

# Towards a better understanding of changes in European temperature extremes

## A multi-model analysis from CMIP5/CFMIP2

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# Motivations

## Temperature extremes?

- Extremely warm/cold days:  $T_{\max}/T_{\min}$  above/below the 90<sup>th</sup>/10<sup>th</sup> centile of a reference pdf (e.g., observations or *historical* runs).
- Highest impacts, responses not necessarily scaled on the mean.

## Questions

- Uncertainties in GCMs: Large-scale circulation? Soil processes? Cloud feedbacks?
- How to separate dynamical vs. non-dynamical contributions?

## Multi-model data (9 GCMs so far)

**CMIP5:** *historical* (1979–2008) & *rcp85* (2070–2099): 8 GCMs.

**CFMIP2:** *amip* & *amipFuture*: 4 GCMs.

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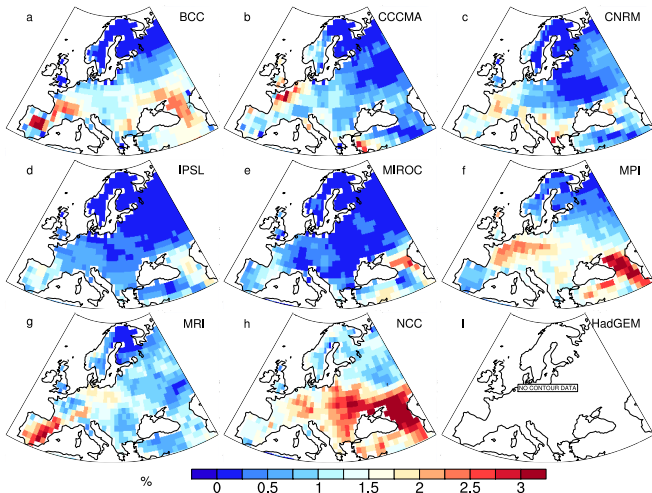
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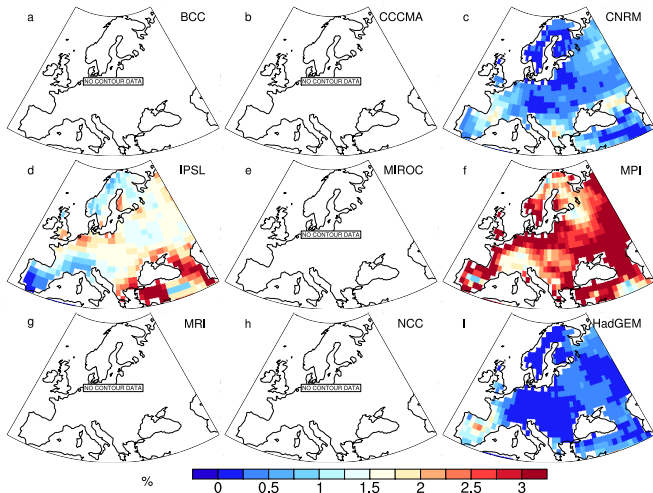
# Future changes in wintertime cold days

Probability of exceeding  $Q_{10}^{historical}$  in *rcp85* (PQ10)



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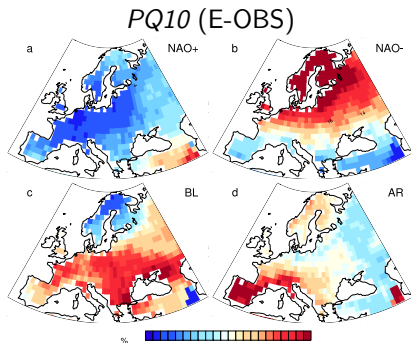
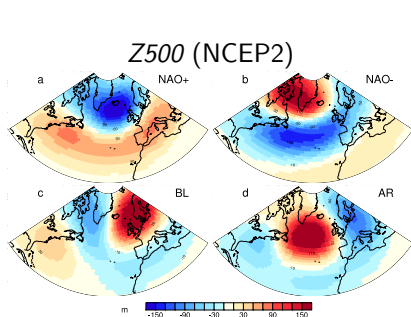
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# European temperatures & North-Atlantic dynamics

