



Royal Netherlands
Meteorological Institute
*Ministry of Infrastructure
and Water Management*

HARMONIE AROME physics developments

Sander Tijm



Overview

- Dynamics and boundary interpolation (poster Colm)
- Cloud & turbulence studies (presentation Karl-Ivar and this presentation)
- Convection problems
- Microphysics work (presentation Jenny, Karl-Ivar)
- Microphysics – aerosol - radiation (presentation Laura)
- Radiation (poster Emily)
- Aerosols (presentation Daniel)
- Stable boundary layers
- High resolution experiments (presentation Xiaohua, poster Esbjorn)
- Developments MUSC (presentation Eoin)



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- Developments MUSC (presentation Eoin)

Zeker 100 geannuleerde vluchten op Schiphol



ALADIN-HIRI AM workshop Madrid 1-4 april 2019

Bad fog forecast:
100 cancelled flights
Sunday 16-12-2018

Damage:
€5.000.000 -
€10.000.000

Cloud base forecast

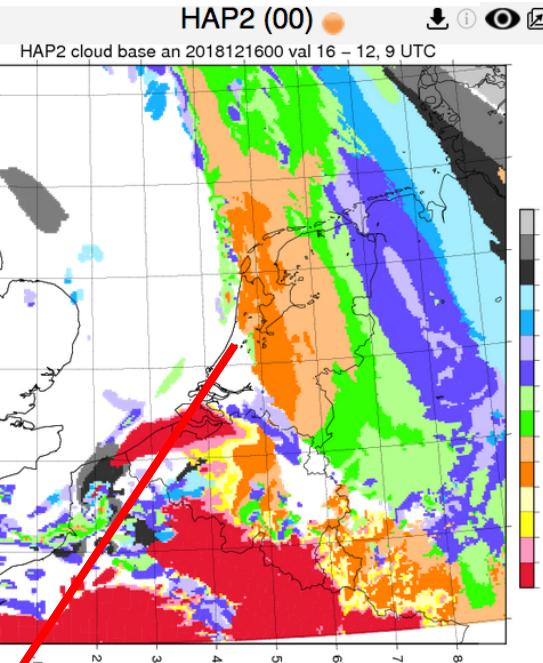
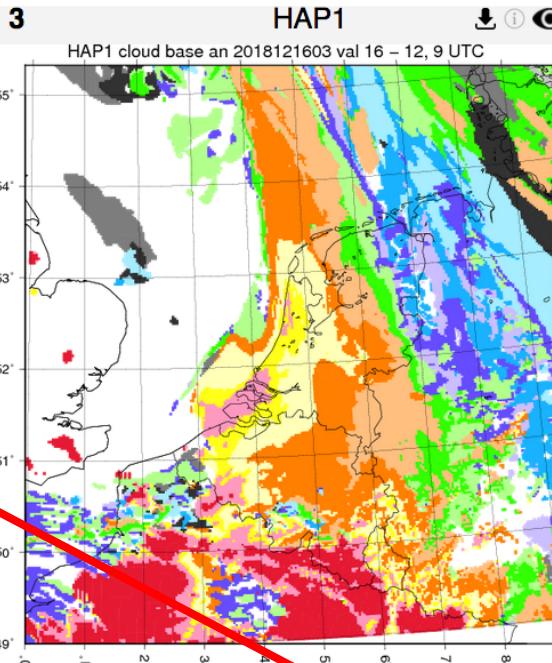
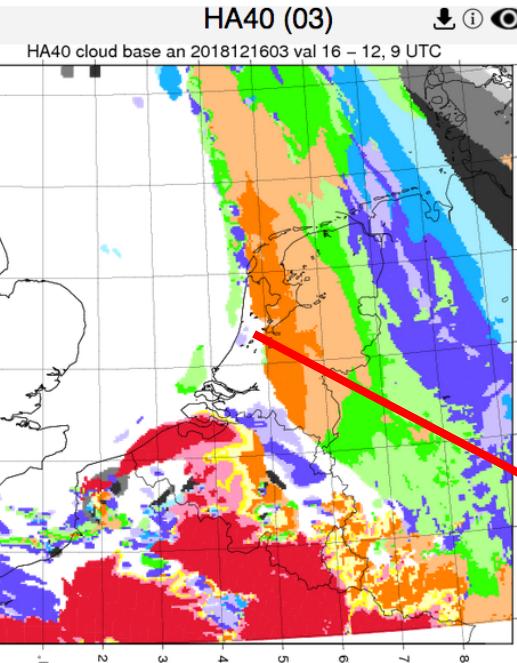
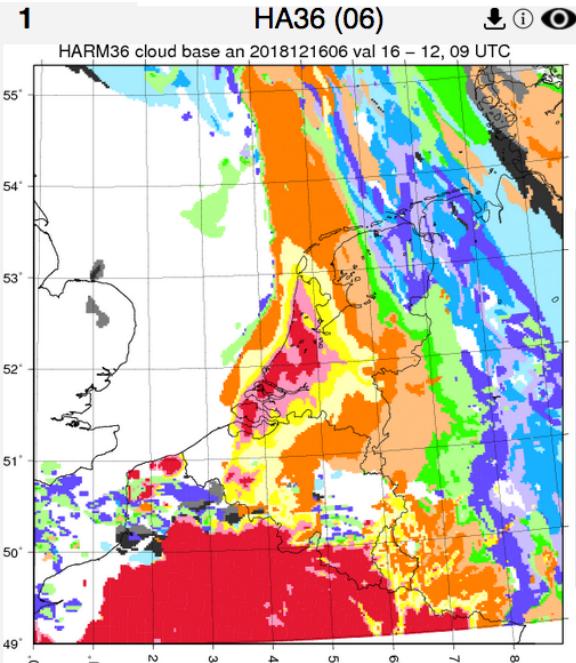


36h1.4

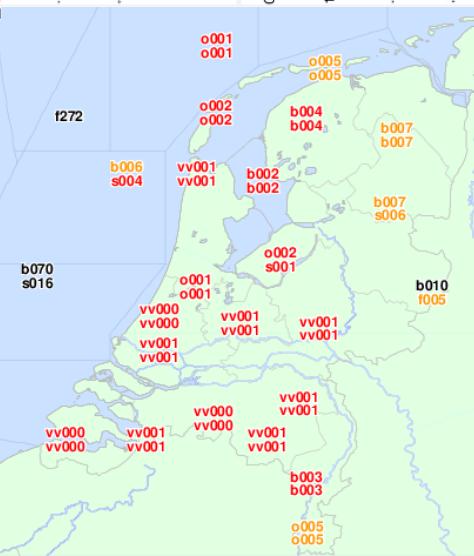
40h1.2tg2

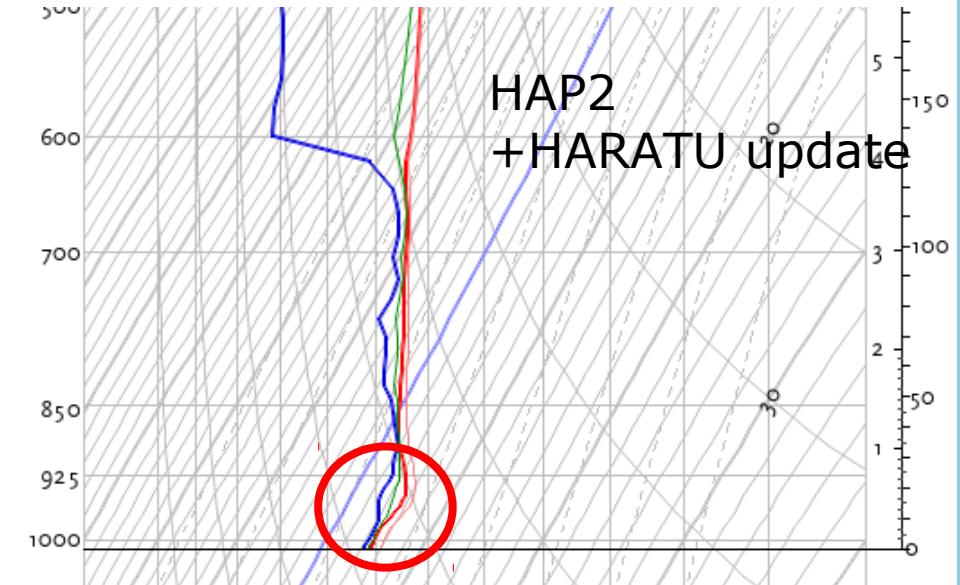
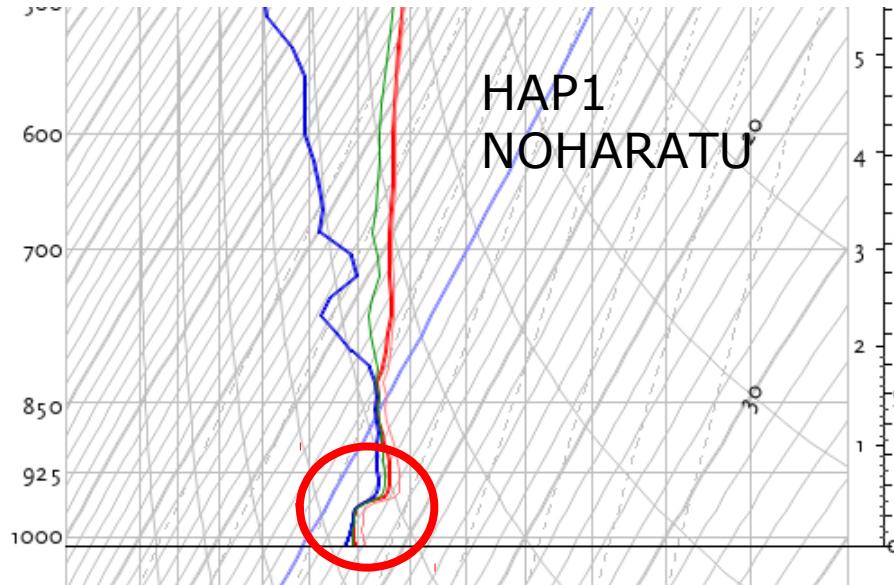
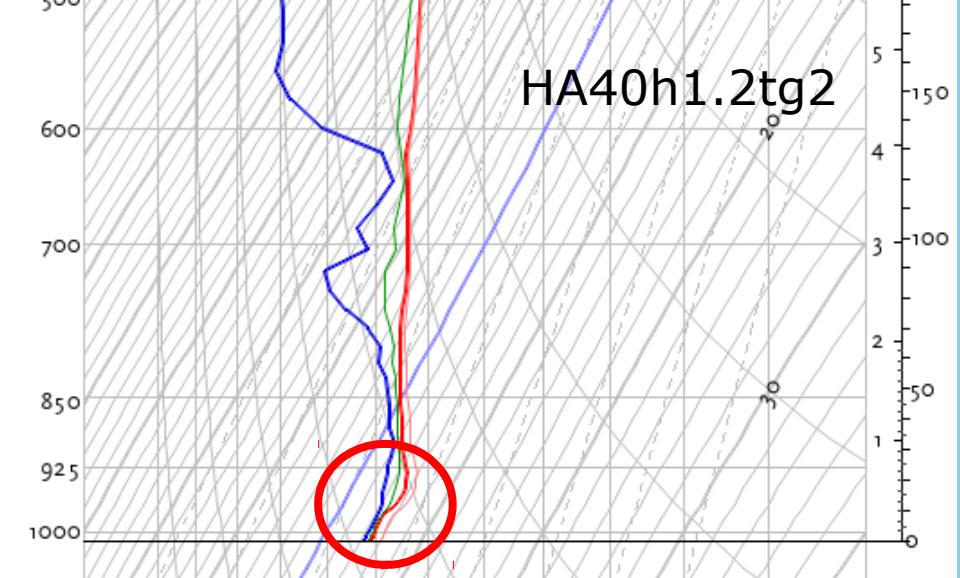
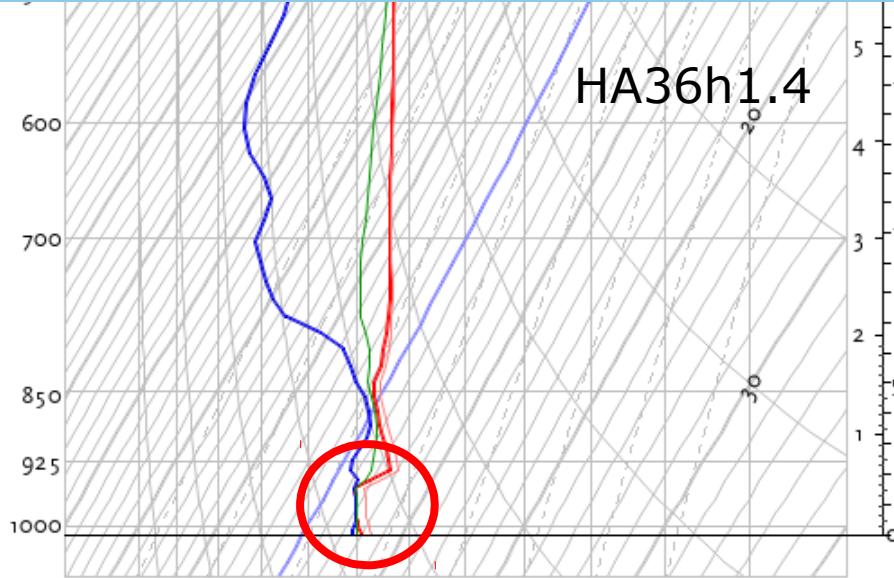
40h1.2, NOHARATU

