

Status of the TKE and the shallow convection scheme in the MF's models

E. Bazile

Y. Bouteloup, F. Bouyssel, S. Malardel and P. Marquet

ALADIN/HIRLAM 18th Workshop/All Staff Meeting
7-10 April, 2008 Brussels

Context

- PBL parameterization : Louis (79) with a modified Ri for the shallow convection (Geleyn, 87) → PBL is too dry, excess of mixing, fibrillation ...
- GAME perspectives : Convergence for the physical parameterization between ARPEGE/ALADIN NWP and ARPEGE-Climat.
- AROME project= ALADIN NH + Méso-NH physics with LBC from ALADIN-MF
- For the PBL: TKE scheme (based on CBR 2000) and the shallow convection scheme from AROME in ARPEGE/ALADIN NWP and in ARPEGE-Climat
- Advantages : share the problem. Better consistency between AROME and ALADIN for the PBL
- But more validations at various scales (500 km → 2.5 km), time-step (1800s - 60s), global budget, 1D comparison (Sodankyla, Cabauw etc ...), 1D case GABLS, RICO, etc ...

Some options in the HAA Galaxy ...

	Arpege Aladin/MFoper	Arpege/ Aladin-MF tst	ALAROO	HIRLAM	AROME
Coeff K diffusion	Louis 79	CBR2000 (HL) With CCH02	Louis histo via p-TKE	CBR (HL)	CBR (FL) With CCH02
L Mixing length	Int. HCLA Troen & Mahrt	BL89 or Lenderink & Holtslag	Int. HCLA Ayotte	Lenderink & Holtslag	BL 89
Shallow convection	Modified Ri Geleyn 87	KFB (or EDKF end of 2008)	Geleyn 87 With p-TKE	Straco ou KF	KFB (or EDKF)
Clouds	Smith (90)	f0, f1, f2 Bougeault	Xu & Randall	Sundqvist ou RK	f0, f1, f2 Bougeault
Micro- Physics	Lopez mod ql,qi,qr,qs (PCS)	Lopez mod ql,qi,qr,qs (PCS)	ql,qi,qr,qs (PCS)	Sundqvist or RK	Ice3 5 variables
Convection	Bougeault 85	Bougeault 85 with limits or 3MT- deep (in plan)	3MT-deep	Straco ou KF	No
Ray.	ECMWF	ECMWF	New-Geleyn	Savirjavi	ECMWF

TKE Scheme CBR(2000), BL(89), F0,F1 : Bougeault (81),
F2 et λ_3 Bougeault(82) and Bechtold(95)

$$K_u = \alpha_u \cdot l \cdot \sqrt{e_T}$$

0.0667 → 0.126

$$K_h = \alpha_h \cdot l \cdot \sqrt{e_T} \cdot \phi_h$$

0.16675 → 0.142

$$\frac{\partial \bar{e}_T}{\partial t} = P_d + P_\theta - \frac{\partial \overline{w'e_T}}{\partial z} - c_\varepsilon \frac{\bar{e}_T^{3/2}}{l_\varepsilon}$$

0.4 → 0.34

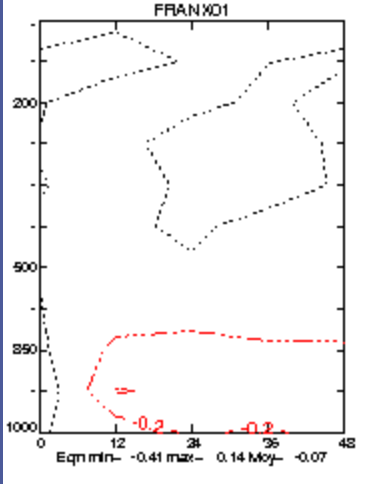
0.7 → 0.85

$$\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(\rho \cdot C_e \cdot l \cdot \sqrt{e_T} \cdot \frac{\partial e_T}{\partial z} \right)$$

From Cheng, Canuto, Howard (2002)
JAS 59 pp 1550-1565

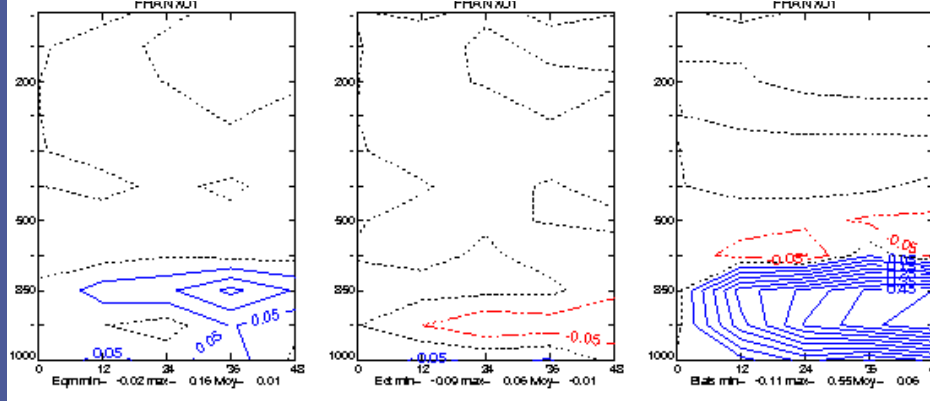
Impact of CCH02 : ALADIN November 2007

RMS WIND 7359 / RS
Novembre 2007

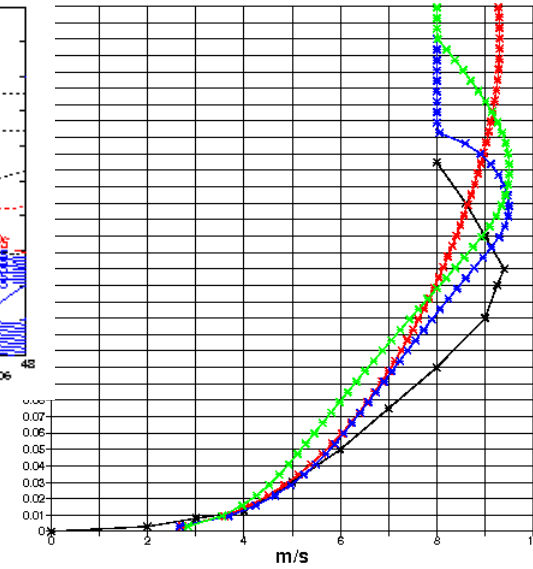


ALADIN 10km TKE+KFB+Lim. Deep Conv. (LDC) (exp=TKB)