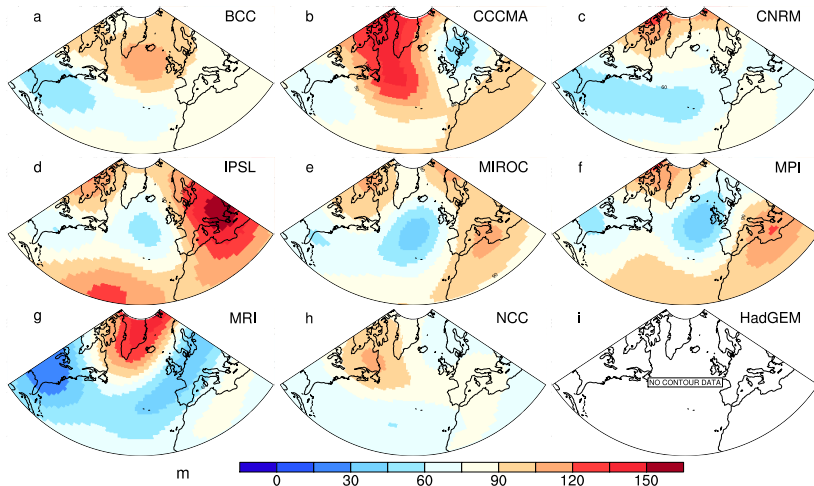
## Weather regimes

- Clustering of daily  $Z500$  anomalies. (e.g., Michelangeli et al., 1995)
- Temperatures well discriminated among the 4 classical regimes.
- $\overline{PQ10} = \sum_k P(\Omega_k) \cdot P(T < T_{10} | \Omega_k)$ .



# Future changes in mean Z500

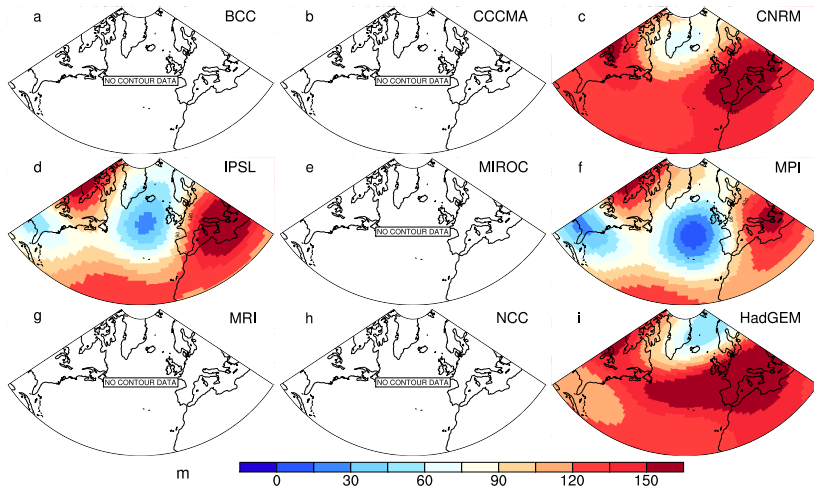
Z500, DJFM, *rcp85*–*historical*





# Future changes in mean Z500

Z500, DJFM, *amipFuture*–*amip*



# Evaluating dynamical contributions

Contribution of changes in regimes **frequencies**:

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{X} &= \sum_k f_k x_k \Rightarrow \Delta^{F-P}\bar{X} = \bar{X}^F - \bar{X}^P = \sum_k f_k^F x_k^F - \sum_k f_k^P x_k^P \\ &= \underbrace{\sum_k \Delta f_k \cdot x_k^P}_{BC} + \underbrace{\sum_k f_k^P \cdot \Delta x_k}_{WC} + \underbrace{\sum_k \Delta f_k \cdot \Delta x_k}_{RES}\end{aligned}$$

Contribution of changes in regimes **structures**:

$$\forall k \ x_k = \Phi(d_k) \Rightarrow \Delta x_k = \Phi^F(d_k^F) - \Phi^P(d_k^P) = [\Phi^F(d_k^F) - \Phi^P(d_k^F)] + [\Phi^P(d_k^F) - \Phi^P(d_k^P)]$$

Final breakdown

$$\Delta^{F-P}\bar{X} = \underbrace{\sum_k \Delta f_k \cdot \Phi^P(d_k^P)}_{BC} + \underbrace{\sum_k f_k^P \cdot \Phi^P(\Delta d_k)}_{WCd} + \underbrace{\sum_k f_k^P \cdot \Delta\Phi(d_k^F)}_{WC\Phi} + RES$$

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Cattiaux et al., *SI Clim. Dyn.*, submitted.