40h1.1.1



Missing low clouds/fog





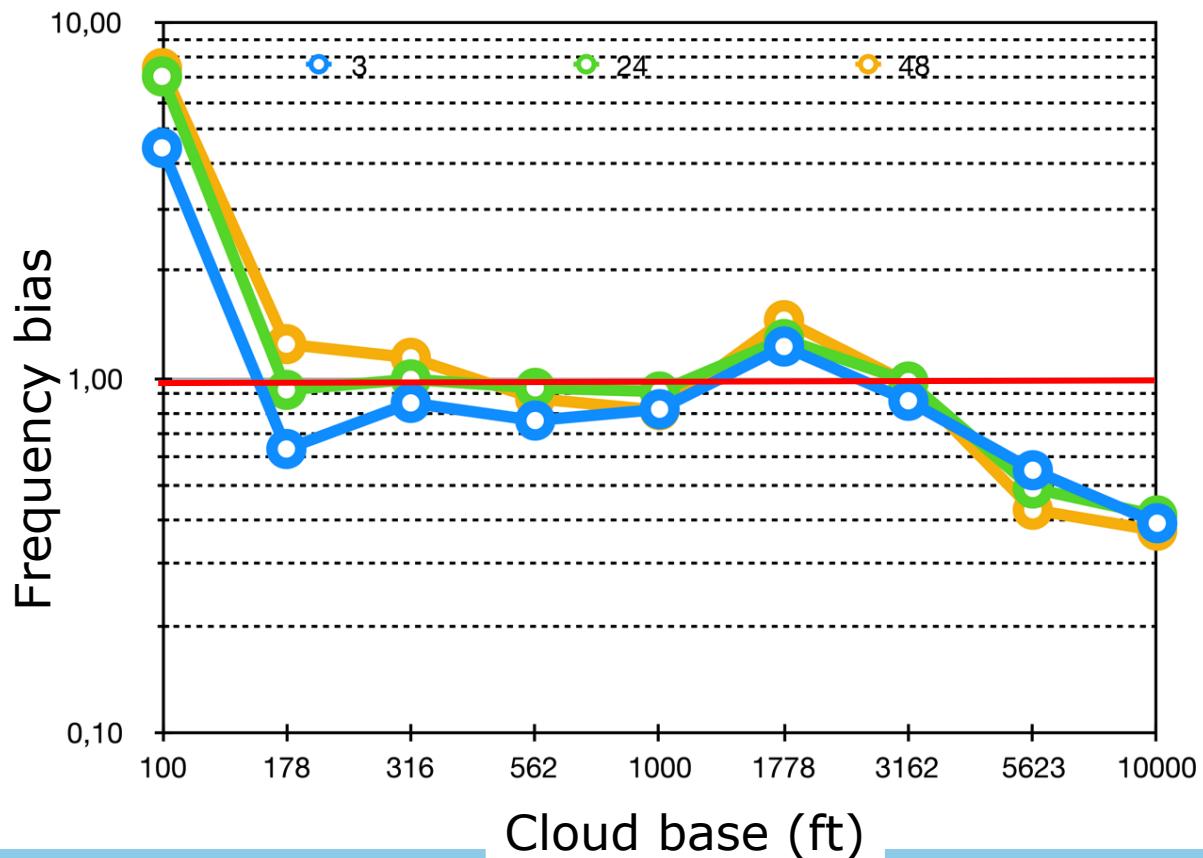
Missed stratus caused by mechanical turbulence



40h1.2tg2, NOHARATU

64 122 356 697 1830 1966 3560 3943 595

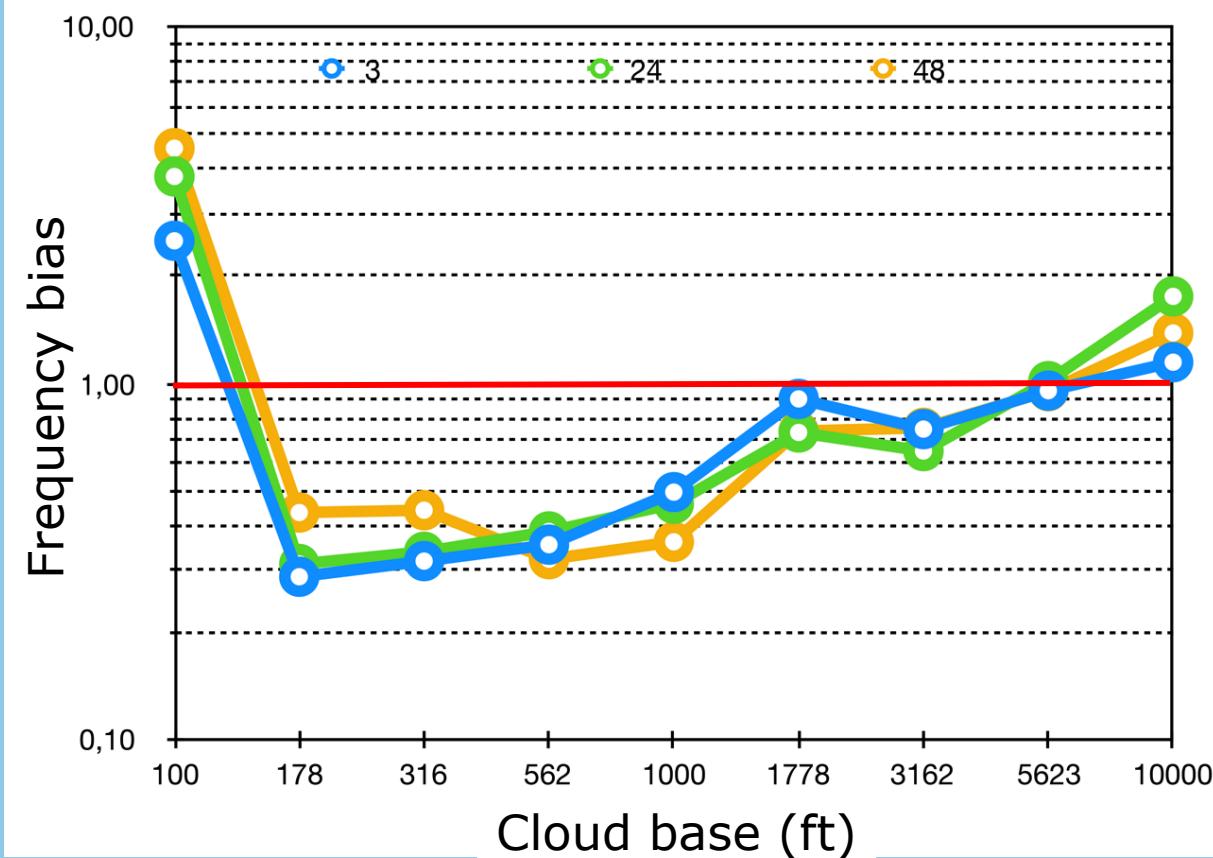
Frequency Bias HAP1 dec18/jan19



40h1.1.1

64 122 356 697 1830 1966 3560 3943 595

Frequency Bias HAP2 dec18/jan19



40h1.1.1 only 30-50% of low cloud cases

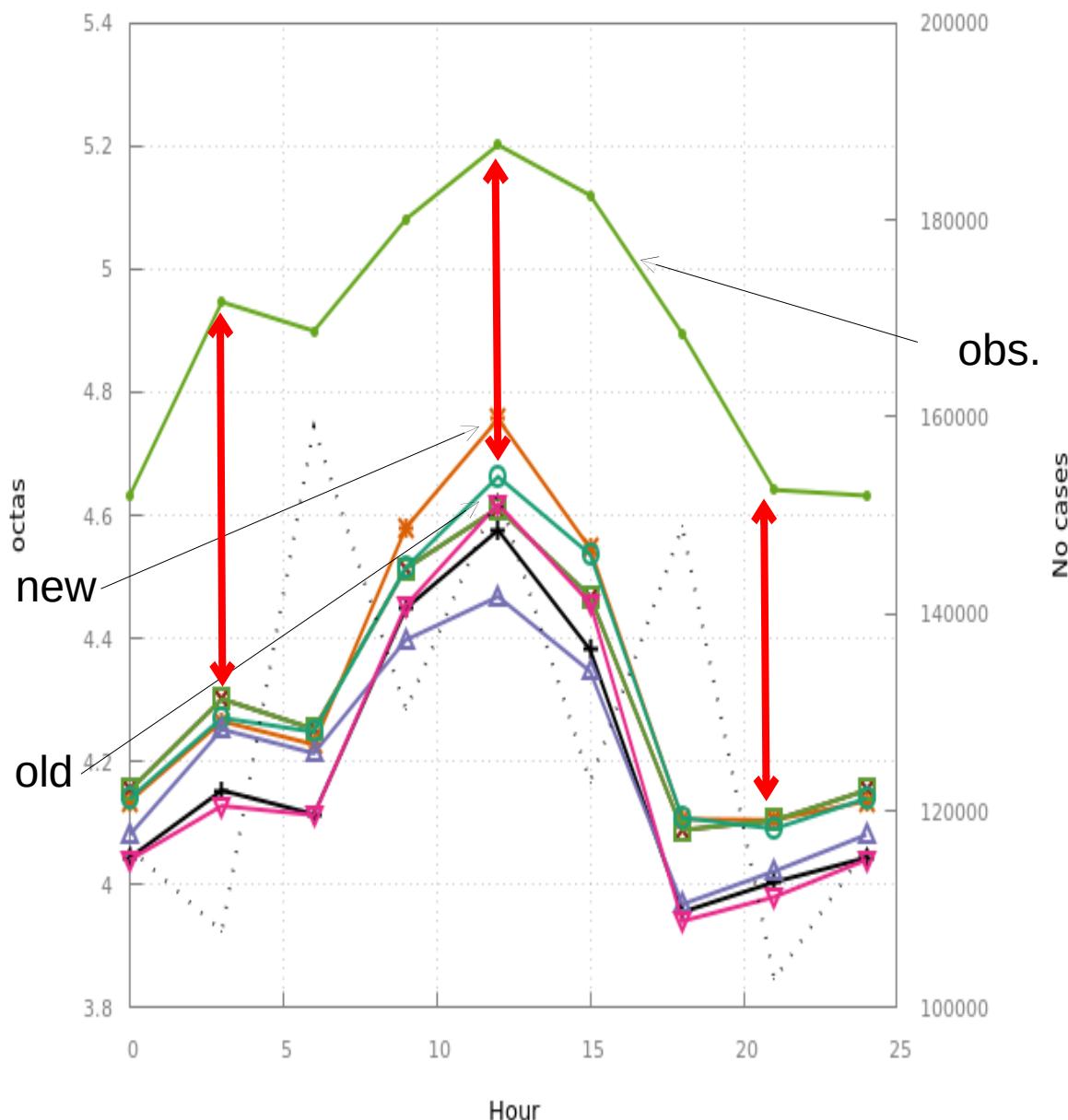


Selection: ALL using 687 stations
Cloud cover Period: 20180528-20180627
Used {00,03,...,21} + 03 06 ... 48

HARATU update (1)

Wim de Rooy

- Improvement in daily cycle cloud cover
- No impact on the big systematic low cloud bias
- This update will be implemented in HARMONIE-AROME cy43h2.1, already tested by KNMI, MetCoOp and AEMET



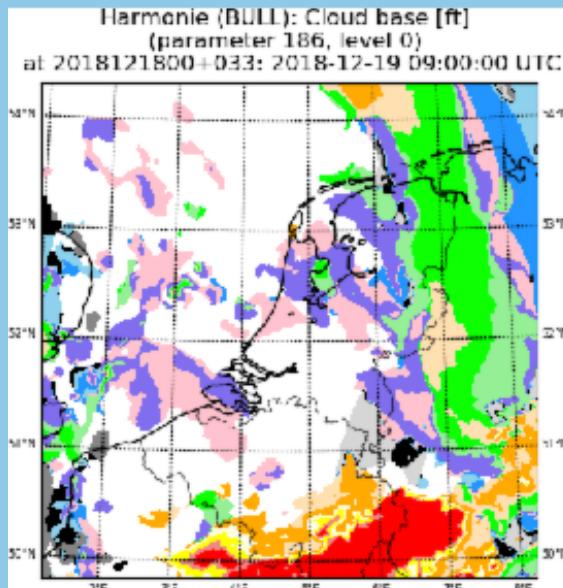
HARATU update 2

Wim de Rooy

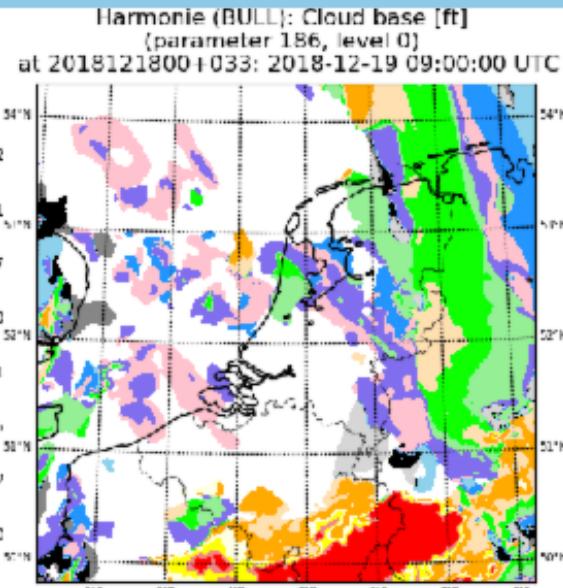


Changes in free atmospheric length scale (LFREE), adjusted statistical cloud scheme and adjustment in calculation of combined length scale
-> more low clouds. In time for HARMONIE-AROME cy43h2.1?

