Council 95 10-11 December 2019



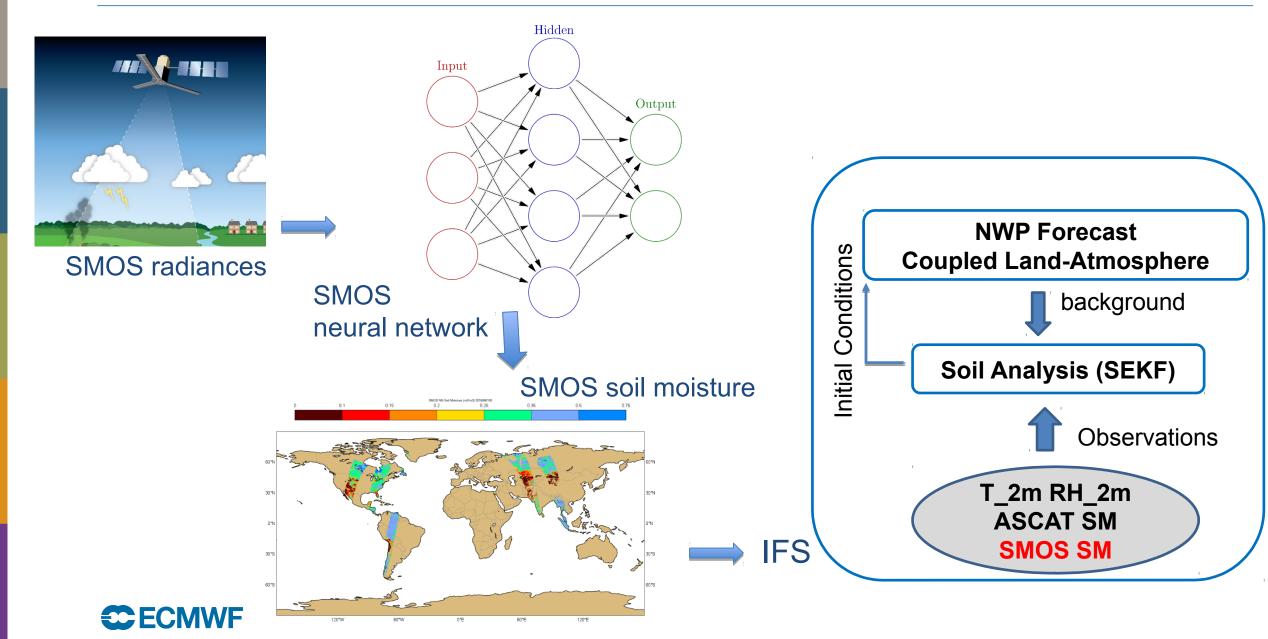
The strength of a common goal



Advancing weather science



SMOS neural network soil moisture assimilation in IFS 46R1



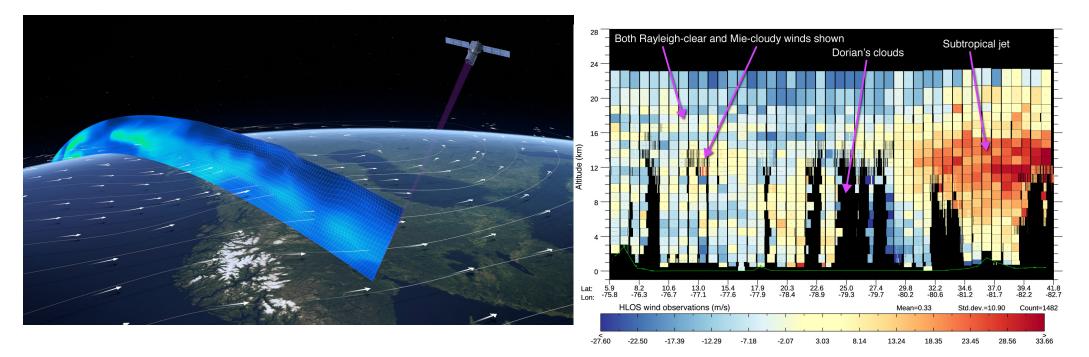
Status of Metop-C

Metop-C / EPS impact

SENSOR	Access to CAL/VAL observation s (pre- release)	Active use in ECMWF operations (* Expected)	Known data anomalies			remove N remove N			nd C	
AMSUA	Nov 2018	March 2019	Occasional ch 7 and ch-8 instability ch3 elevated noise		10 - 20 - 30 - 50 - 70 - 100 -					-
MHS	Nov 2018	March 2019	ch 3 and ch 4 elevated noise		150 - 200 -	\rightarrow		\geq		-
IASI	May 2019	July 2019*	Elevated biases between different pixels	T-Analysis degradation compared to control (sonde temperatures)	250 - 300 - 400 -		\neq			-
GRAS	Nov 2018	March 2019	None		500 - 700 - 850 -	K				-
ASCAT	Jan 2019	July 2019*	Re-calibration February 2019		000 <mark></mark> 99	100 101	102	103	104	. 1(
AMV	Jan 2019	June 2019	Different wind bias with dual satellite pairs			Percenta	age cha	inge		
GOME (O3)	pending	pending								
C ECMW	Γ									