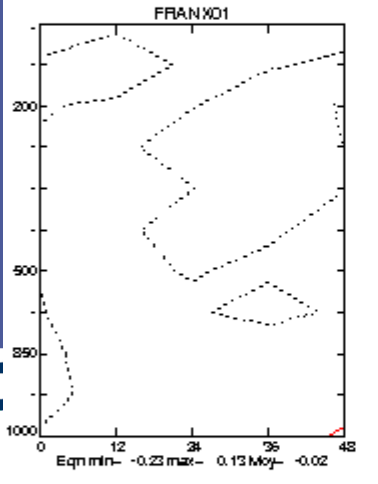
TEMPERATURE 7359 / RS Novembre 2007



MOD_DU_VENT A9H
ARPEGE/ALADIN

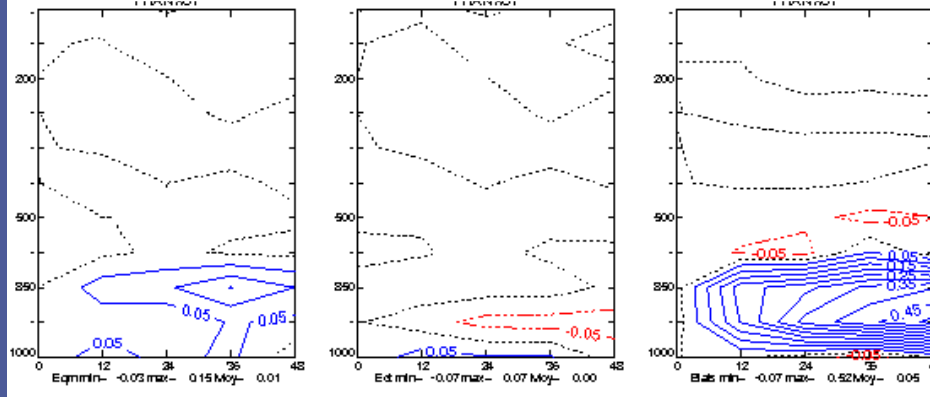


RMS WIND 737X / RS
Novembre 2007



ALADIN 10km TKE+KFB+ LDC with
CCH02 (Exp=TKB02)

TEMPERATURE 737X / RS Novembre 2007

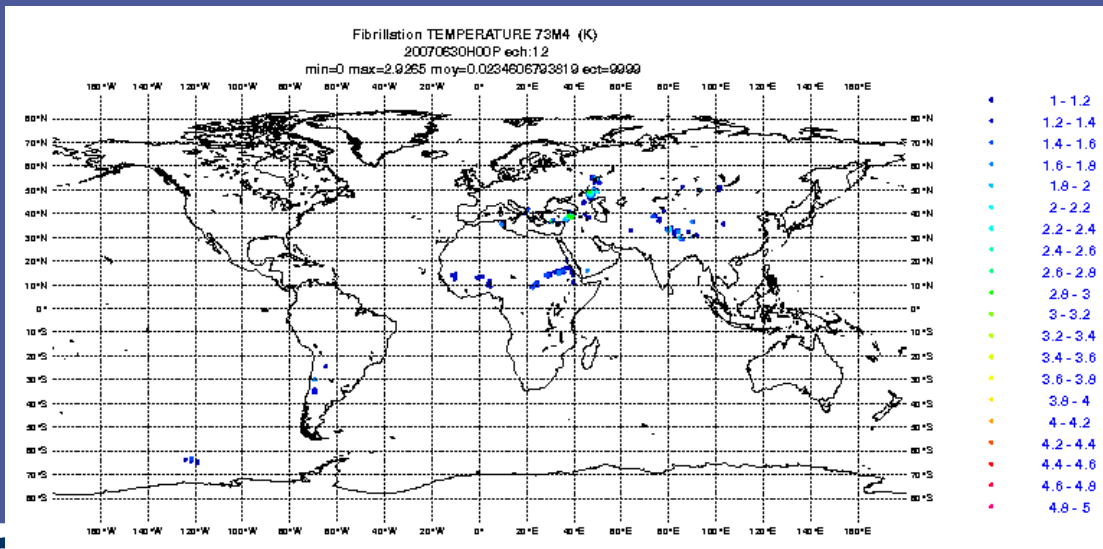
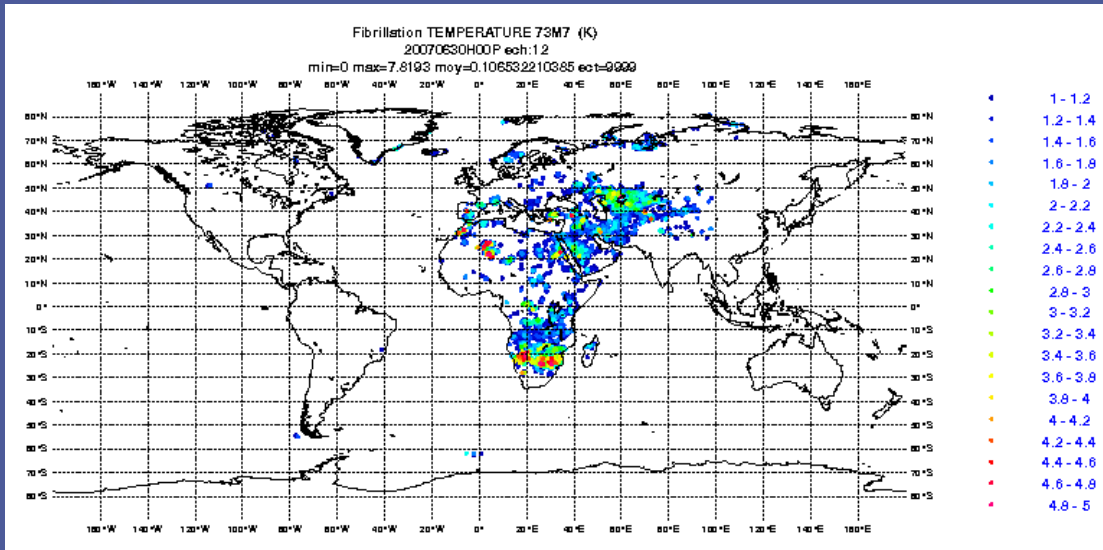