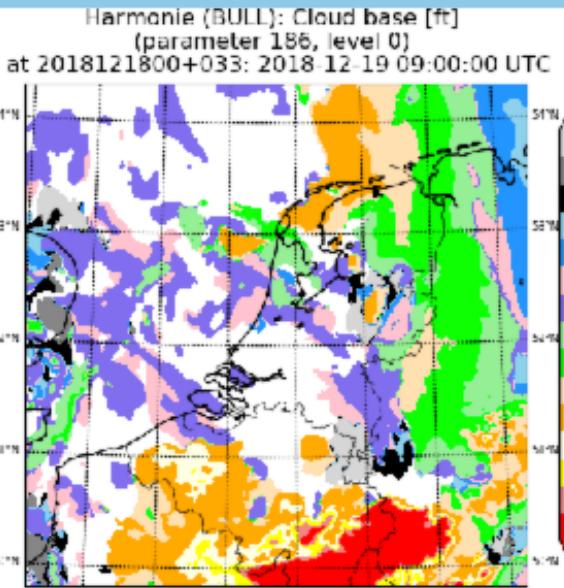
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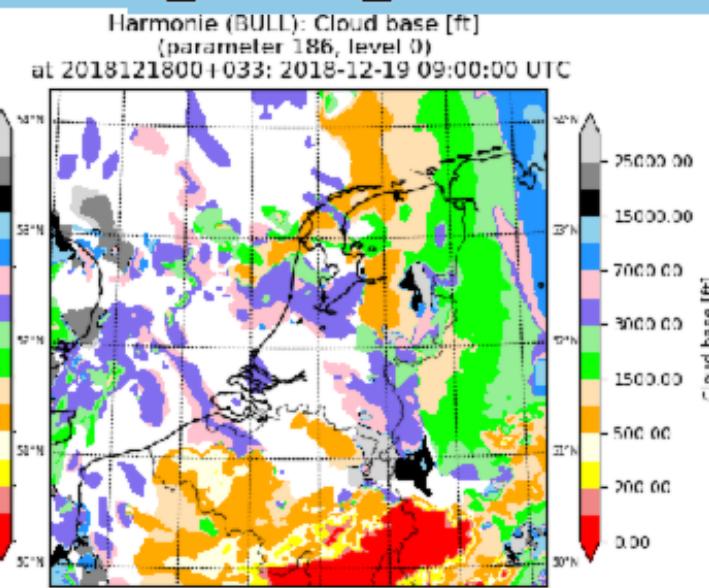
NEWSTAT



POW2_LFREE_ZCH



NEWSTAT and
POW2_LFREE_ZCH

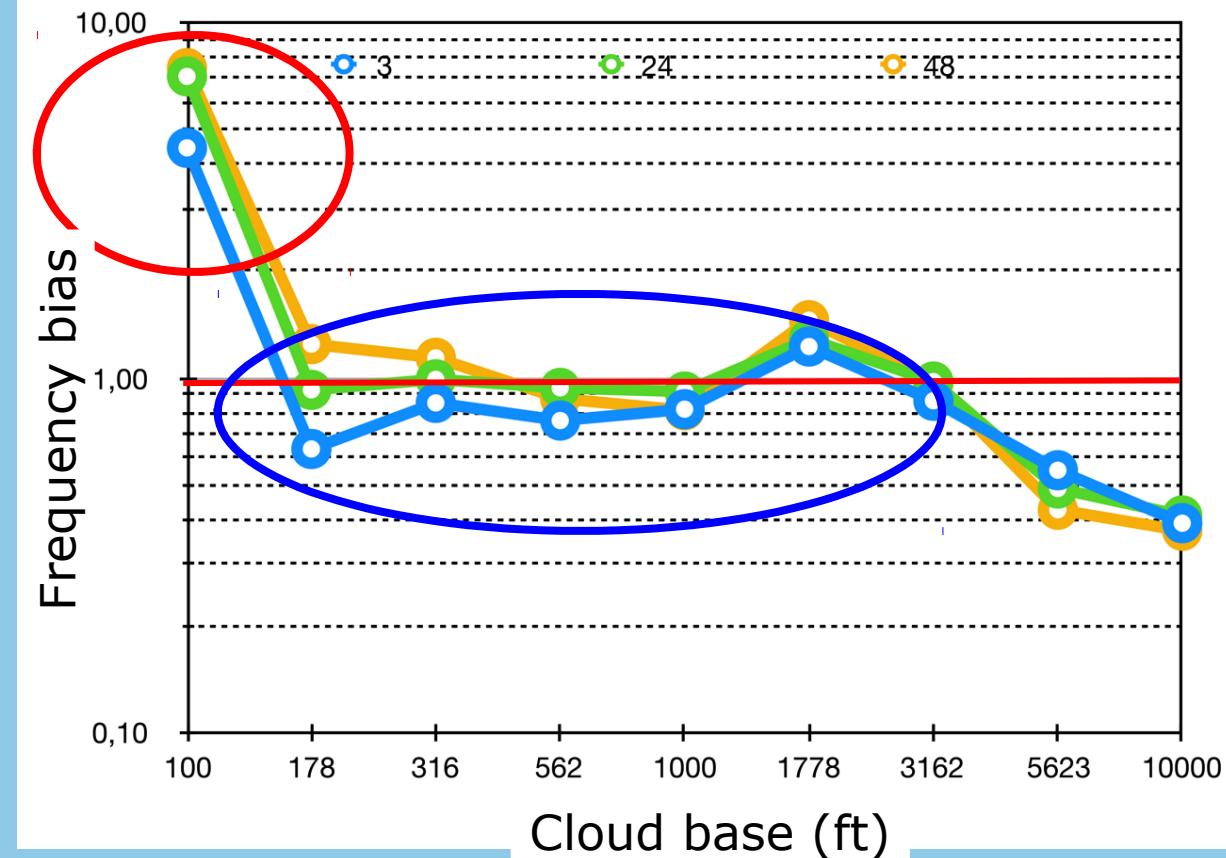




40h1.2tg2, NOHARATU

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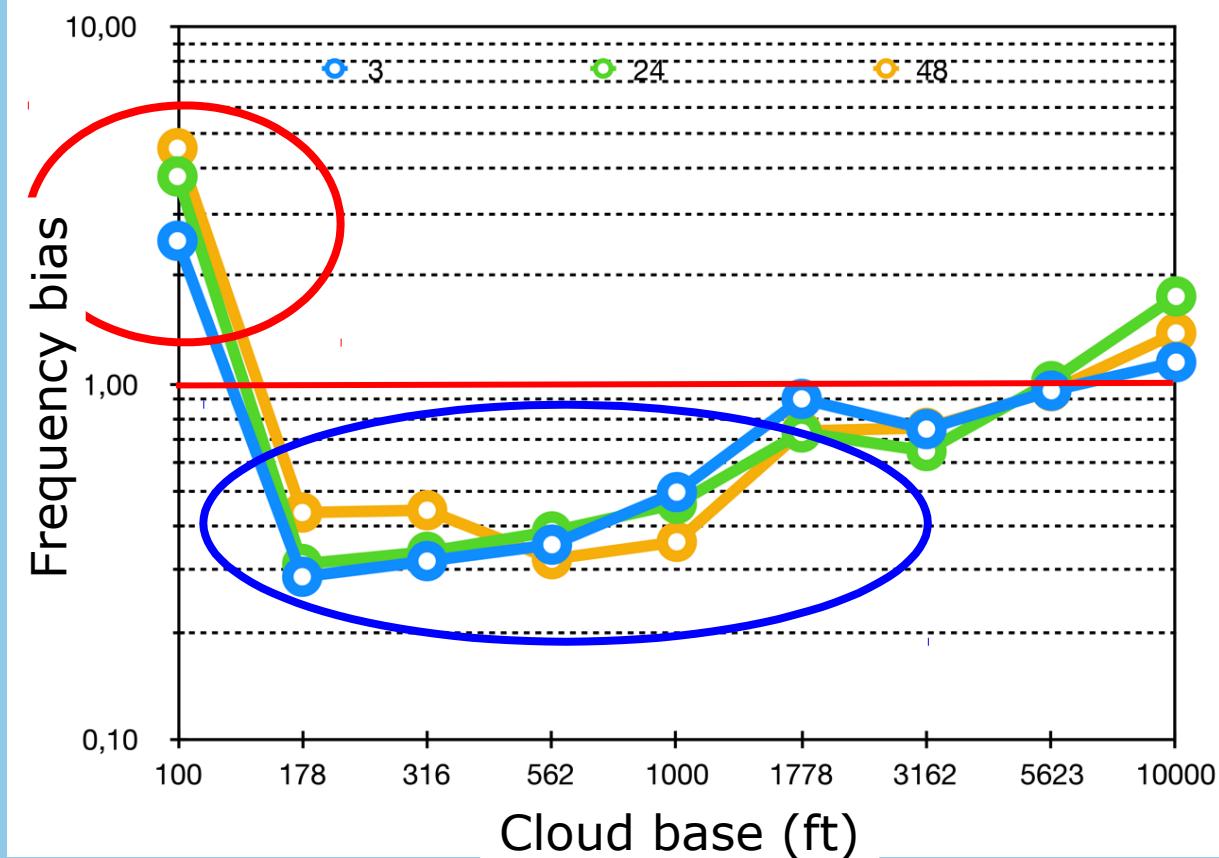
Frequency Bias HAP1 dec18/jan19



40h1.1.1

64 122 356 697 1830 1966 3560 3943 595

Frequency Bias HAP2 dec18/jan19





Convection problems

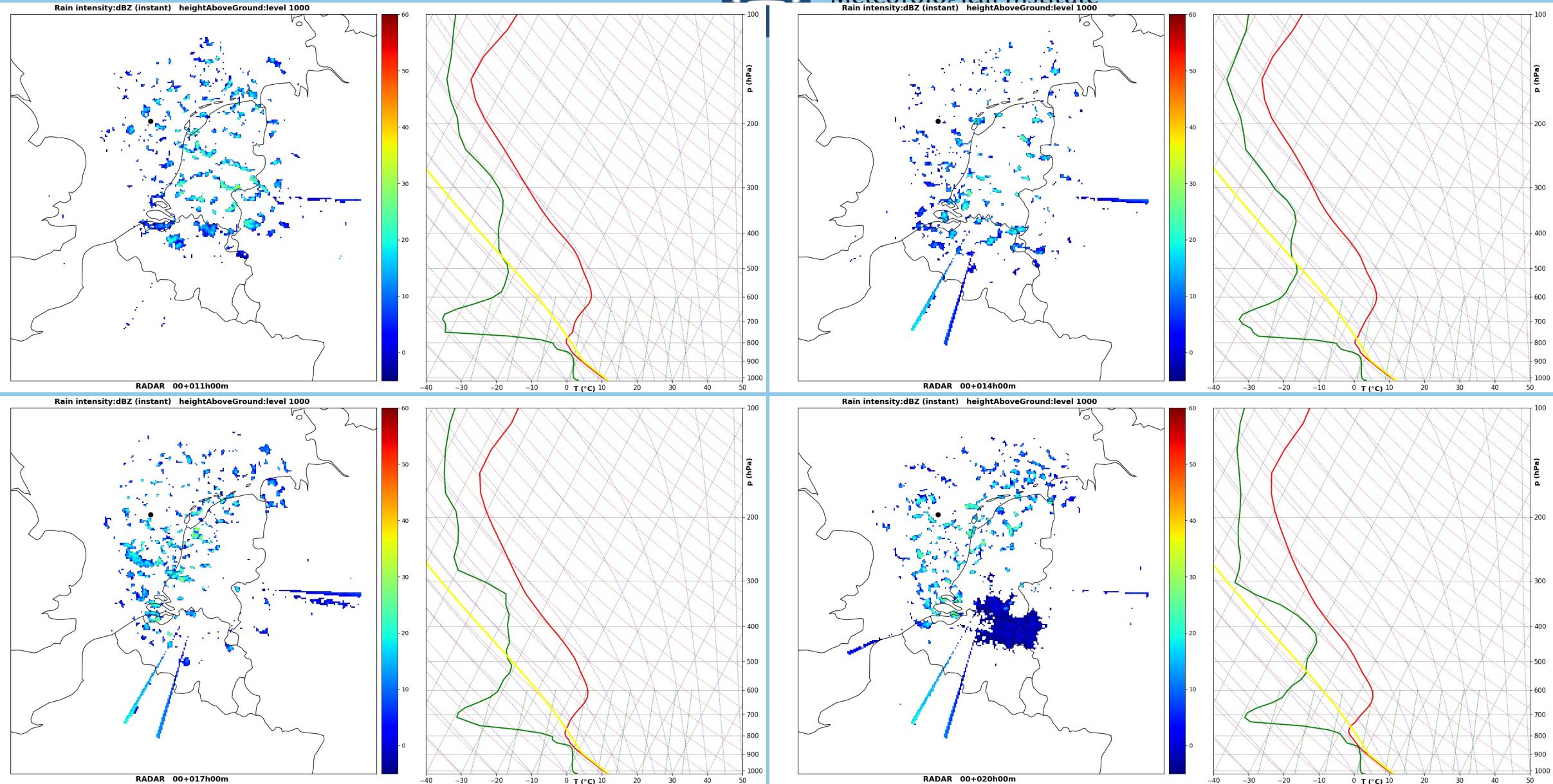
- No initiation of some deep convection
 - Related to surface problems, drying out of soil -> possible fix
 - Other cases unexplained
- Missing showers in specific conditions: clouds warmer than -15°C , open cell convection over the sea
- Missing stratiform stage after severe deep convection, precipitation too small scale and dying out too quickly

2017-10-29: open cell case; RADAR

Bram van
't Veen



Meteorological Institute

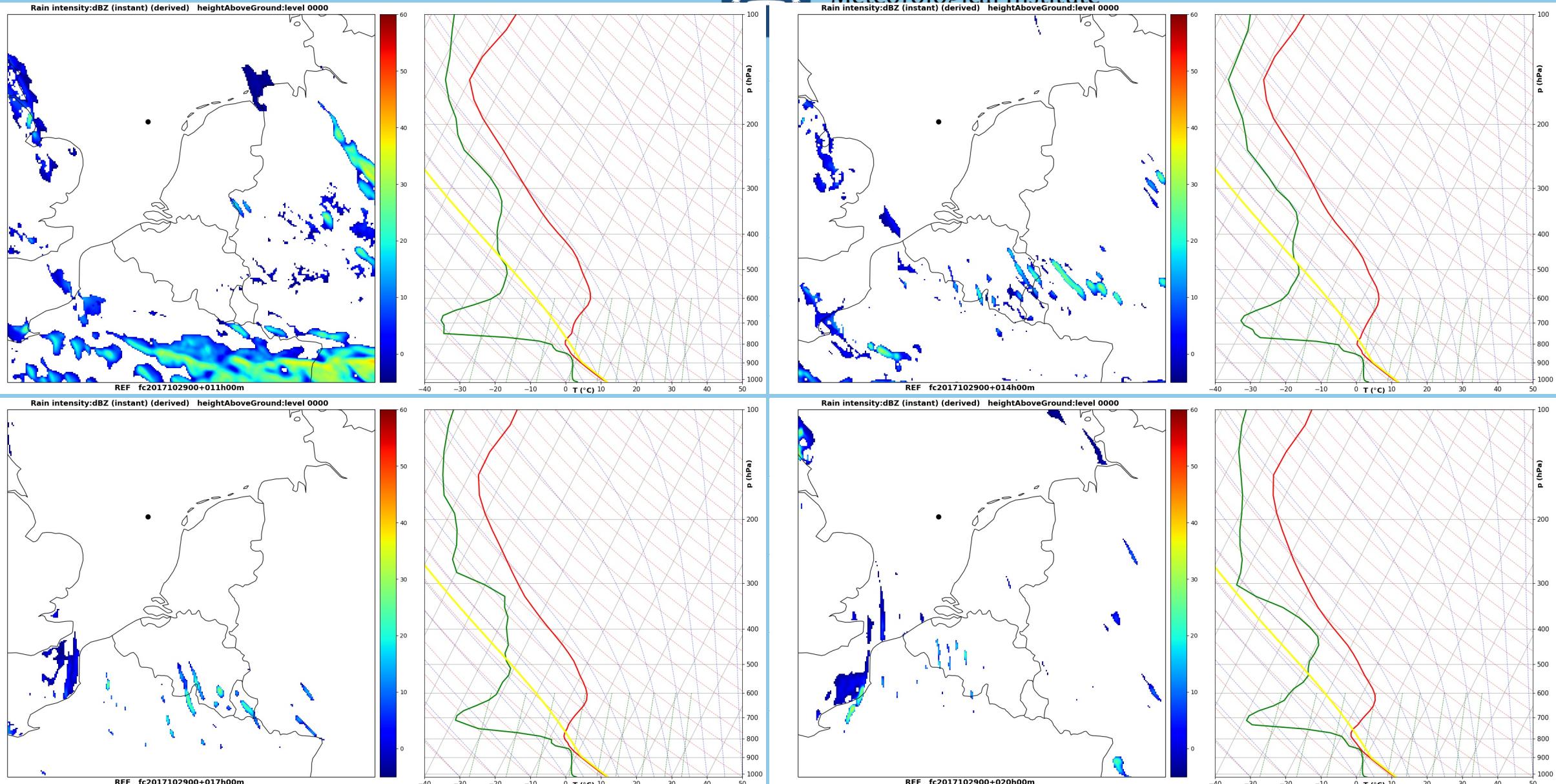


2017-10-29: open cell case; REF

Bram van
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Meteorological Institute