Collaborating with ESA on Aeolus: first wind lidar in space

Aeolus: impact and preparations for operational usage

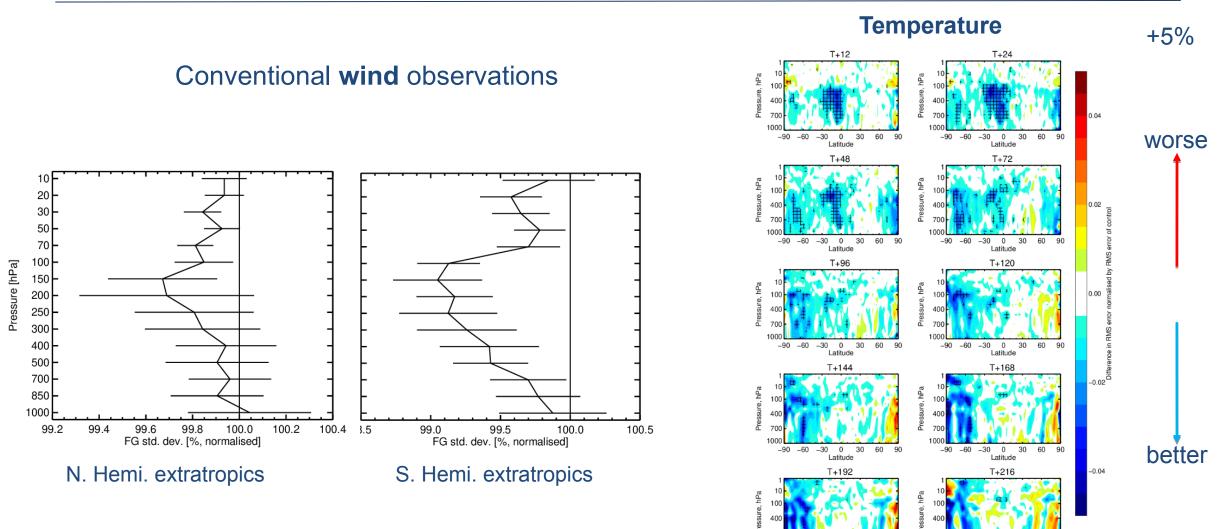




Collaborating with ESA on Aeolus: first wind lidar in space

Hatched areas are statistically significant (95%)