- ✕ les
- ✕ les
- ✕ m1d_oper
- ✕ m1d_TKE
- ✕ m1d_TKE_CCH02



Stability, fibrillation ?

Level 60 : Abs (T1+T9-2T0)

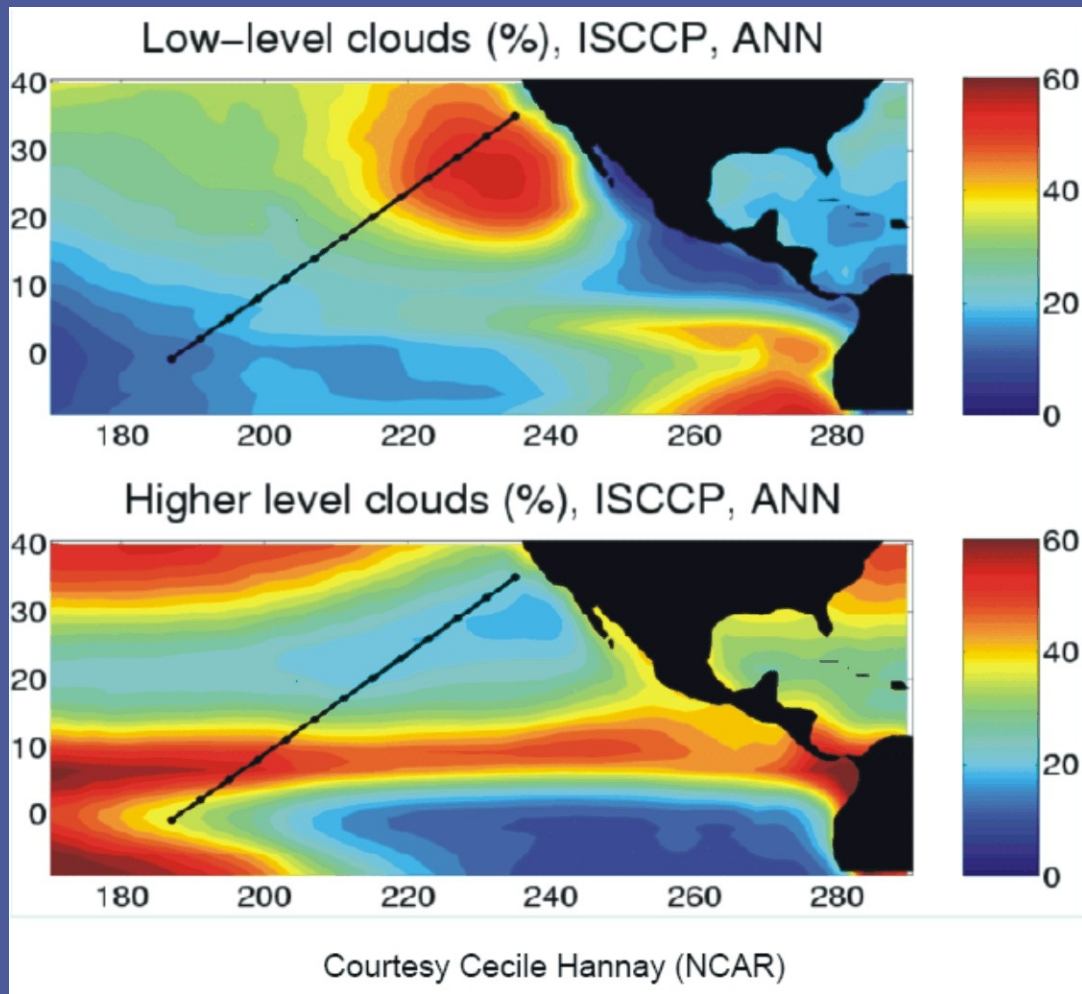


Oper with Louis and anti-fibrillation scheme
max=7.8°C Mean=0.1

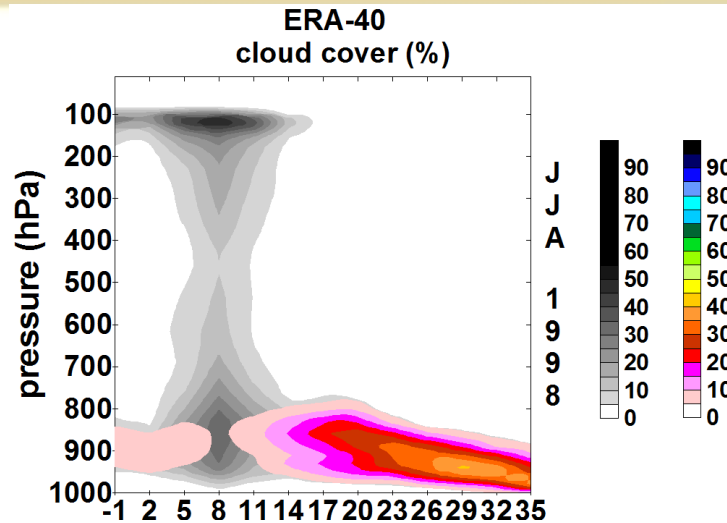
TKE (without anti-fibrillation scheme)+KFB+LDC Max=2.9°C
mean=0.02