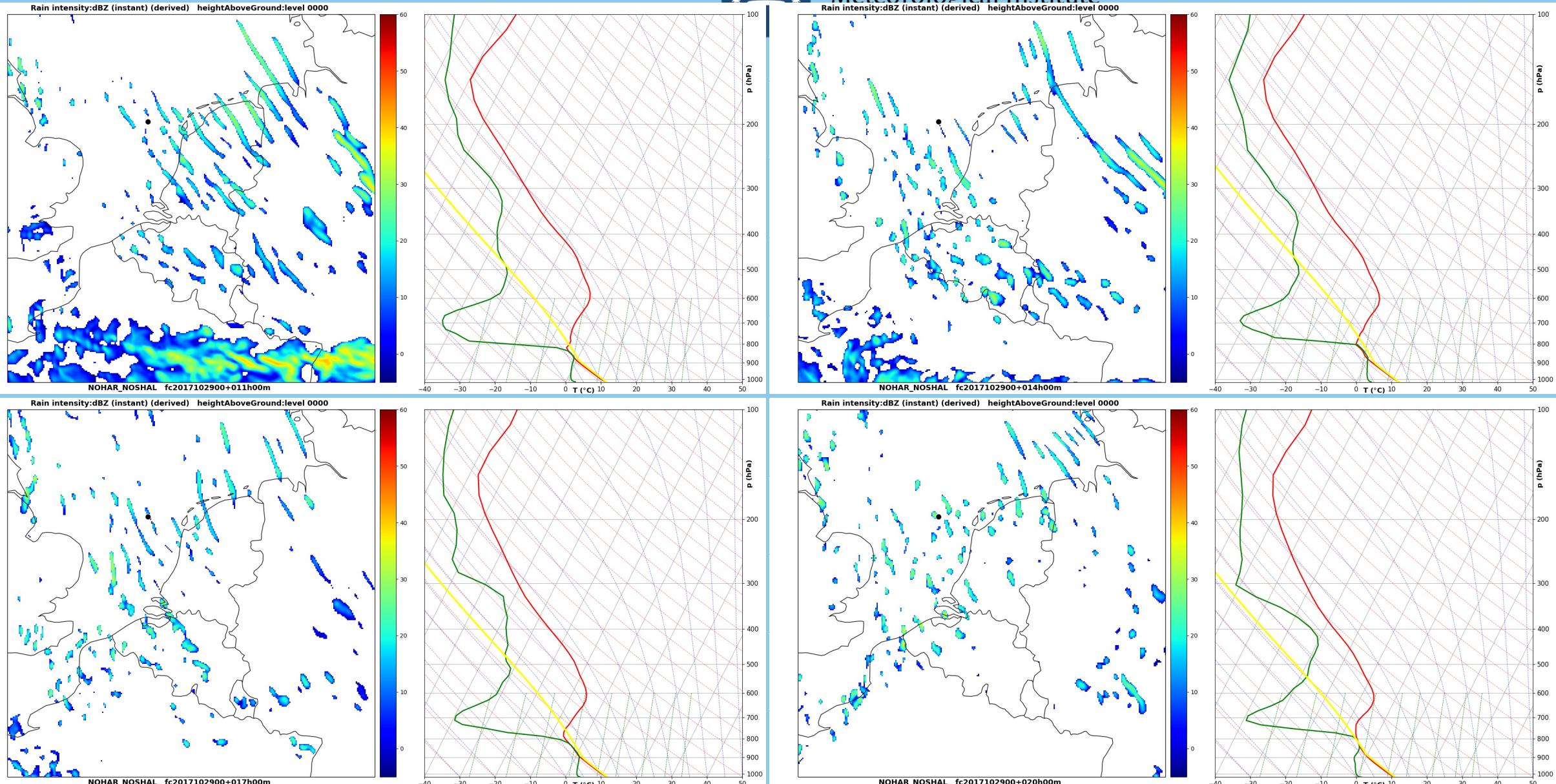


2017-10-29: open cell case; NOSHALL

Bram van
't Veen



Meteorological Institute

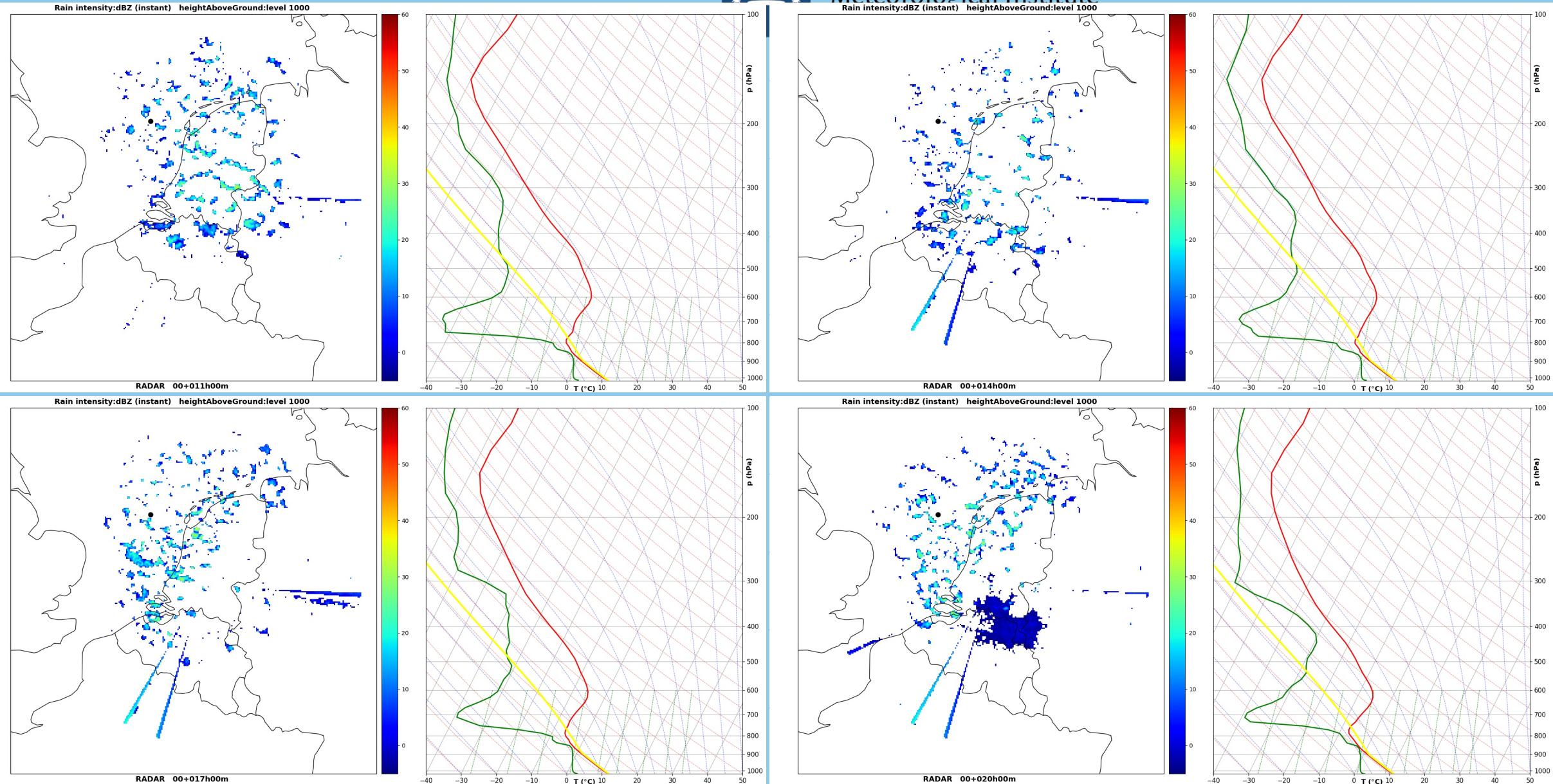


2017-10-29: open cell case; RADAR

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Meteorological Institute

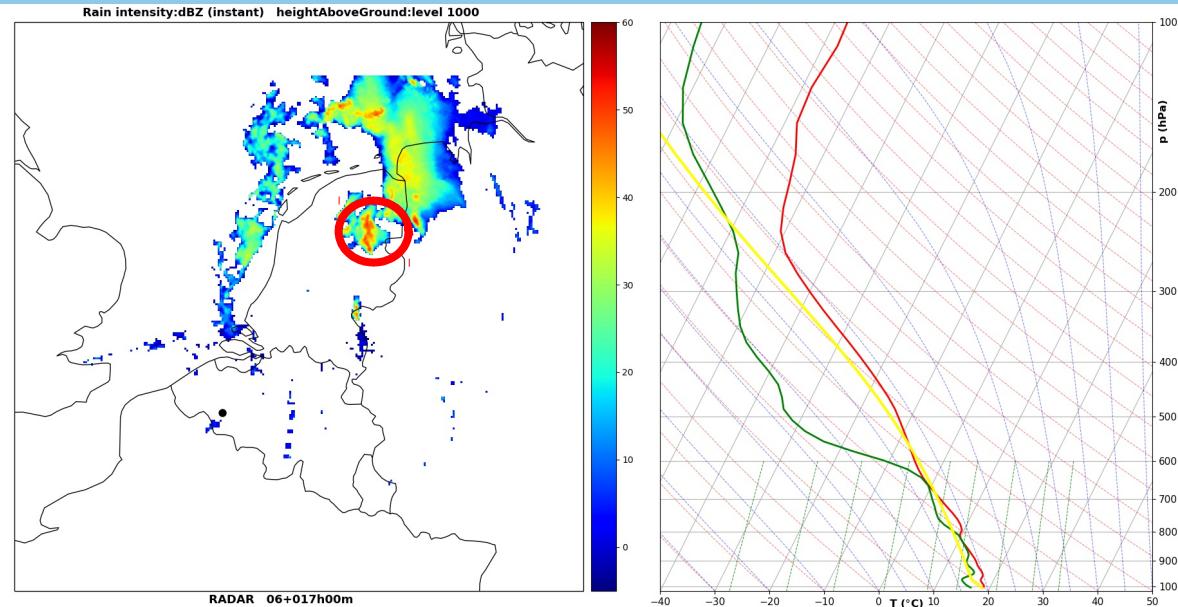
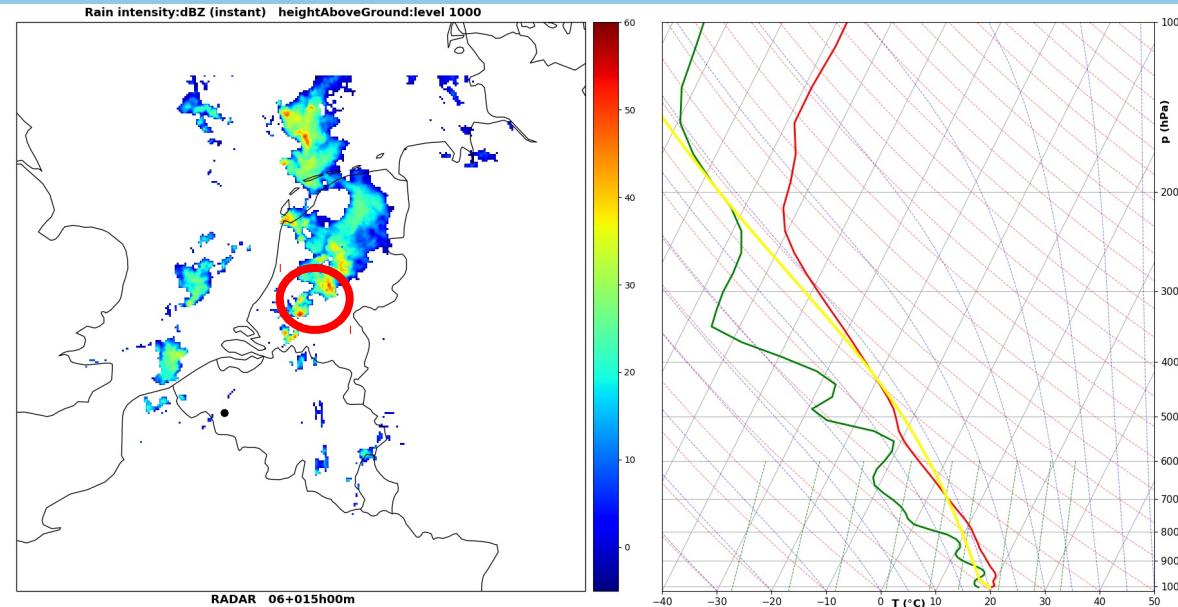
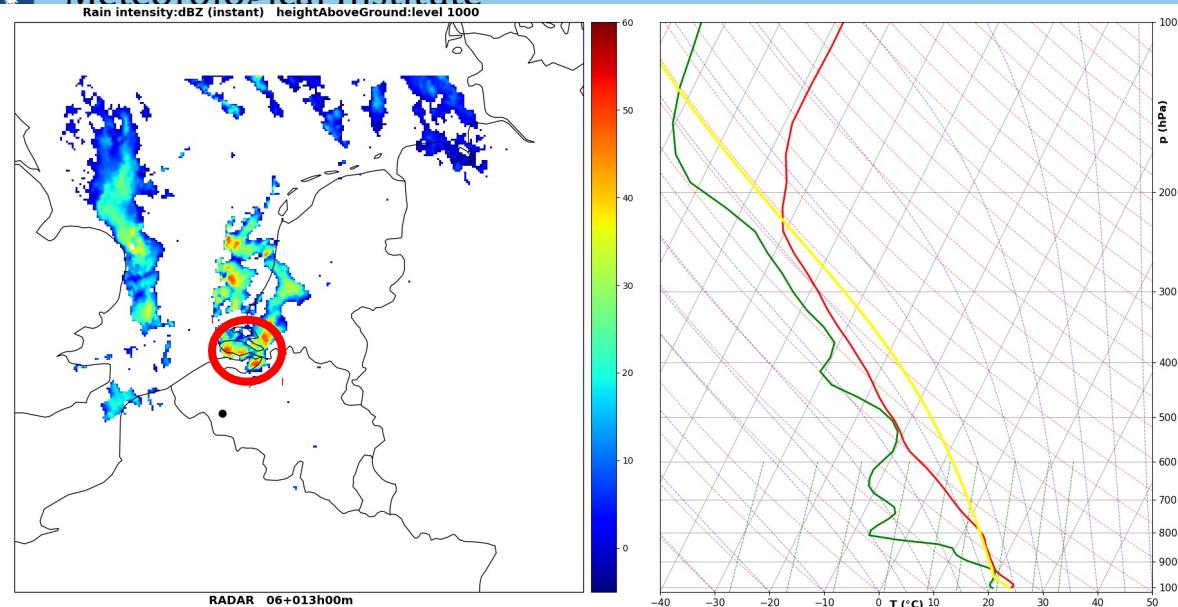
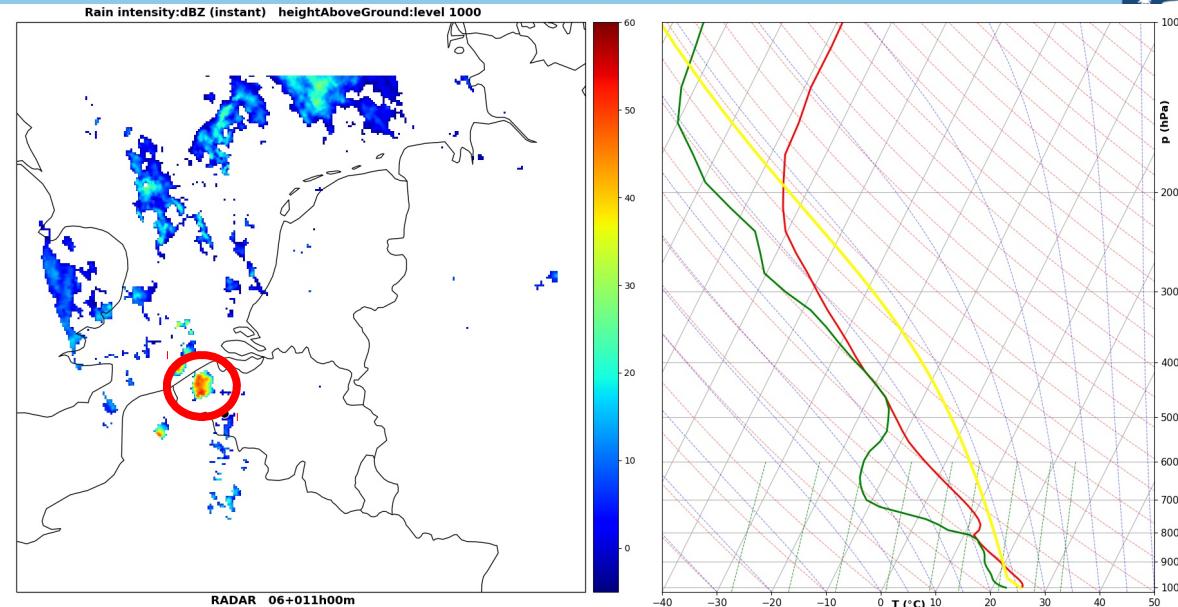