-5%



-90 -60 -30 0

30 60 90

Latitude

-90 -60

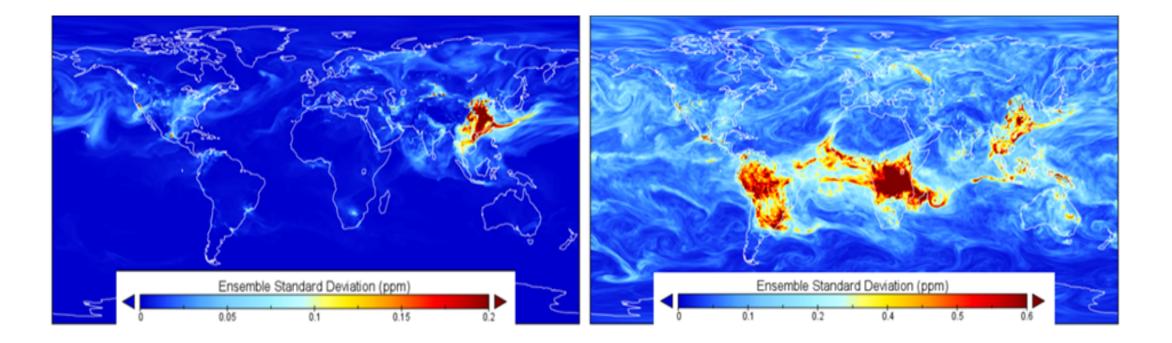
-30 0

Latitude

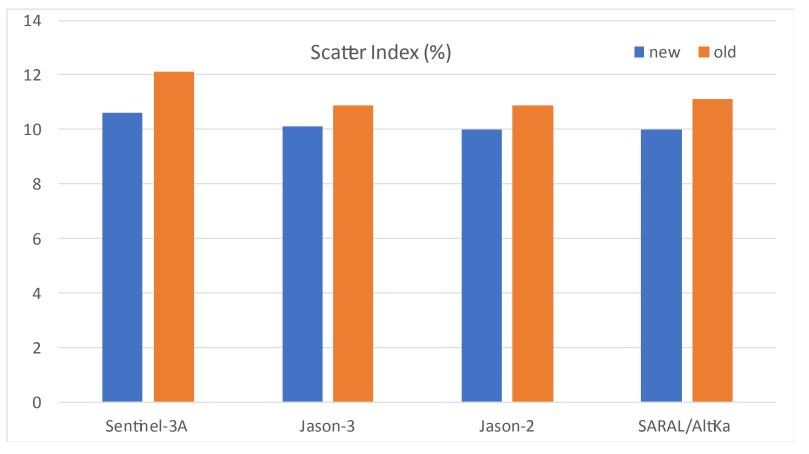
30 60



CO2 Human Emissions, CHE project: Making the most of ECMWF's science



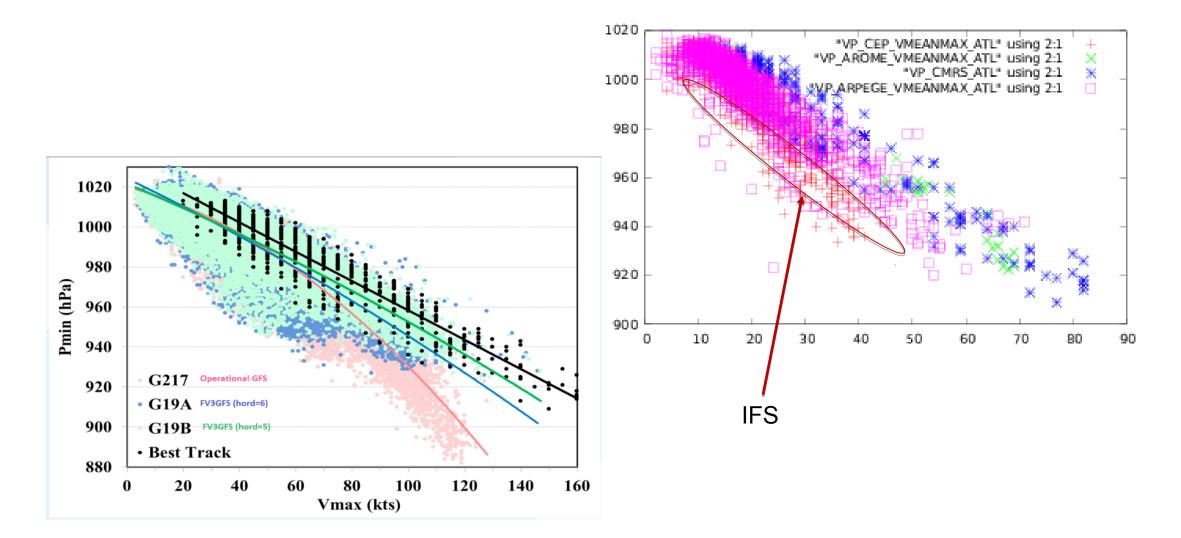
Wave model hindcast forced with ERA5: much improved !



Global verification of significant wave height from the model run with physics of Ardhuin et al. and the run with **Old Physics** against various altimeters during the period from 1 July 2017 till 30 June 2018