Brinkop & Roeckner has been coded and tested by Y. Bouteloup → very small impact → not used

GPCI : Gewex Pacific Cross-section Intercomparison

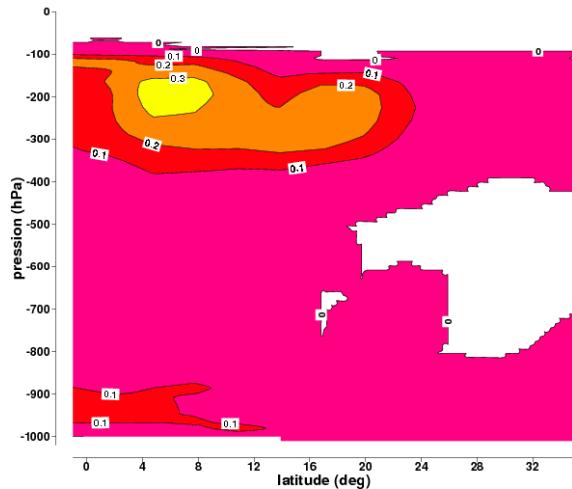


Cross section GCSS : 13 box $4^\circ \times 3^\circ$ 1S-173W \rightarrow 35N125W (mean June 2007 96h-72h)

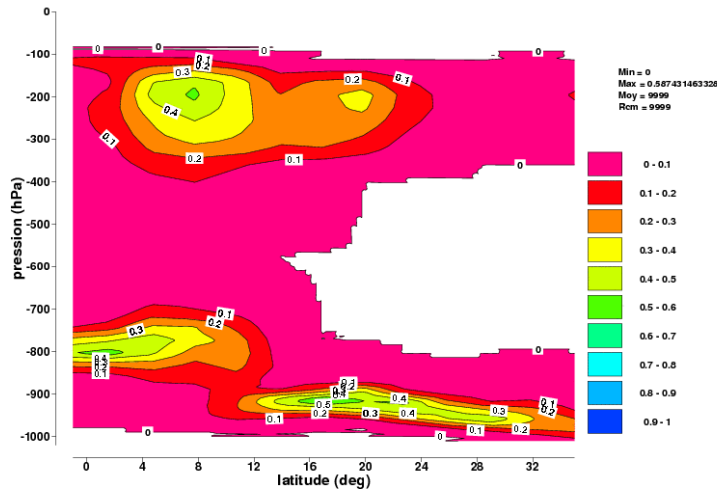


Oper

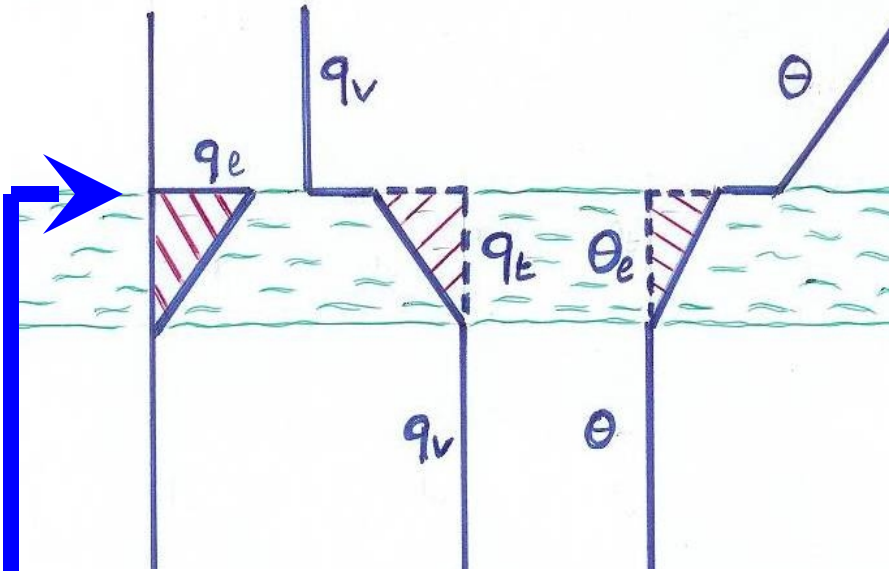
VNT1 73H3 gcas_14_200706
ARPEGE
BASE 2007-06-01 00:00



VNT1 73HE gcas_14_200706
ARPEGE
BASE 2007-06-01 00:00



The Top-PBL-entrainment : Grenier (2001) → ARPEGE



Vertical Diffusion of the
Betts variables : θ_t and q_t

Grenier (ARPEGE)

$$\langle e \rangle = z_i^{-1} \int_0^{z_i} e(z) dz$$

$$K_{inversion} \sim AL \langle e \rangle^{1/2} \frac{\langle e \rangle}{N_i^2 L^2}$$

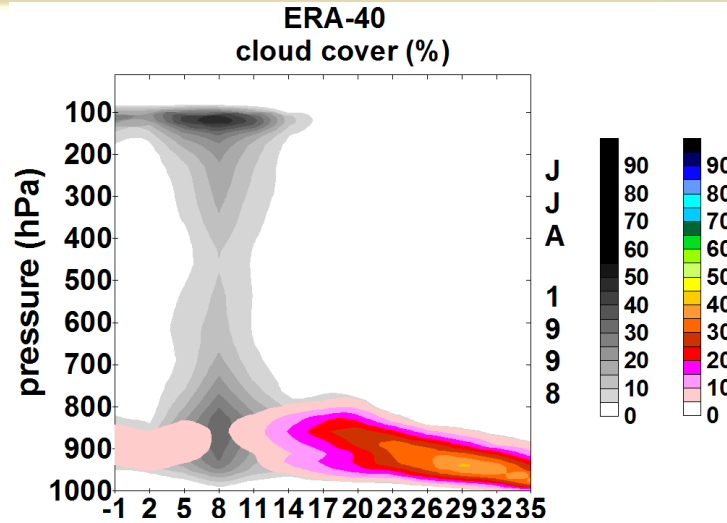
$$A = A_1 \left(1 + A_2 \frac{L q_l}{C_p \Delta \theta_{vl}} \right)$$