2011-09-10, supercell case; RADAR

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Meteorological Institute

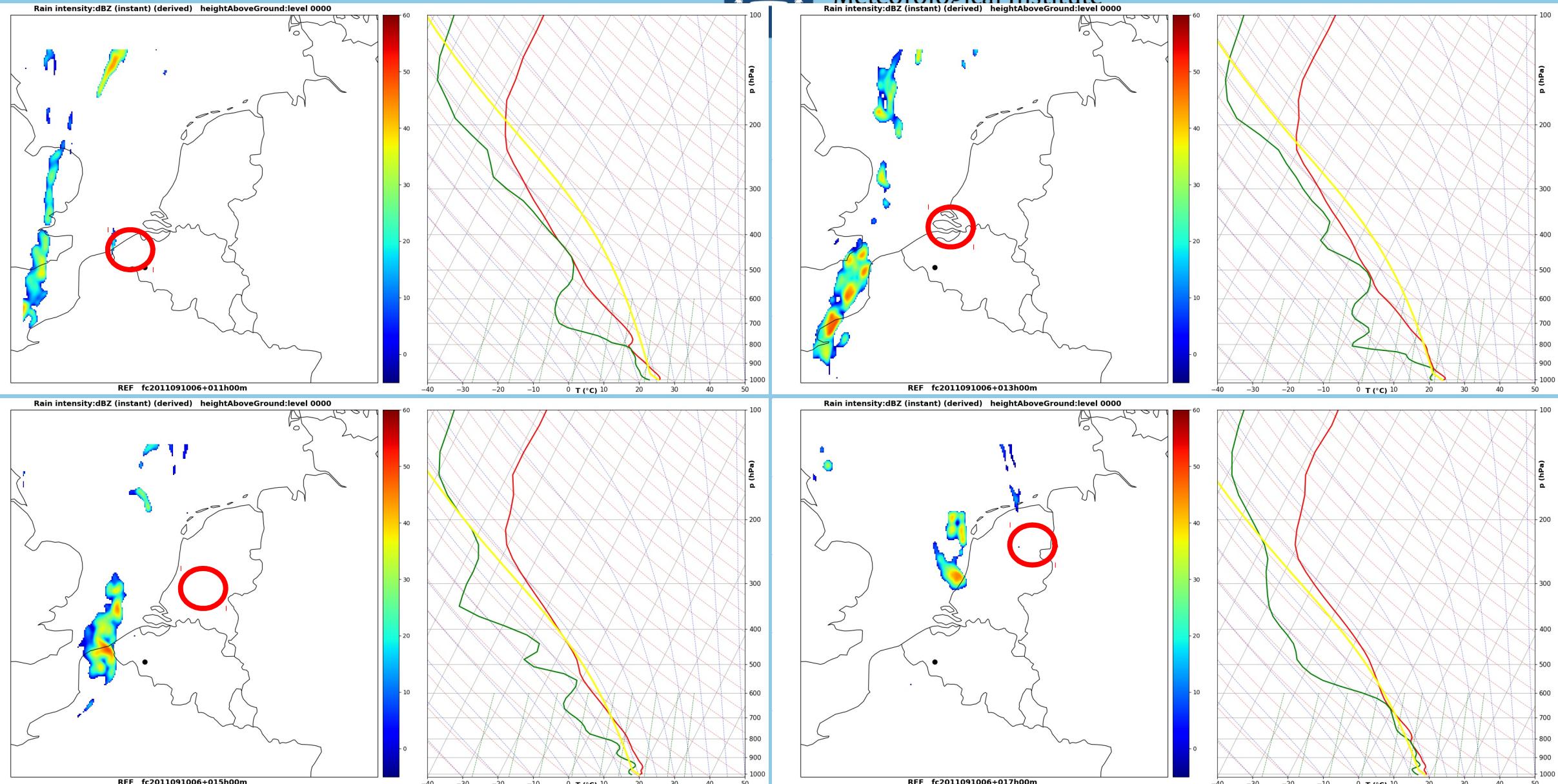


2011-09-10, supercell case; 40h1.1.1

Bram van
't Veen



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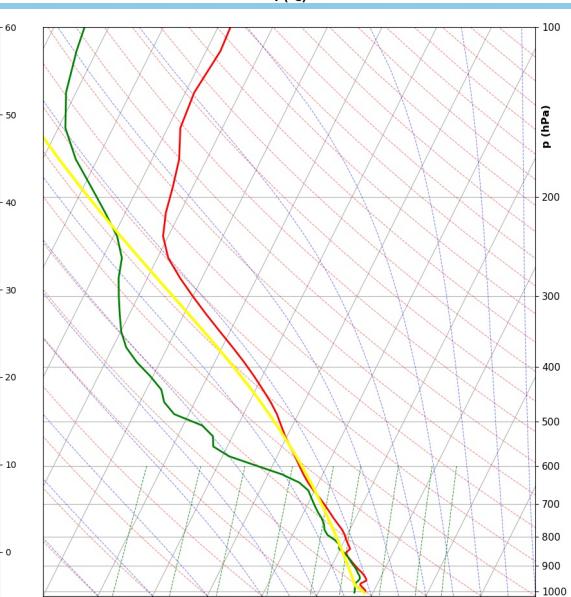
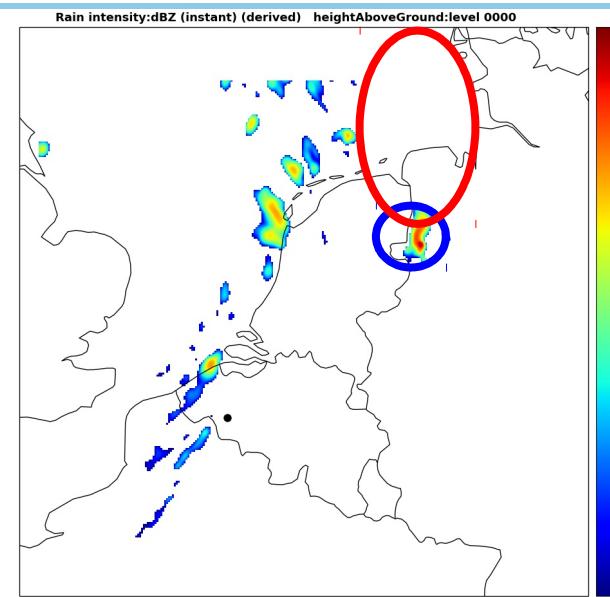
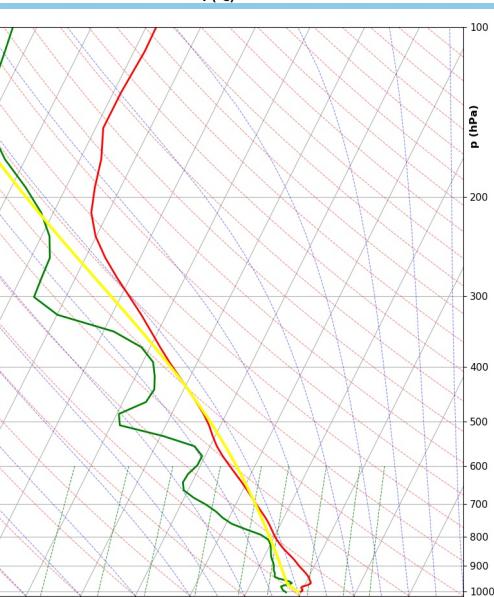
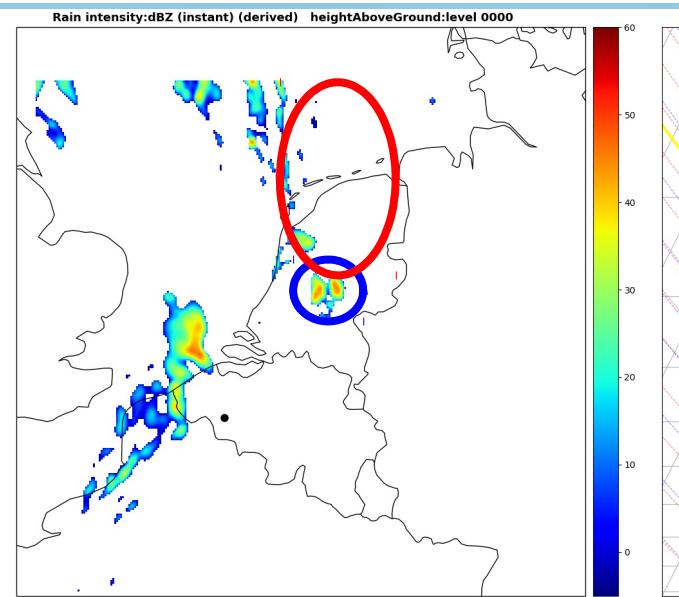
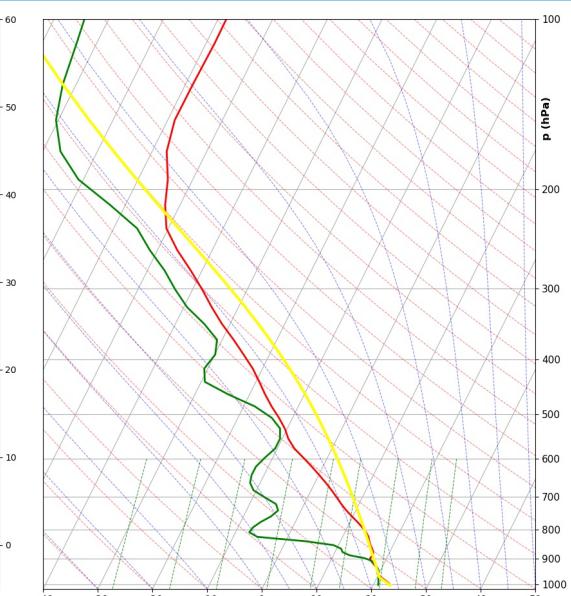
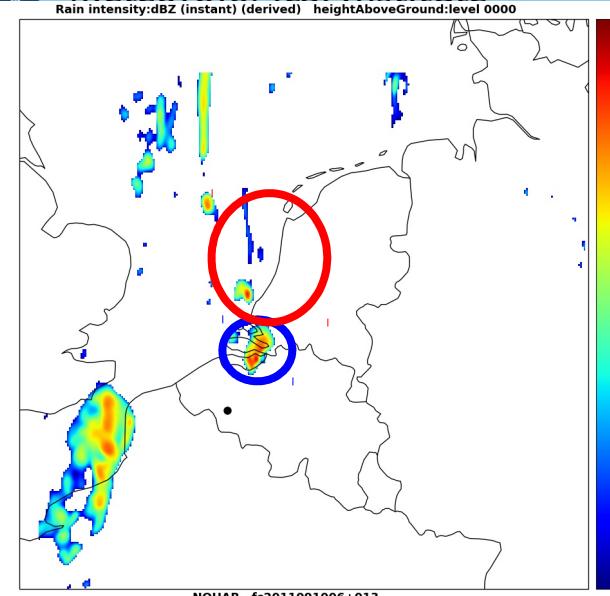
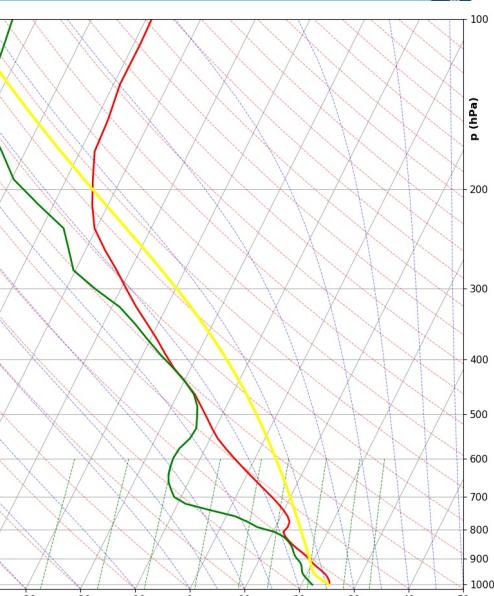
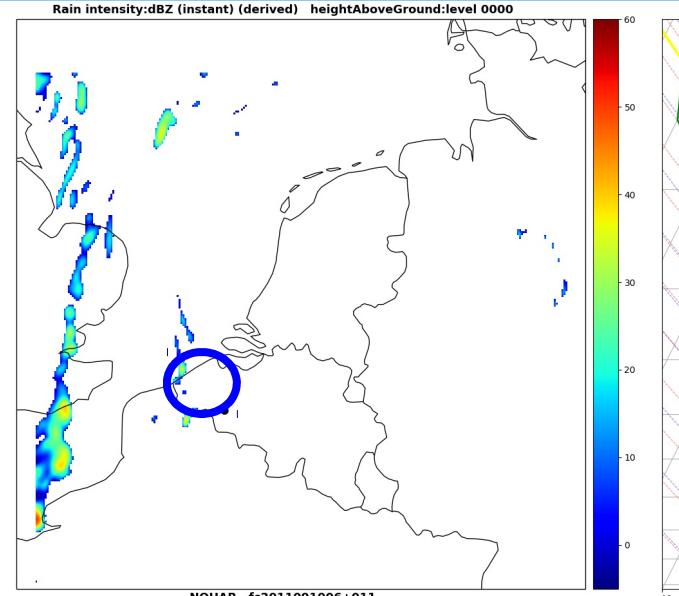


