 3DVAR is better:
 - RH2M and T2M bias (to be investigated)
 - High thresholds for U10M
 - CC and MSLP less bias
- LETKF better in PCP for all thresholds except for very high threshold for PCP6 and PCP12, which are degraded. Neutral impact on Wind in the vertical

SUMMARY

- Subjective verification of the dramatic non-modelled Sant Llorenç des Cardassar event (09/10/2018): LETKF gives better localization and intensity of observed convective precipitation, than 3DVAR. The event still not completely forecasted...
- All the results make LETKF a nice available algorithm to be used with HARMONIE-AROME either in deterministic and probabilistic mode.
- Further work for LETKF is planned.