# Evaluating the term $\Phi^P(d_k^F)$

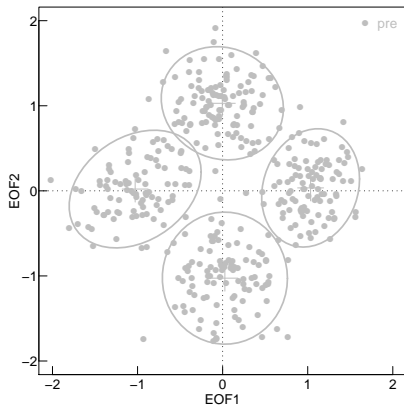
*I.e. the mean value of  $X$  that would produce present-day physics from future circulations.*

One way to do it: consider

$$\Phi^P(d_k^F) \equiv \Phi^P(\widetilde{d}_k^P),$$

where  $\widetilde{d}_k^P$  are the flow-analogs of  $d_k^F$  sampled among the present-day circulations  $d_k^P$ .

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See, e.g., Lorenz (1969) for flow-analogs.



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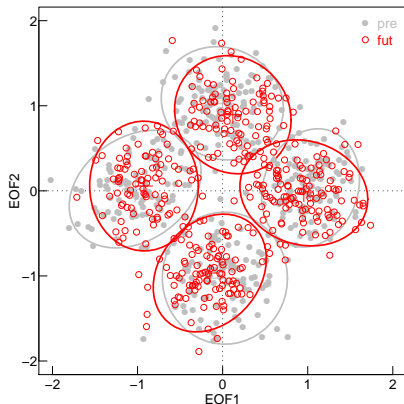
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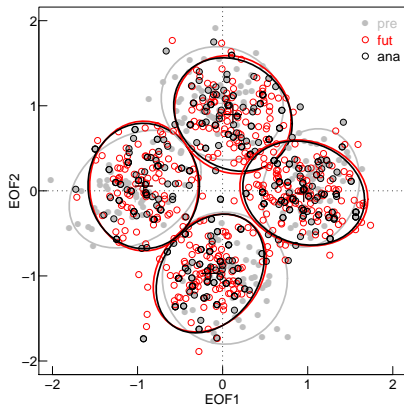
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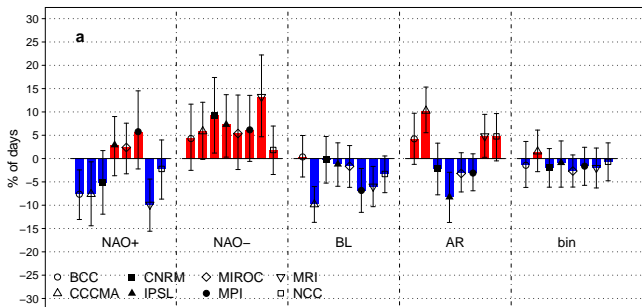
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# Changes in regimes frequencies

*rcp85 vs. historical*

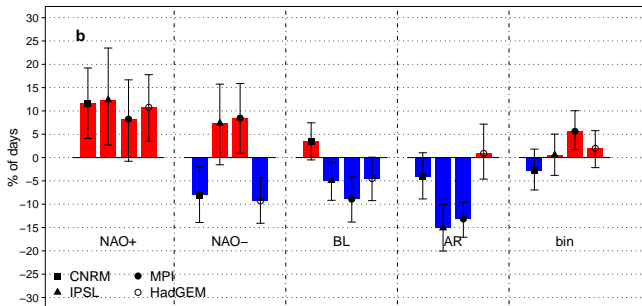


- Increase of NAO—, while all previous CMIP concluded to increase of NAO+. . . (Boé, 2007; Cattiaux, 2010; Najac, 2008; Stephenson et al., 2006; van Ulden and van Oldenborgh, 2006, among many others)
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Run forced by SST derived from *rcp85*? *amipFuture* in other GCMs?