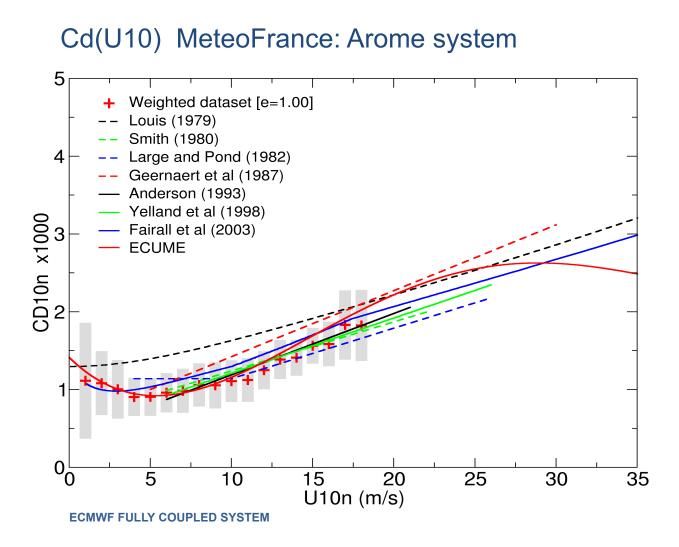
ECMWF FULLY COUPLED SYSTEM

Wind-pressure relationship IFS, FV3, ARPEGE, AROME in Atlantic Basin

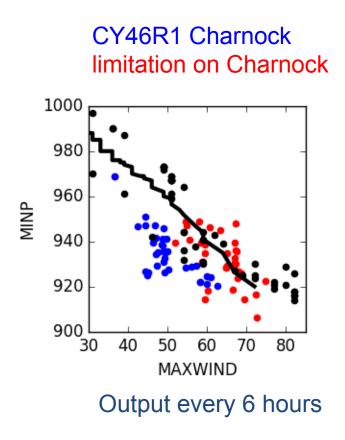




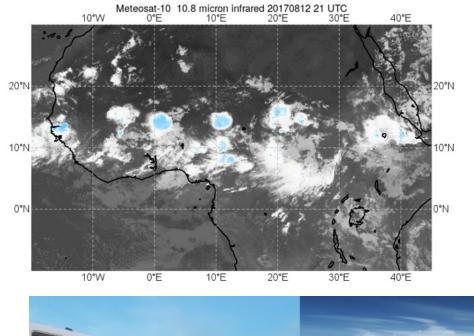
Limiting the drag for high wind



Irma, forecast from 20170904, 0 UTC

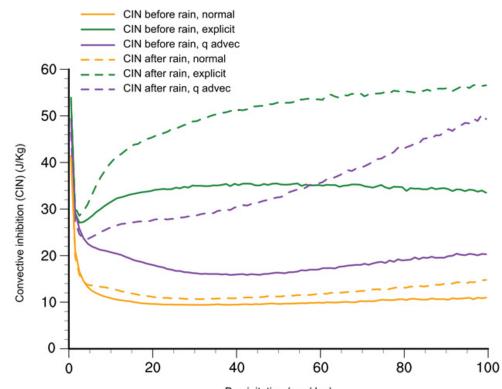


Modelling convective precipitation: joining forces with MPI



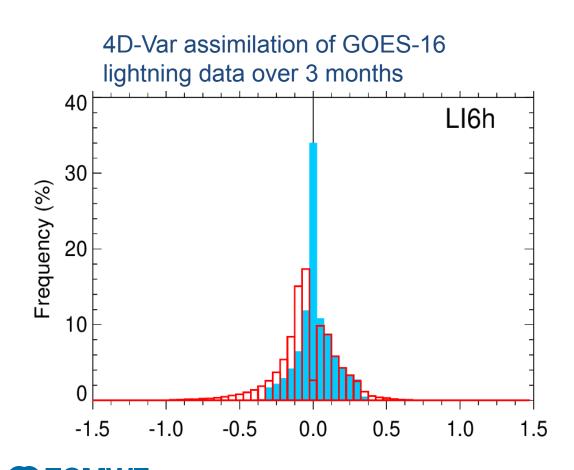






Precipitation (mm/day)

Lightning assimilation: preparing for EUMETSAT next generation MTGs



GOES16_GLM Lightning Flashes, 20180815 00:00:00 - 01:00:00 (QC applied)



GOES-16 15 August 2018



Delivering global predictions

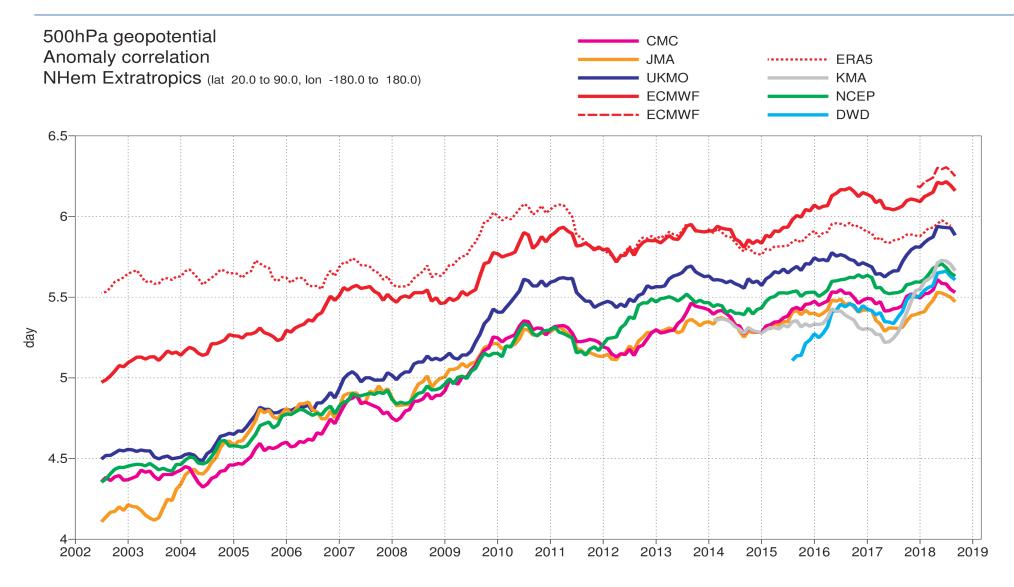


continuous data assimilation;

•twice the number of members in the ensemble of data assimilations (EDA);
•weakly-coupled data assimilation for sea-surface temperature in the tropics;
•increase in the frequency of the ensemble radiation time step to 1 hour (from 3 hours)
•assimilation of the SMOS neural-network soil-moisture product.
•activation of long-wave scattering in radiation scheme
•activation of wave-current interaction in the wave model