A_1 and A_2 parameter : 0.16/100

at this time

Courtesy P. Marquet

Coupe GCSS : 13 boites 4°x3° 1S-173W → 35N125W (moy juin 2007 sur J4)



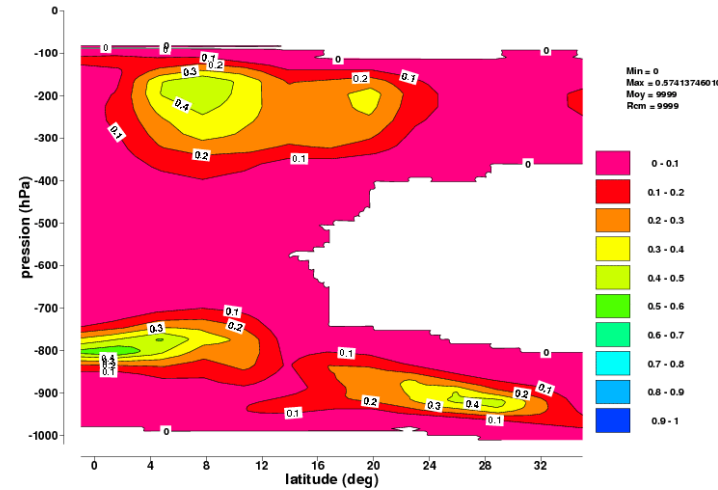
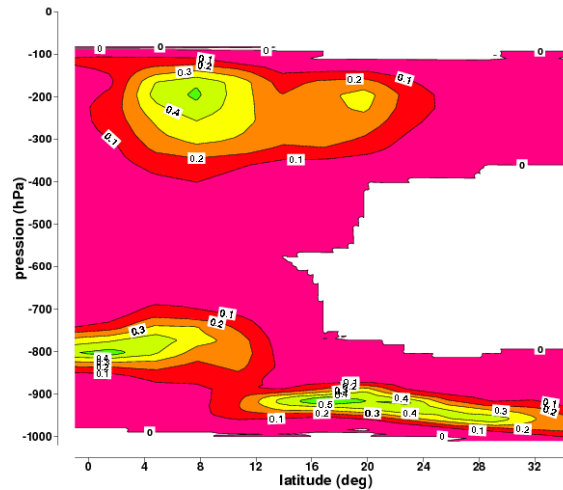
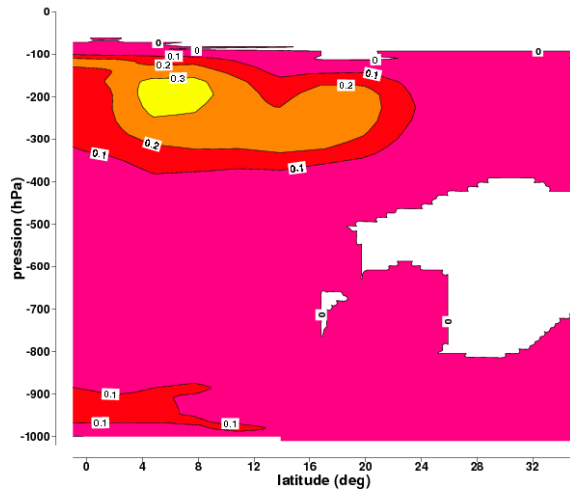
Oper

TKE+KFB+LDC+Top-Entr
(73JN)

VNT1 73J3 gcas_j4_200706
ARPEGE
BASE 2007-06-01 00:00

VNT1 73HE gcas_j4_200706
ARPEGE
BASE 2007-06-01 00:00

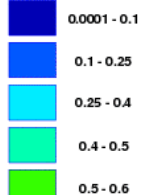
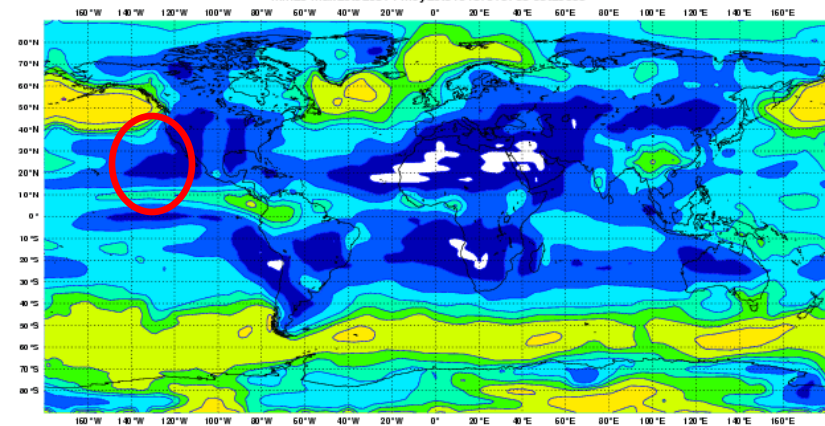
VNT1 73JN gcas_j4_200706
ARPEGE
BASE 2007-06-01 00:00