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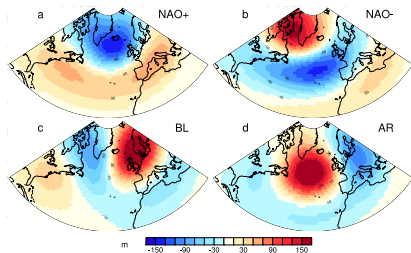
*amipFuture* vs. *amip*



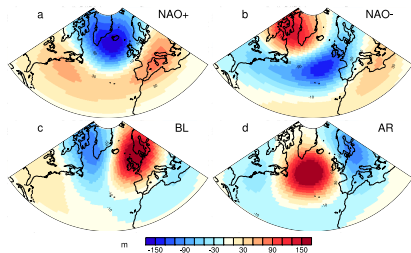
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# Changes in regimes structures

$\overline{d_k^P}$ , ensemble mean  
(*historical*)



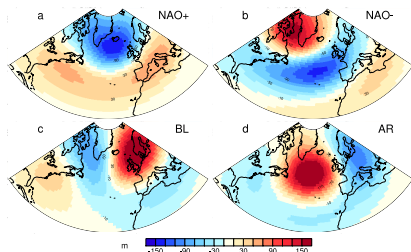
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(*historical analogs of rcp85*)



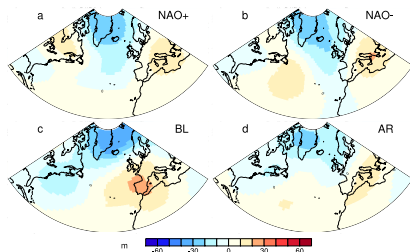
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$\overline{d_k^P} - \overline{d_k^P}$ , ensemble mean  
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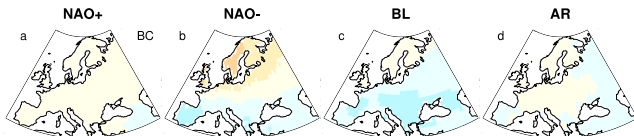
# Contributions to temperature extremes

## Mean changes

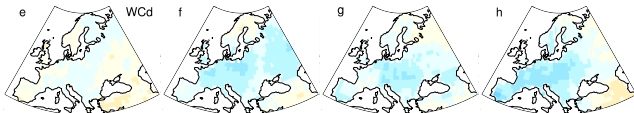
Ensemble mean of each term in:

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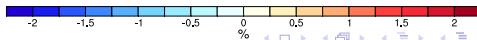
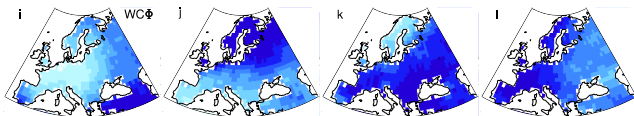
Regimes  
frequencies  
( $\Delta f_k$ )



Regimes  
structures  
( $\Delta d_k$ )



Non-dynamical  
processes  
( $\Delta\Phi$ )



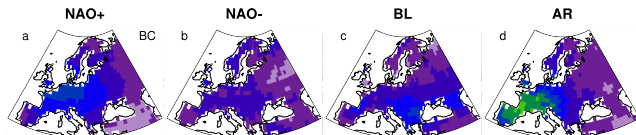
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## Uncertainties

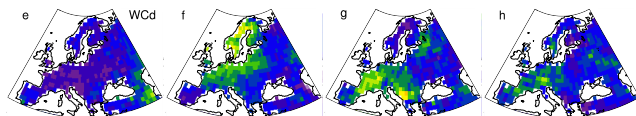
Ensemble standard deviation of each term in:

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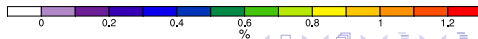
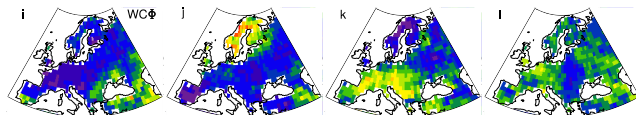
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# Concluding remarks

## Summary

- Original methodology to separate dynamical vs. non-dynamical contributions to temperature changes.
- CMIP5: surprising future increase in NAO— conditions (to be confirmed. . .).
- Dynamical contribution: minor on mean changes, substantial on uncertainties.