46r1: Scores



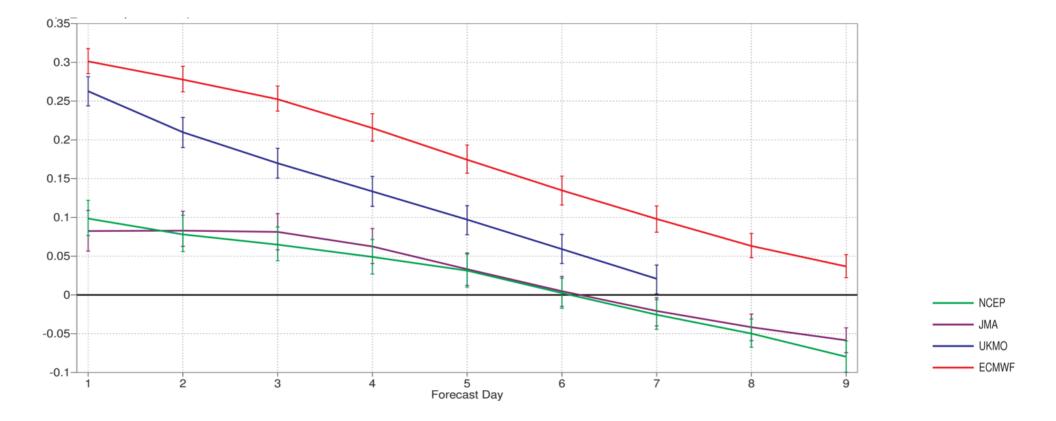
ECMUF EUROPEAN CENTRE FOR MEDIUM-RANGE WEATHER FORECASTS

IFS cycle 46r1 v. cycle 45r1: delivering significant improvements

			Extratropical nort	hern hemisphere	Extratropical sour	thern hemisphere	Tropics			
			EM RMS error	CRPS	EM RMS error	CRPS	EM RMS error	CRPS		
	Lev		Forecast day							
	Parameter	(hPa)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	12 13 14 15 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14		
		100								
	C	250								
	Geopotential	500								
		850								
	Mean sea level pressure									
		100	****	****	****	****	****			
	Temperature	250			****	****	****	****		
	remperature	500		****						
sis		850				****				
Analysis		100	**** ******	****		*****				
A	Wind speed	250								
	wind speed	500					Δ			
		850					Δ	Δ		
	Relative humidity	200	•				*****	*****		
	inclusive indimutely	700			****			*****		
	2 m temperature			****	****	****		****		
	10 m wind at sea				****	****				
	Significant wave height				••••••					
	Mean wave period									
		100								
	Geopotential	250								
		500 850								
		100								
		250								
	Temperature	500								
		850						********		
	Wind speed	100								
Observations		250								
erva		500								
		850								
		200	****		****		AA			
	Relative humidity	700						△ ▼▼▼▼▼▼▼▼▼▼▼▼▼▼		
	2 m temperature									
	2 m dew-point		1							
	Total cloud cover									
	10 m wind				1			*****		
	24 h precipitation									
	Significant wave height									



Comparison with other centres: precipitation forecast probabilistic skill





•A new formulation of weak-constraint 4D-Var

•Quintic vertical interpolation in the semi-Lagrangian update (which together with the above gives **improvements to stratosphere** in particular)

•MODIS land surface albedo, which is good for 2 m temperature

•Shorter, 450-second time-step in last minimisation – bringing consistency with the outer-loop time-step, and thus **removing spurious gravity waves and improves scores**

•Use of the 'first guess' from the most recent early delivery run in the LWDA (long-window data assimilation) analysis – this is a next step along the path to **more continuous data assimilation**

•Changes to high wind drag over the ocean – these address a long-standing problem with the wind-pressure relationship in tropical cyclones.

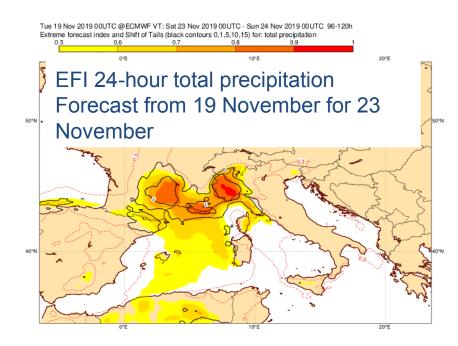


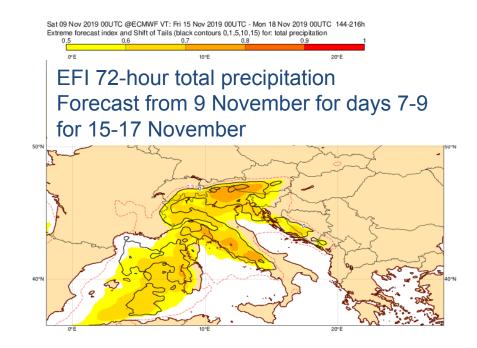
Extreme rainfall and flooding France, Italy, Austria November 2019