Low clouds June 2007

oper:NEB_BAS_200706_P96_moy

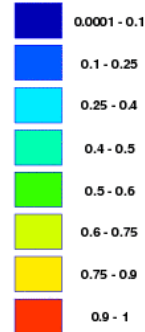
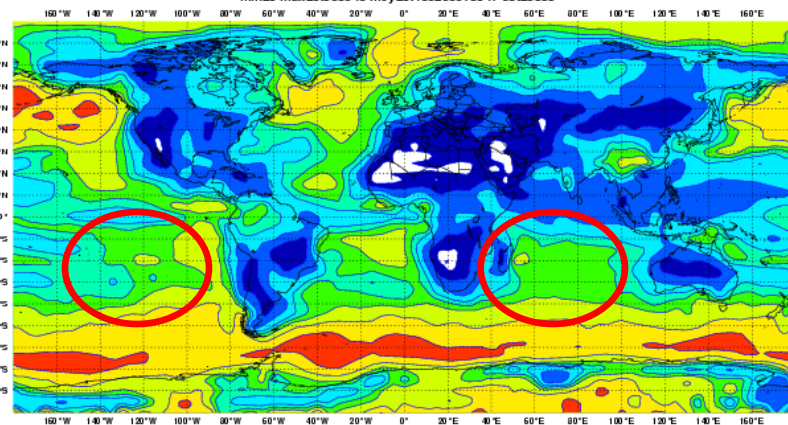
min=0 max=0.920874 moy=0.315487579738 ect=9999



Oper

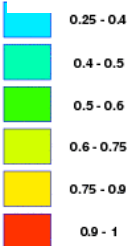
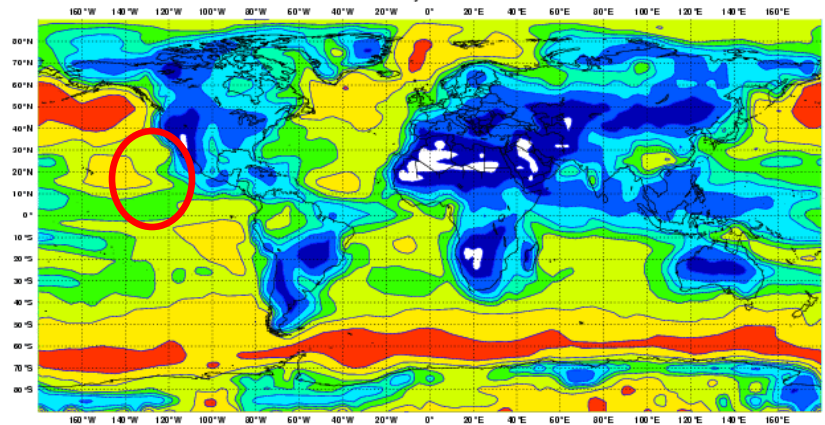
73JN:NEB_BAS_200706_P96_moy