2011-09-10, supercell case; NOHARAT

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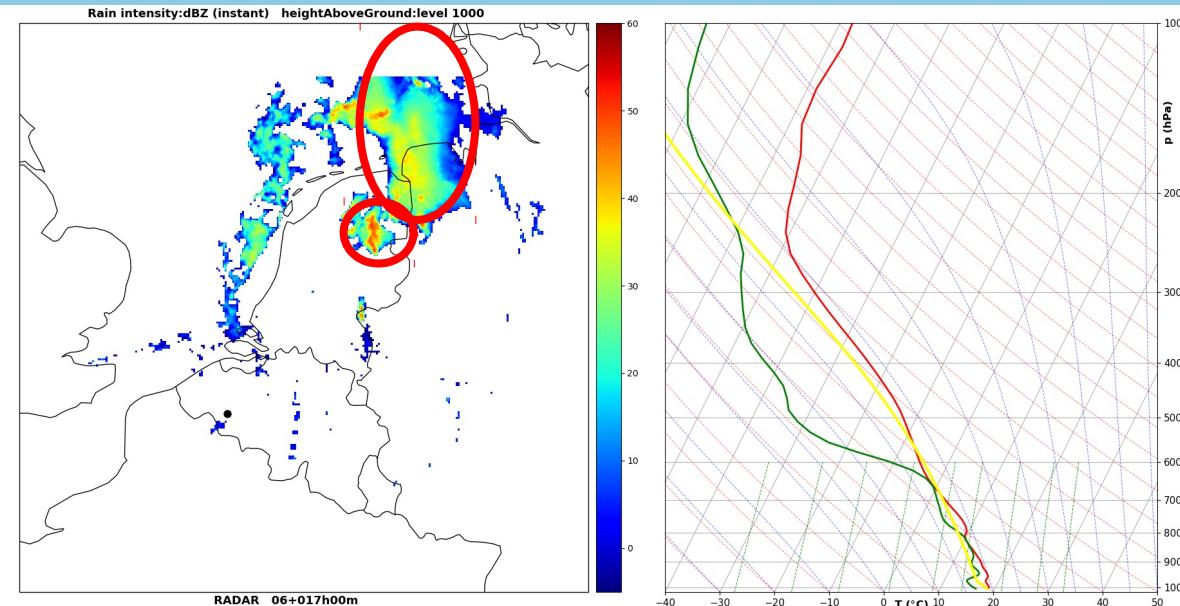
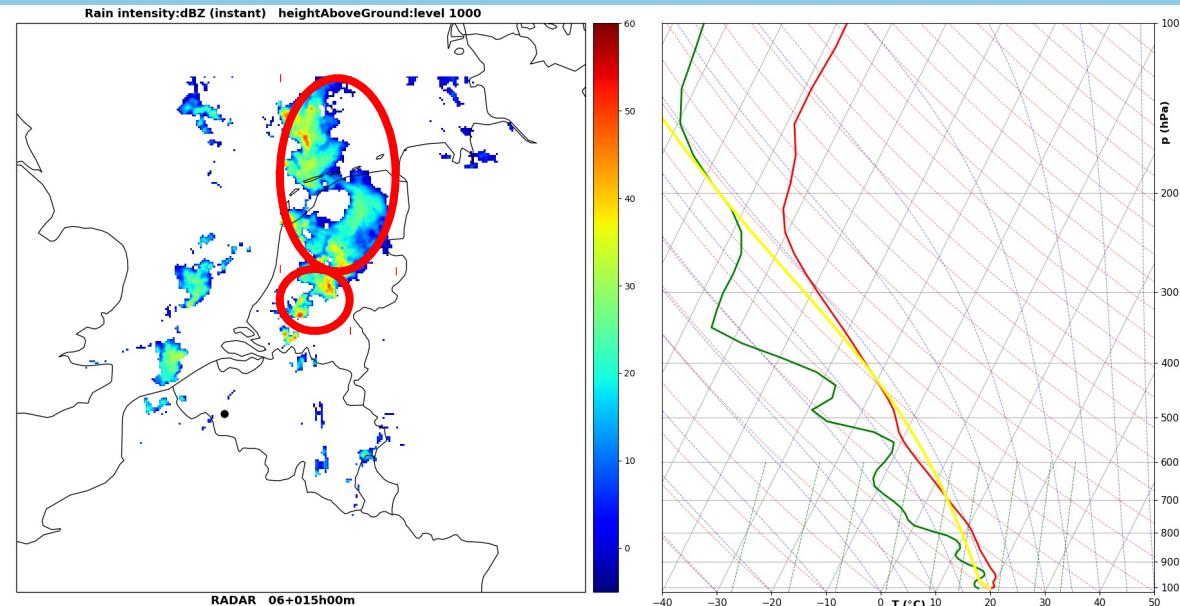
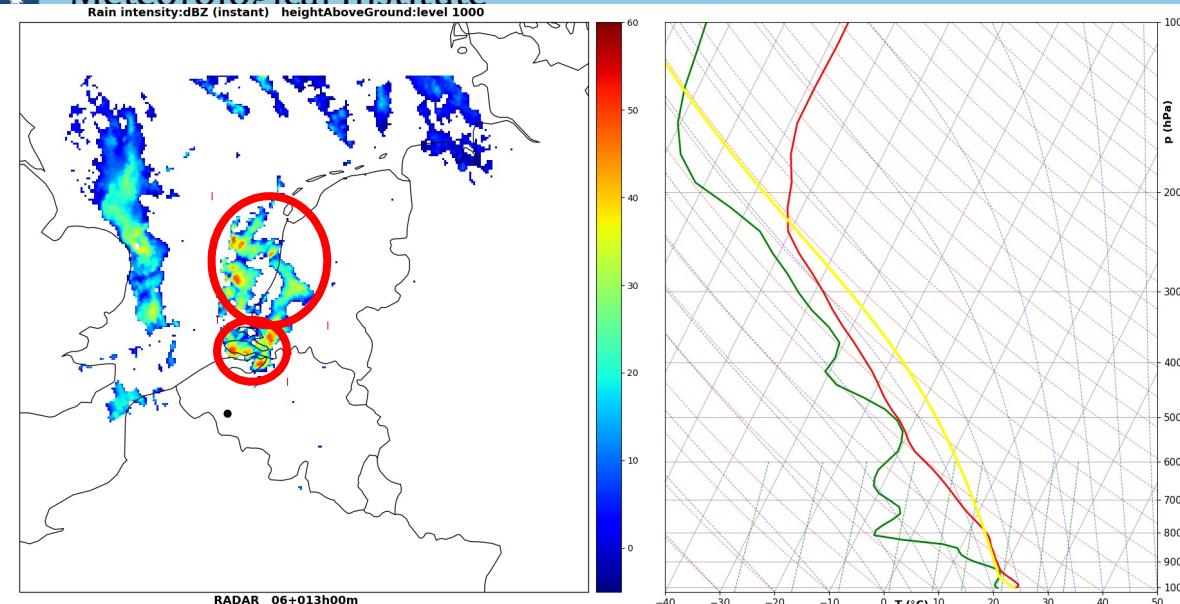
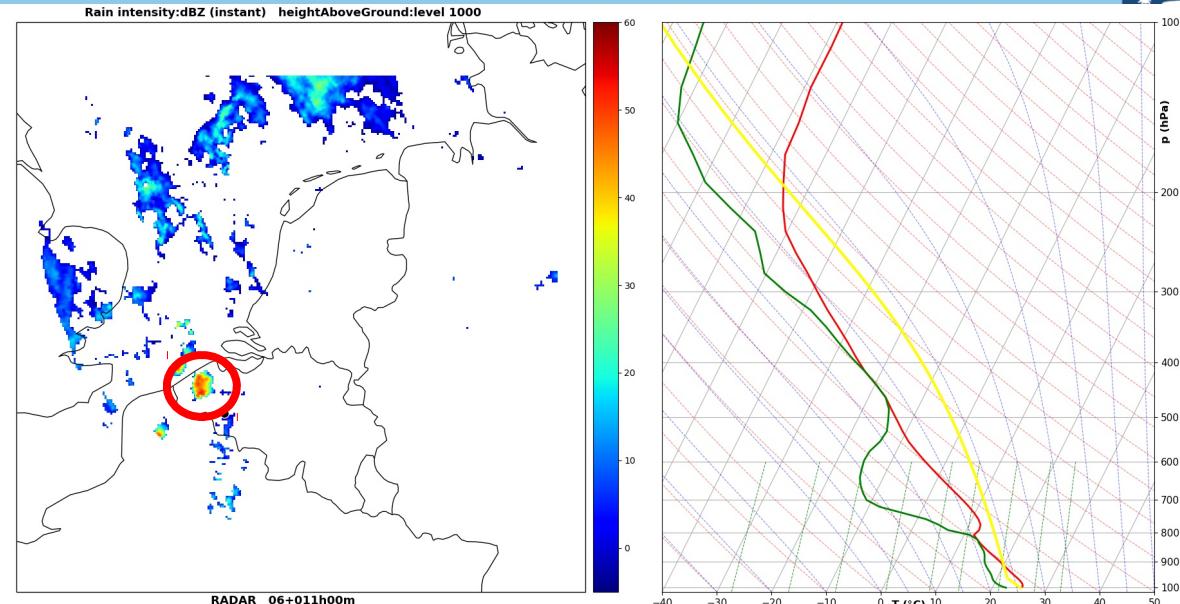


2011-09-10, supercell case; RADAR

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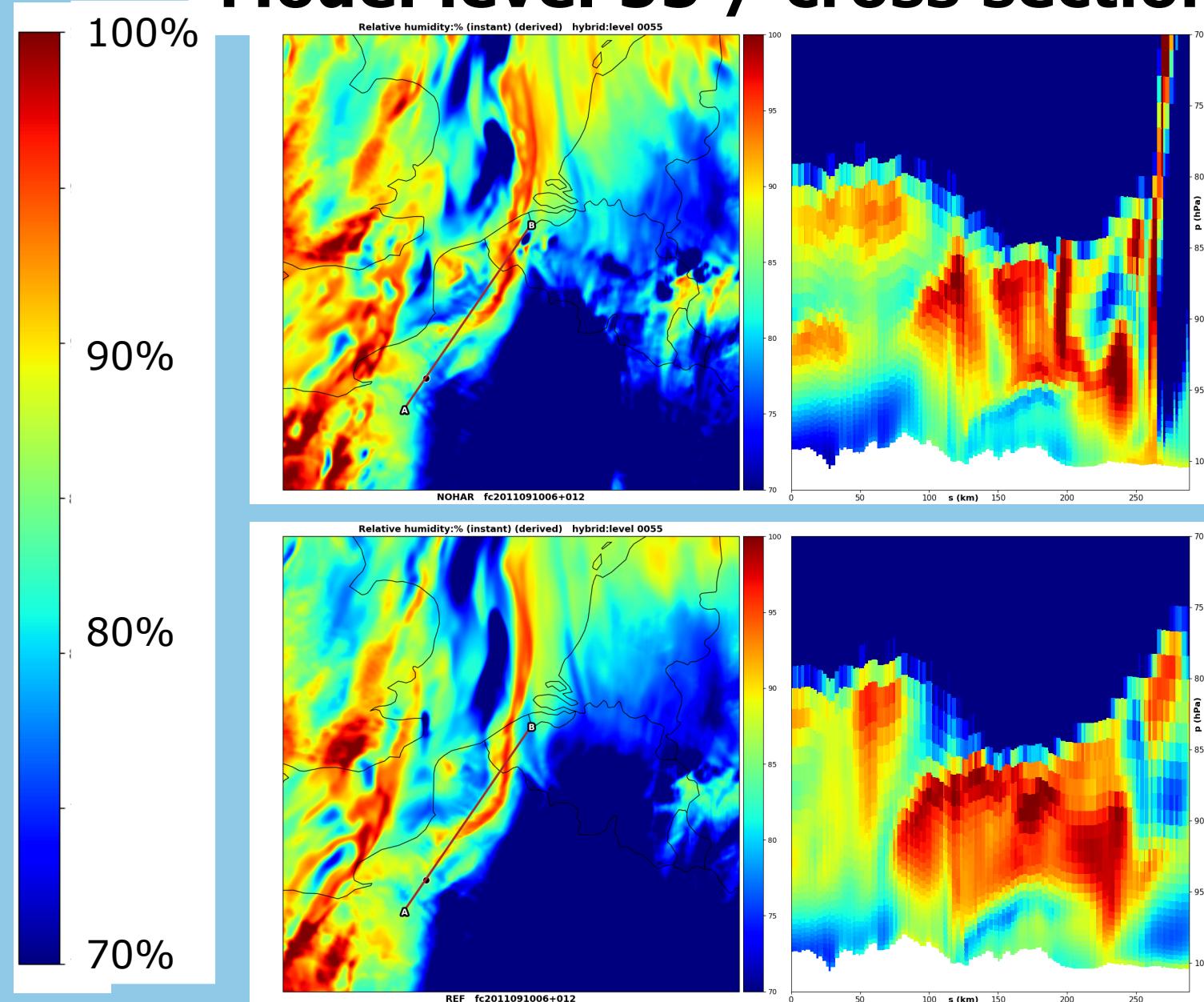