## Work in progress. . .

- Understanding of physical contributions: radiative budgets, heat fluxes, surface variables. . .
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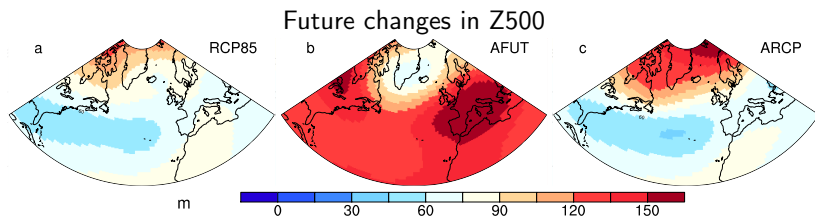
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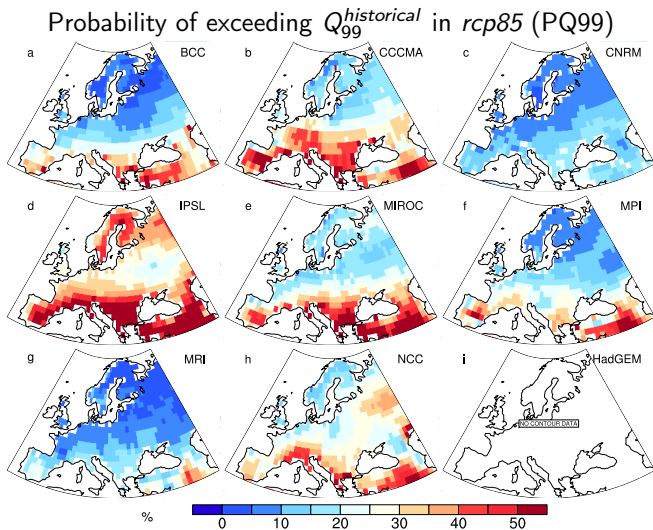
Thanks.



# CNRM-CM5: Future increase of NAO+? NAO-?

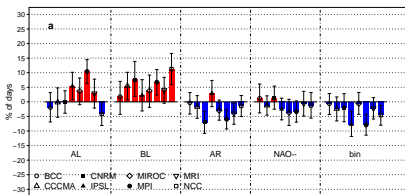


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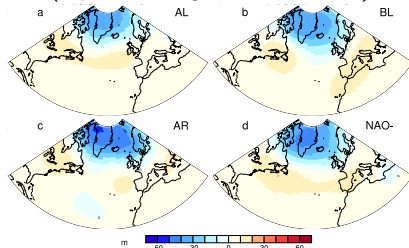


# Changes in regimes frequencies and structures

## Frequencies (rcp85–historical)



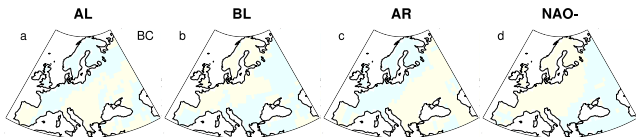
## Structures (rcp85 analogs vs. historical)



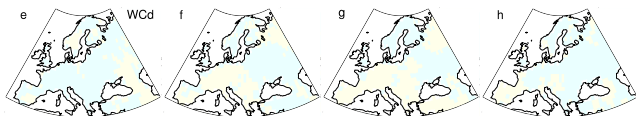
# Contributions to summertime temperature extremes

## Mean changes (ensemble mean)

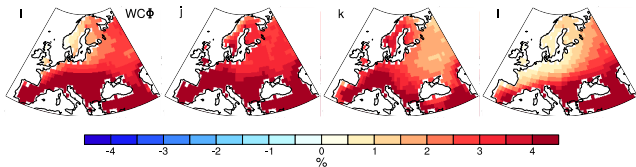
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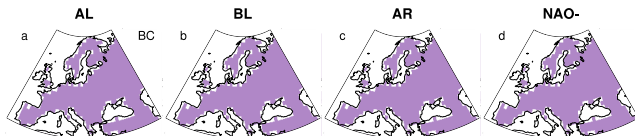
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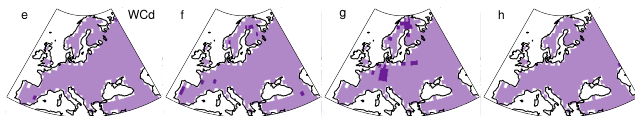
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## Uncertainties (ensemble standard deviation)

Regimes  
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( $\Delta f_k$ )



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Non-dynamical  
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