min=0 max=0.988643 moy=0.436205678047 ect=9999



73HE:NEB_BAS_200706_P96_moy

min=0 max=0.988684 moy=0.510665129955 ect=9999



TKE+KFB+LDC+Top Entr

TKE+KFB+LDC

ARPEGE with TKE+KFB+Top Entr+ Limited Deep Conv

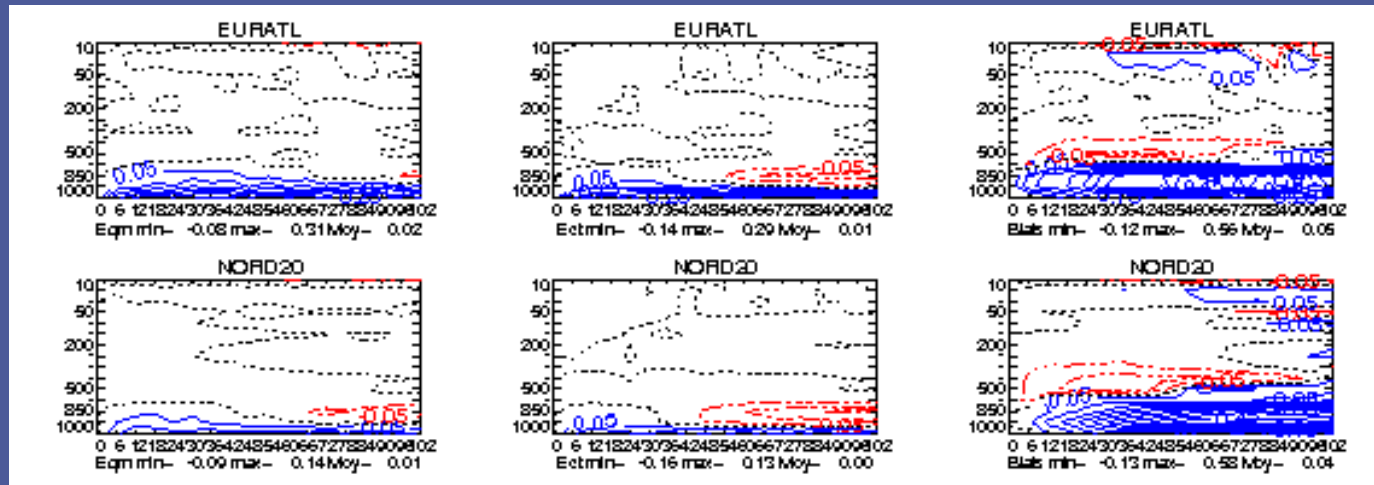
June 2007

eqm

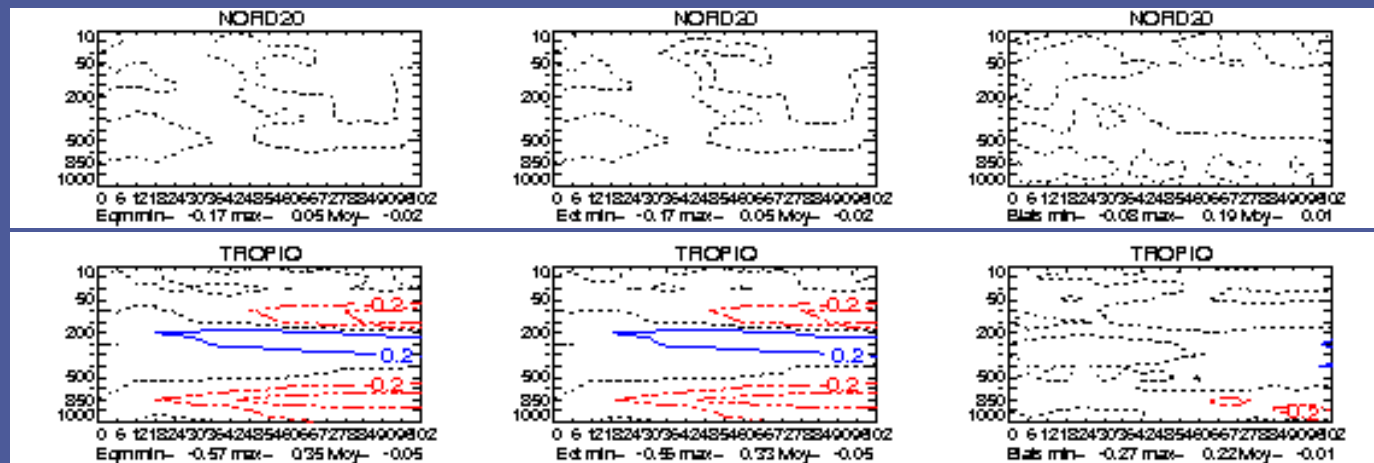
ect

bais

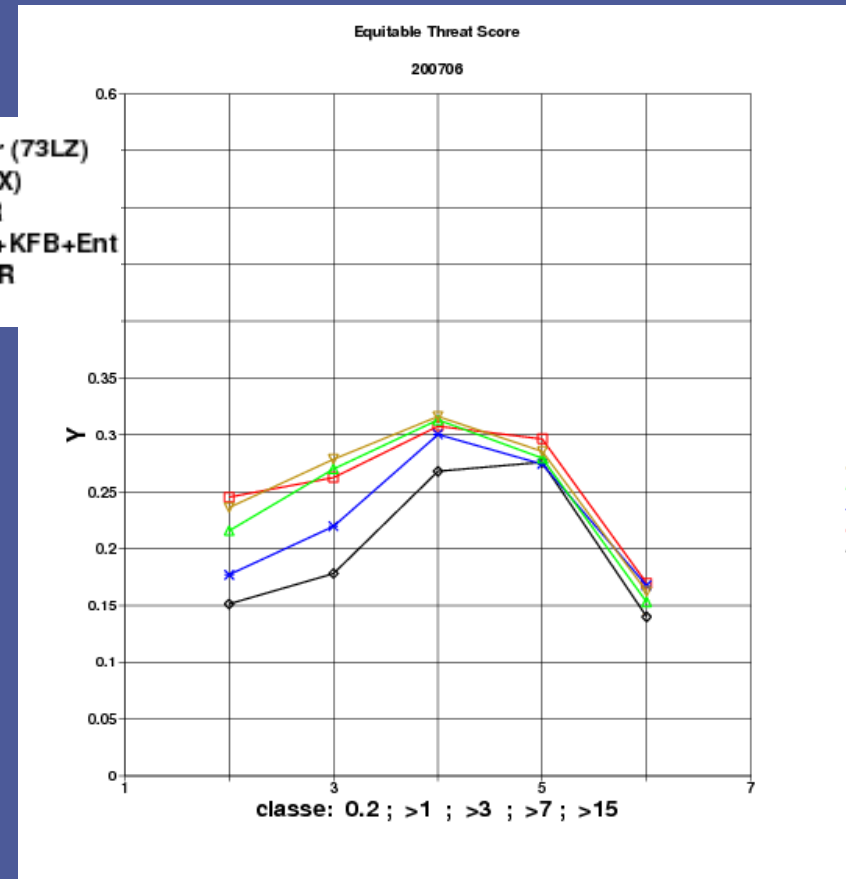
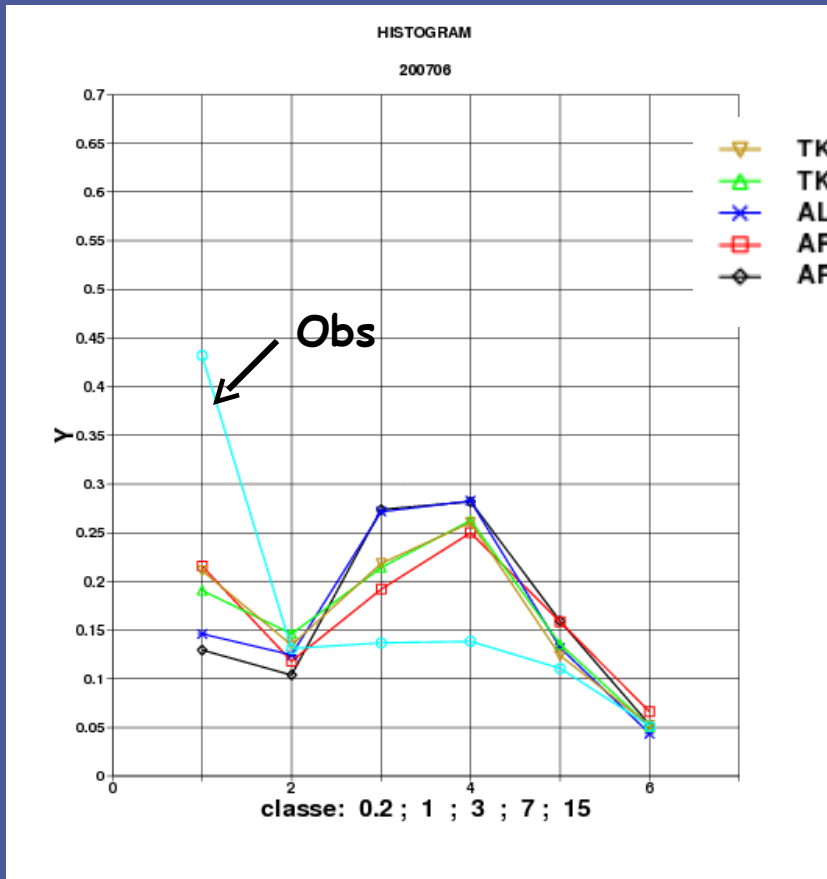
Temperature