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Relative humidity Model level 55 / cross section

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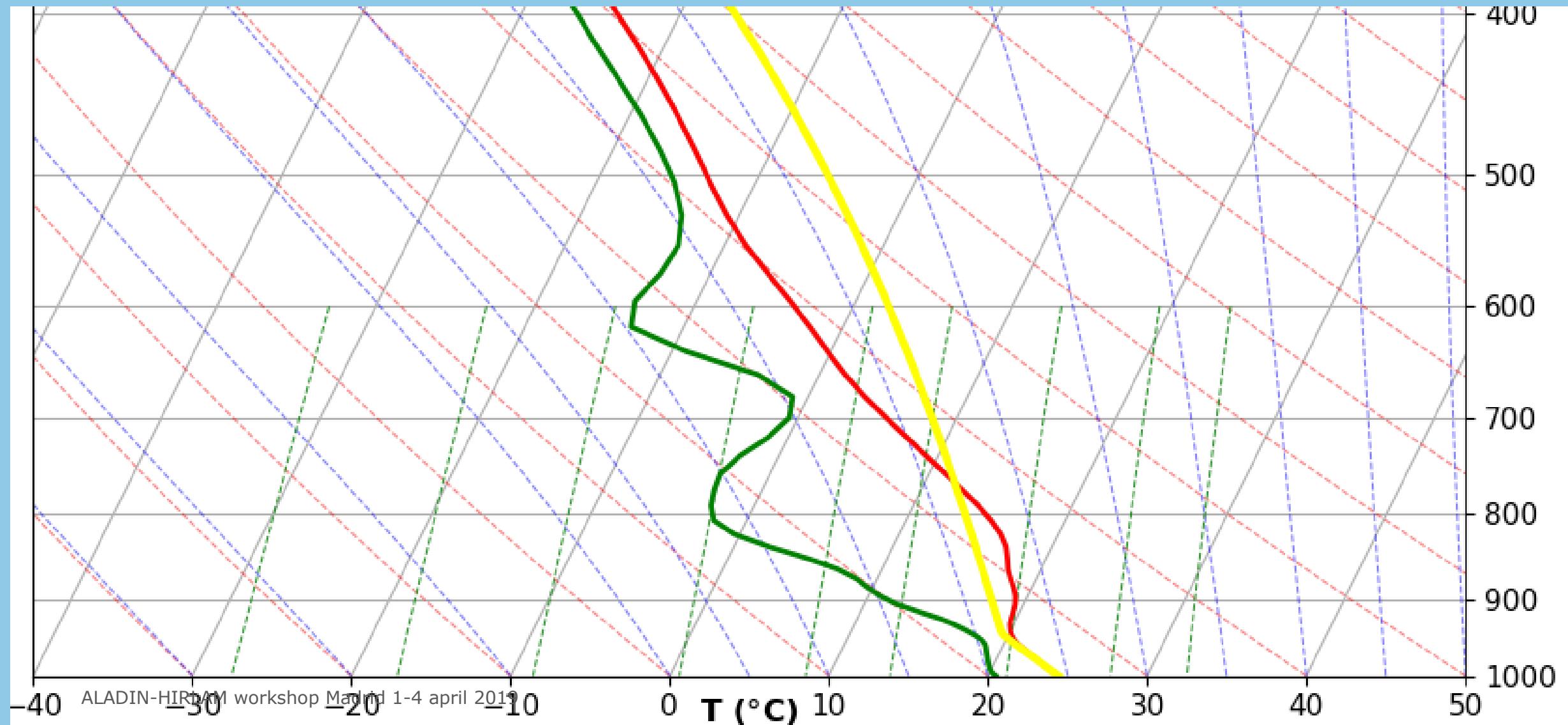


NOHARATU

Reference

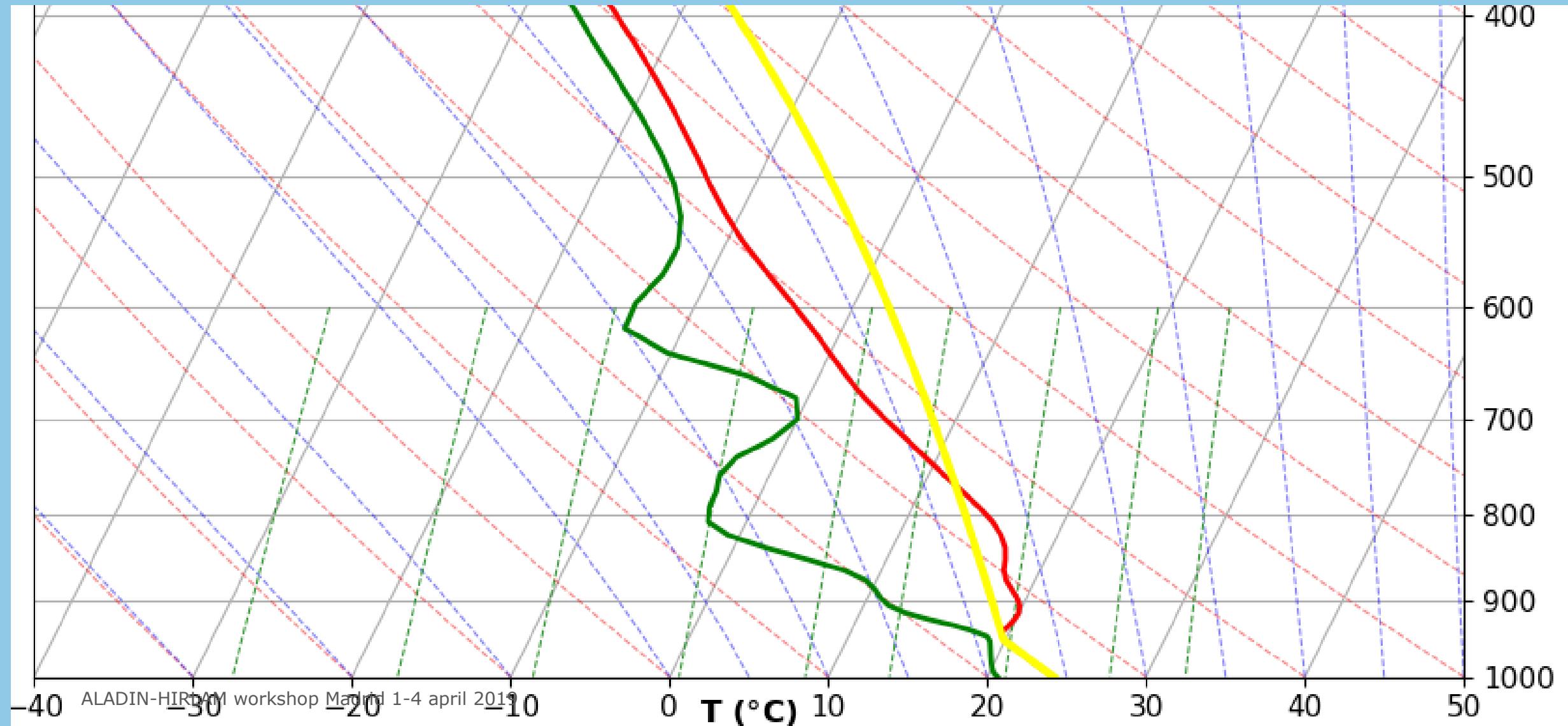
Skew-T: Reference

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Skew-T: NOHARATU

Bram van
't Veen

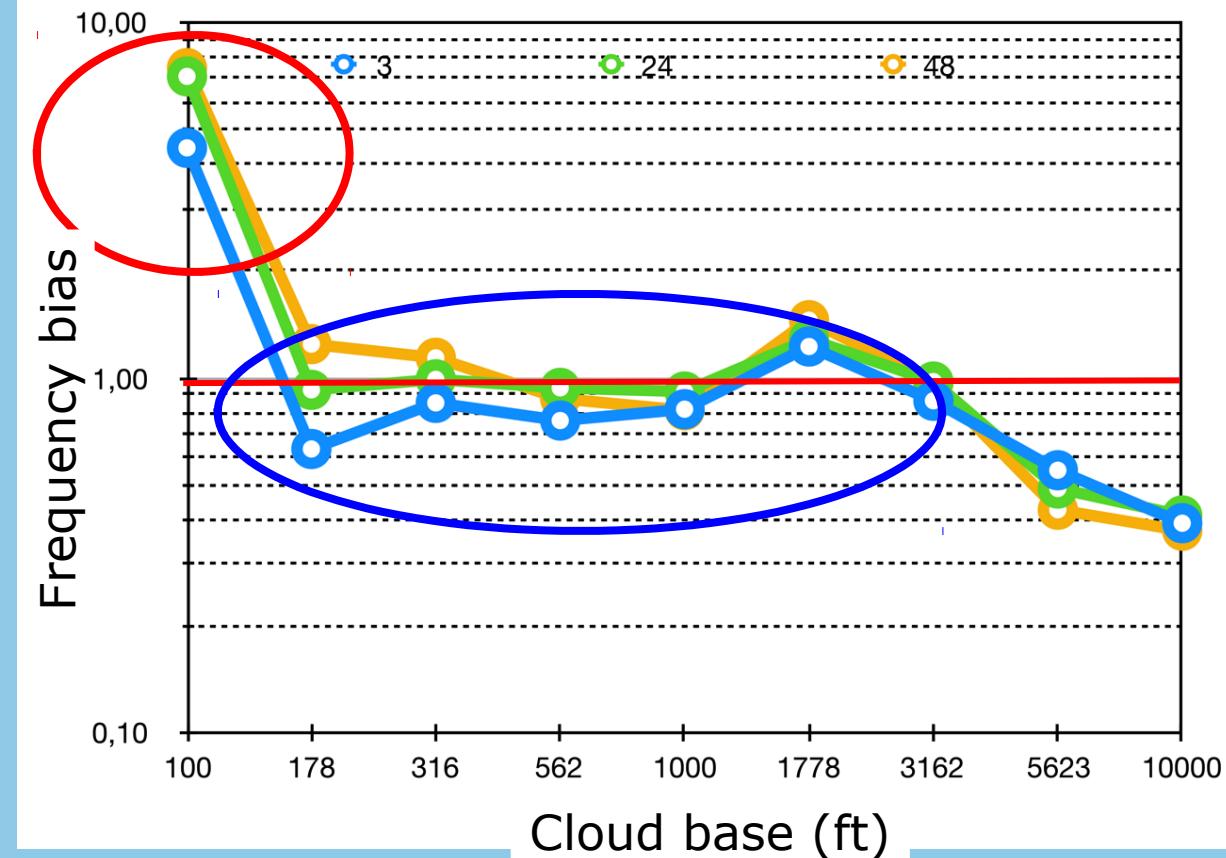




40h1.2tg2, NOHARATU

64 122 356 697 1830 1966 3560 3943 595

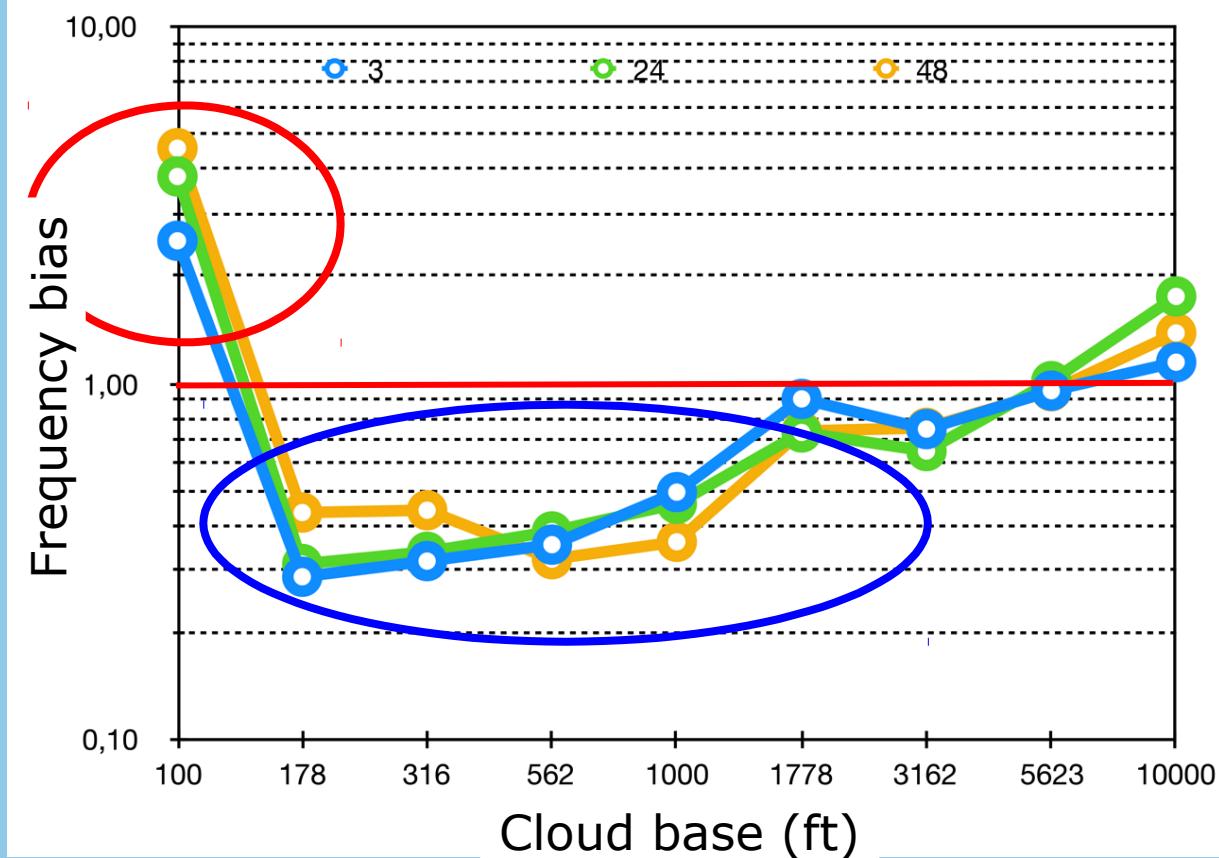
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40h1.1.1