•Extreme precipitation NE Italy and W Austria 15-17 November

- reaching 50-year return period in Austria (up to 250mm), causing avalanches and landslides
- •Intense rainfall S France and NW Italy 23 November
 - Destructive flash flooding

•Consistent signal of extreme in EFI from 1 week ahead

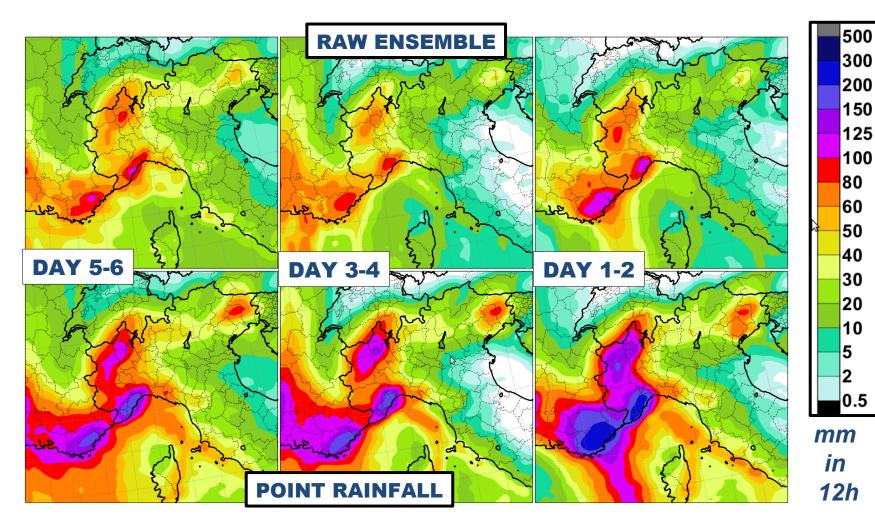




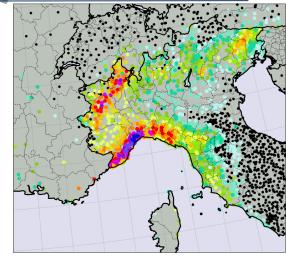


Floods in N Italy / S France – 23 Nov 2019 Forecasts Versu

Observations (12h rainfall to 18UTC)







- Forecasts show a "worst case scenario" (99th percentile)
- Point rainfall much better at capturing the extremes



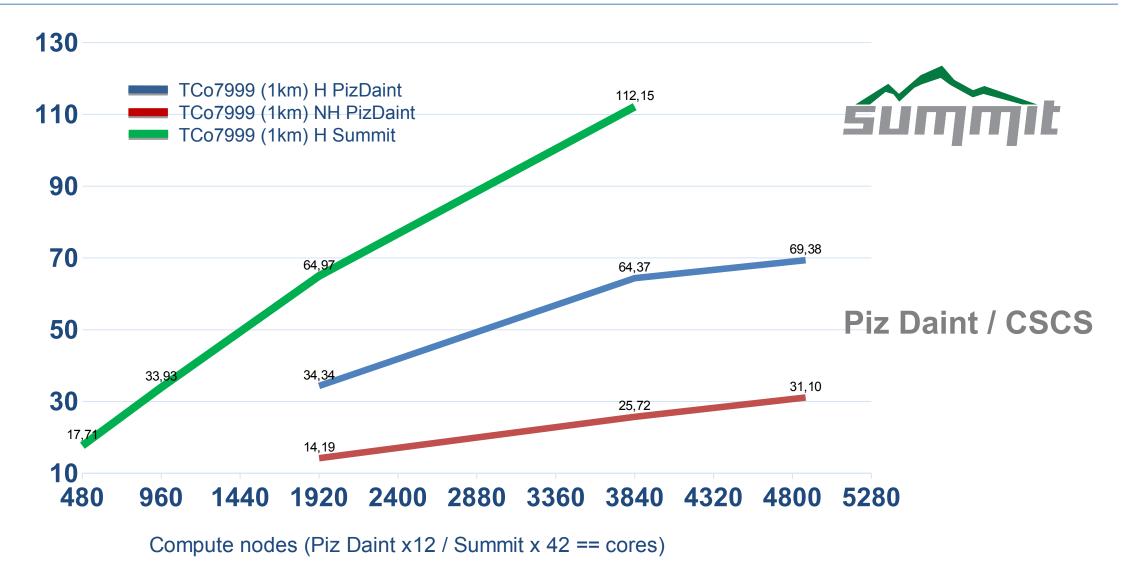


Sustaining high performance computing





Optimising the IFS with Summit and Piz Daint



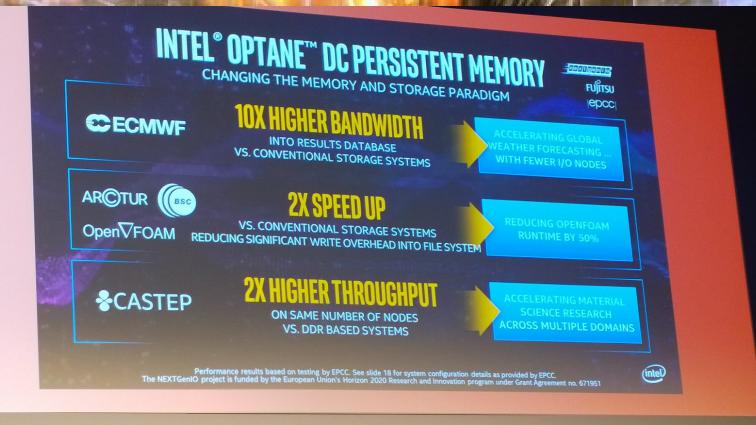
NextGen IO: unlocking I/O performance for the exascale

- Prototype is world first HPC with NVRAM memory
- 30x I/O Performance improvement
- First (experimental) weather forecast run on this hardware
- Developed I/O software is already in ECMWF operations



Next Gen IO: end of a successful project







Serving Member & Co-operating States



So far:

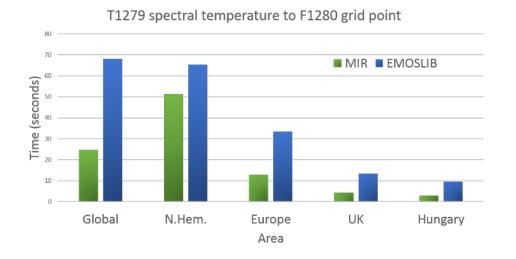
- •A workshop run in collaboration with Oxford University
- •A workshop run by ECMWF Copernicus Services
- •Appointment of a coordinator across ECMWF
- •Council Lecture!

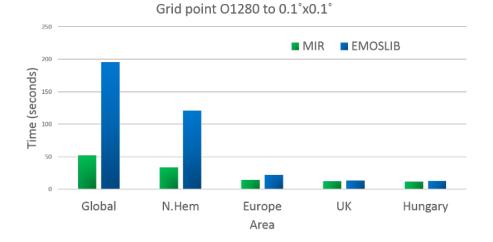




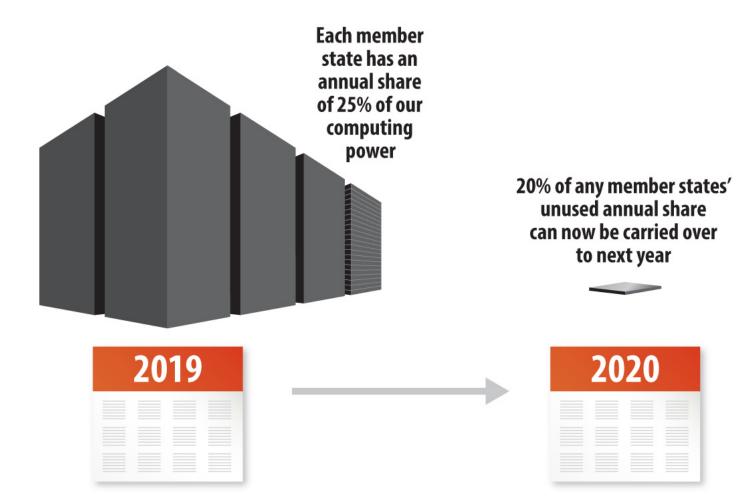
New Meteorological Interpolation and Regridding (MIR) library

- Spectral transforms are faster (up to 3×)
- Global-to-global interpolations $2 \times 3 \times$ faster in operational env. (caching + plan optimizations)





Carrying over computing power

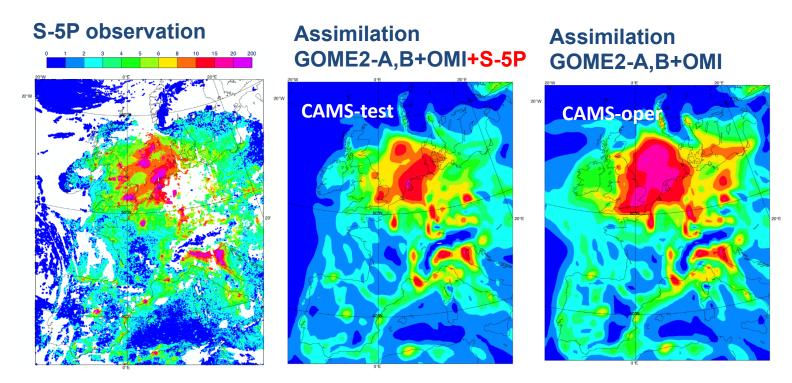


EUROPEAN CENTRE FOR MEDIUM-RANGE WEATHER FORECASTS

Uptake of Sentinel 5-P in CAMS: making the most of the IFS

Operational monitoring and assimilation tests performing very well, especially for NO_2 . Assimilation on track to be activated in the next few months.