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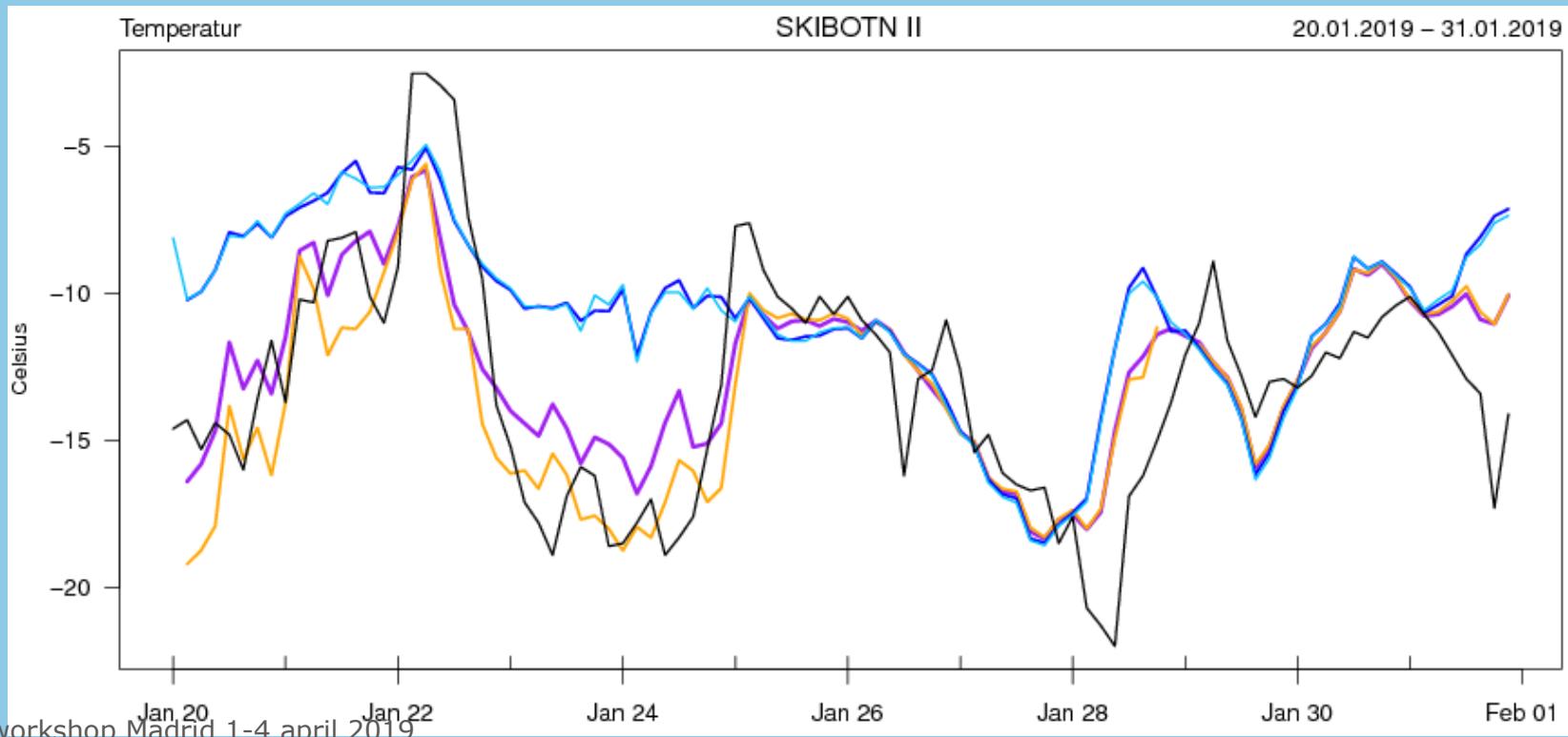
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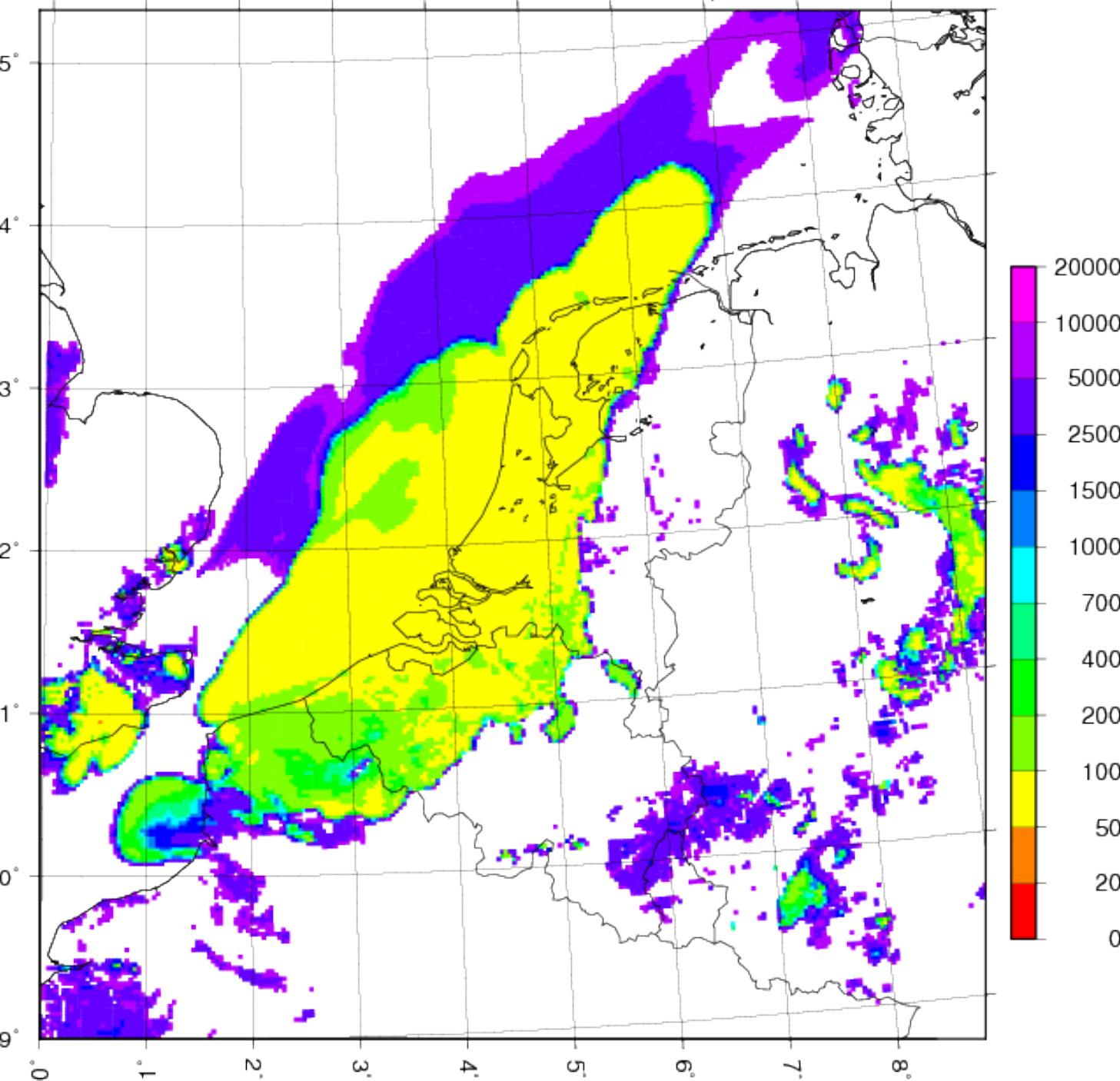
Surface fluxes, impact on stable boundary layer

- Impact XRIMAX on surface fluxes
- Current setting 0.0
- With 0.2 or 0.5 much lower temperatures in model possible than reference, better representation of very cold stable boundary layers





HAP2 zicht an 2019032903 val 29 – 03, 7 UTC



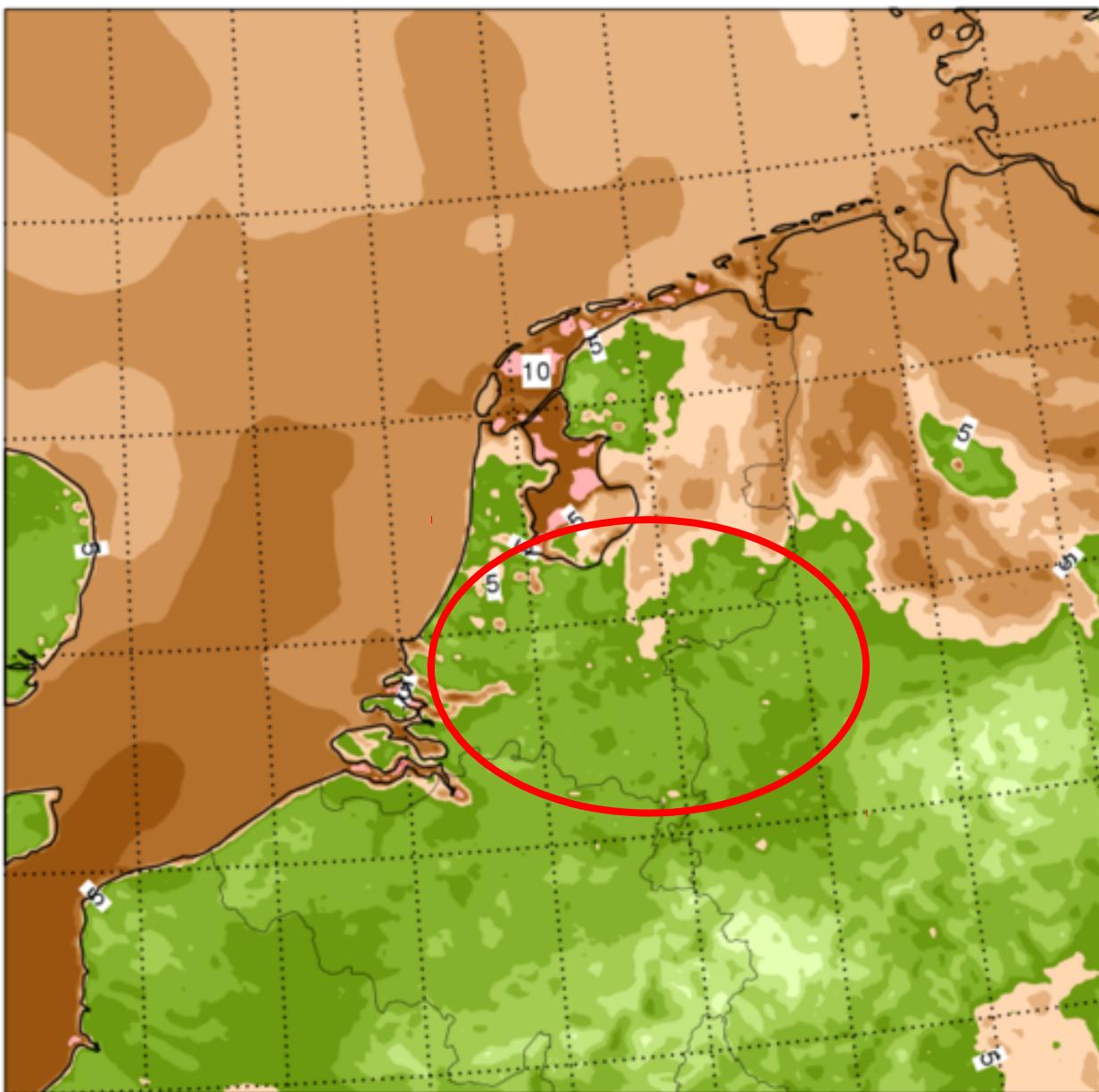
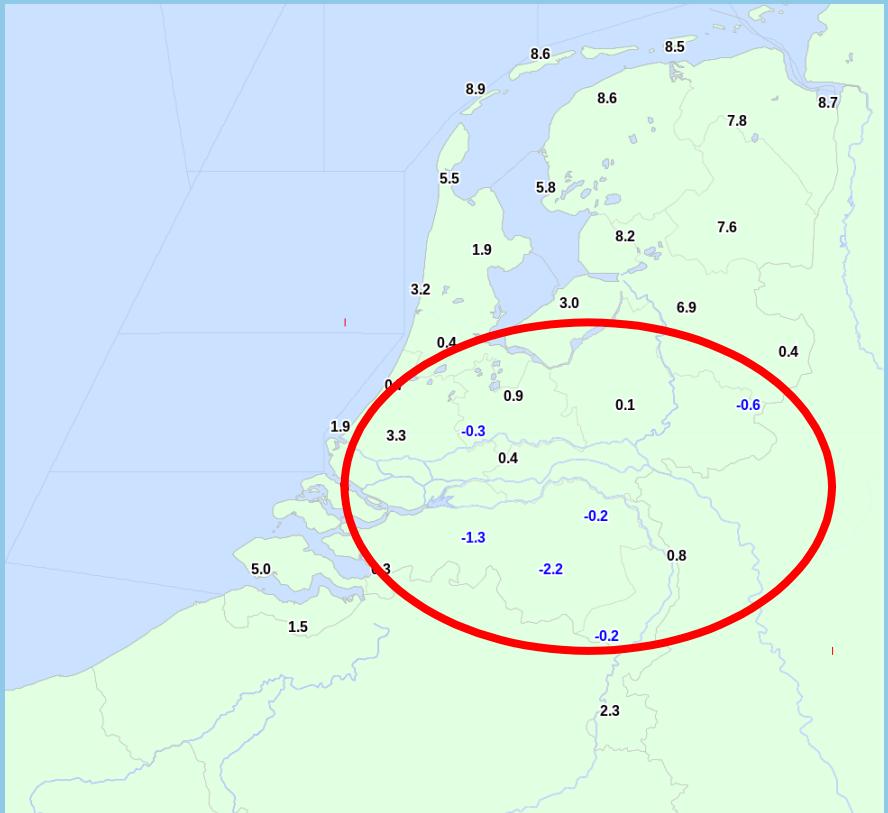


HAP2 t+6 TSK an: 2019032818, fc: Vr 29-3 2019, 0UTC



Surface fluxes, impact on stable boundary layer

- Impact XRIMAX on T_opp and fog formation?





Conclusions

- Update HARATU 1 (daily cycle of shallow convection) and 2 (bias low clouds)
- Convection may also be improved by HARATU update 2, too dry PBL-top cause of some missed deep convection
- Open cell moderately cold convection only possible with shutting down shallow convection scheme. Do this dependent on forecasted depth of clouds and possible solid precip?
- Stable boundary layer strongly impacted by surface fluxes and XRIMAX. Impact of XRIMAX on overestimation of fog?