High pollution case 27/02/2019

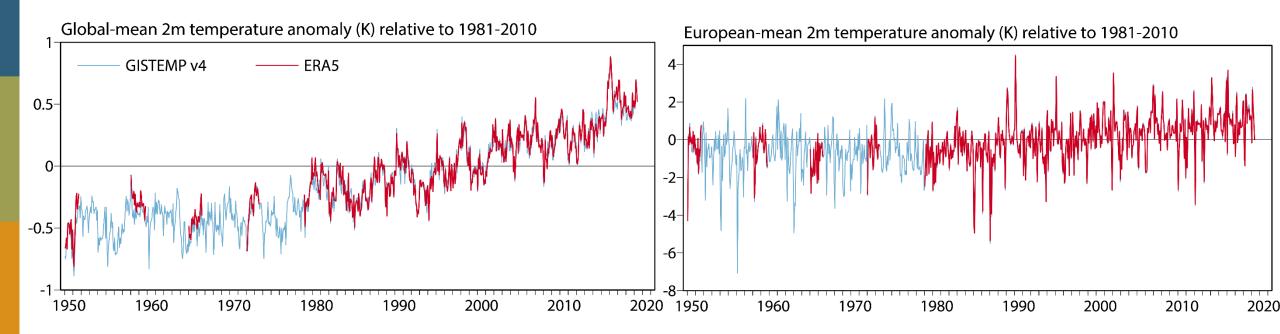


On that situation, the addition of Sentinel-5P data on top of the observations operationally assimilated (parallel test) had a visible impact impact, reducing in that case the amount of NO₂.



Tropospheric column NO₂

The synergies of ERA5: a tool for weather and climate

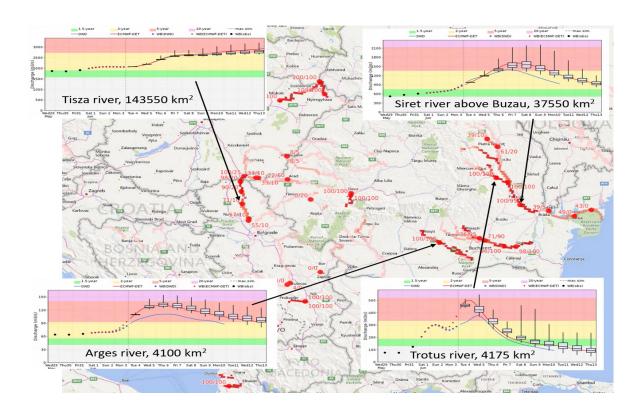






Our contribution to CEMS serving ARISTOTLE-ENHSP

Learning from Member States



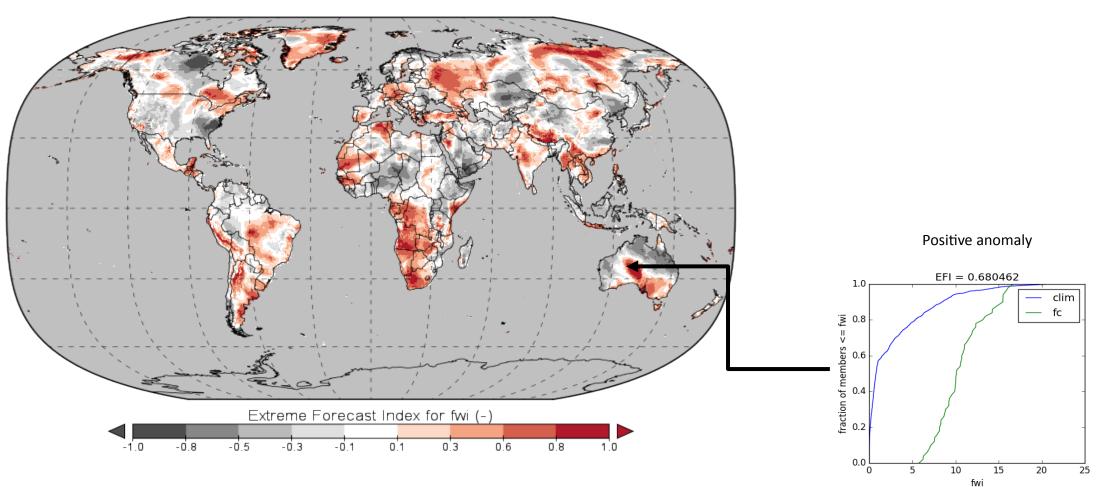
ARISTOTLE2 Partnership with MS as part of multihazard advice capability Aristotle2 to the Emergency Response Coordination Centre of EU ECMWF, SMHI and UK MO provides flood forecast briefs for Europe (Global as pilot)







FIRE: First **probabilistic** fire forecast product released to JRC



Extreme Forecast Index for fwi





Thank you