Wind

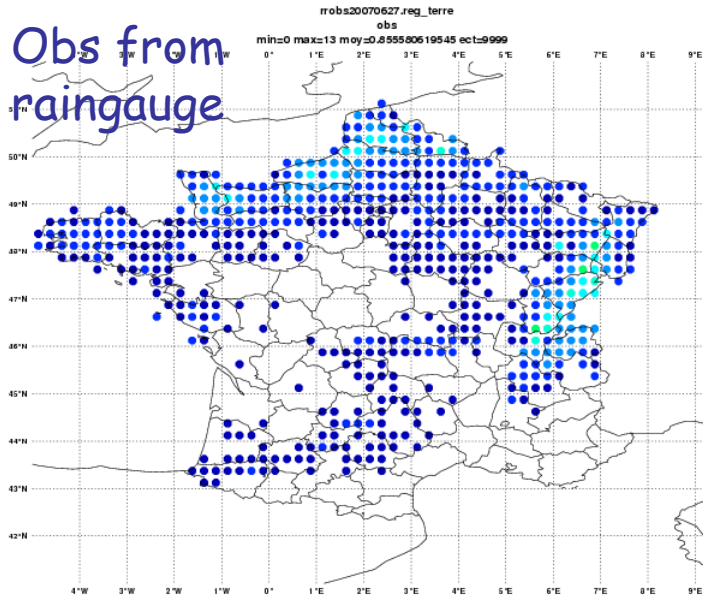


RR 24h (06TU-30TU) over France June 2007

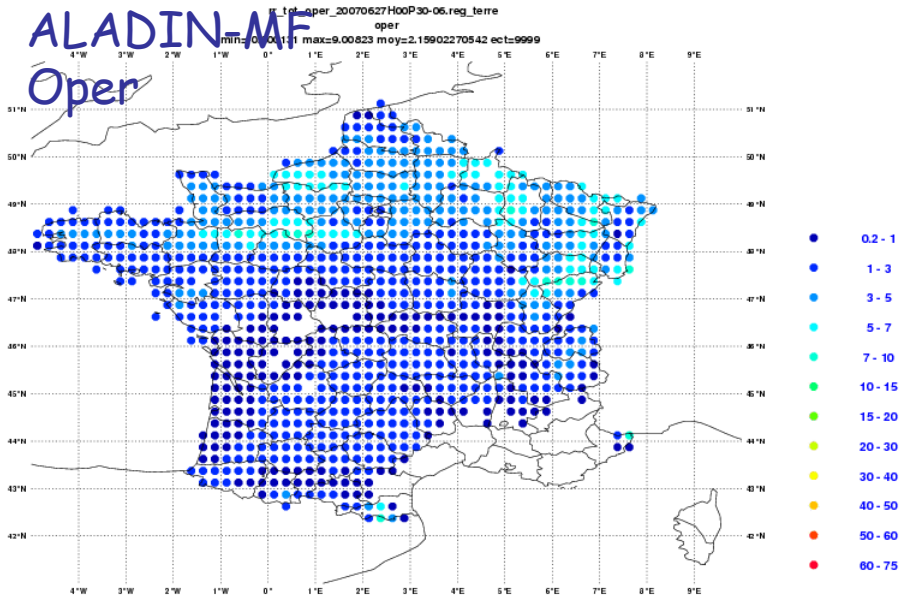


LDC=Deep convection only for clouds greater than 3000m

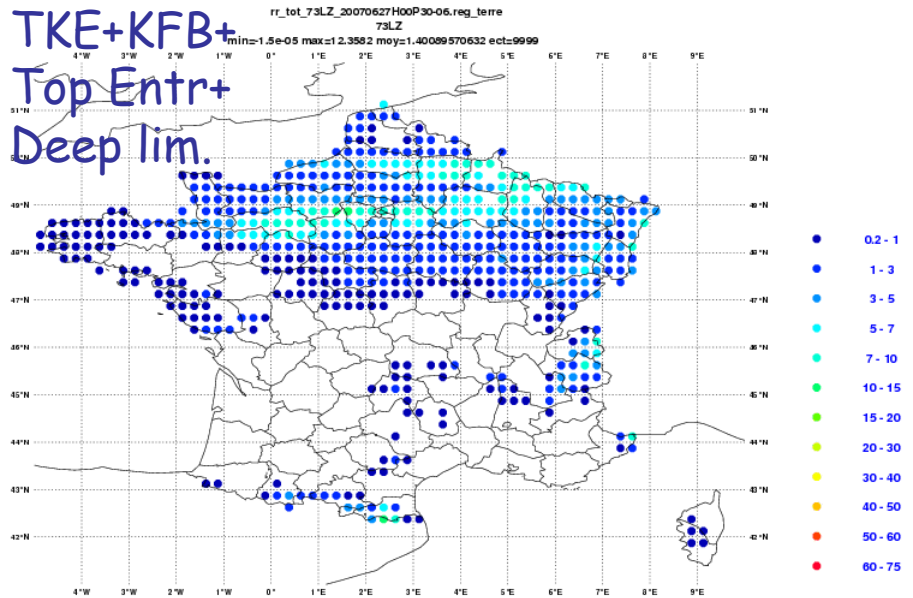
Obs from
raingauge



ALADIN-MF
Oper



TKE+KFB+
Top Entr+
Deep lim.



ALADIN-MF/ALADIN+TKE+KFB+Top E.+ Deep Lim June 2007

Europe Geop.

Eqm

Ect

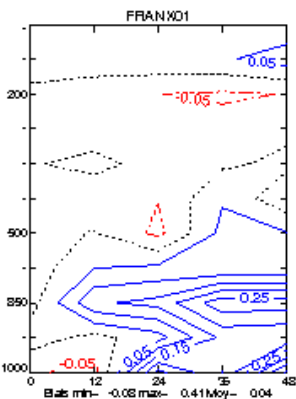
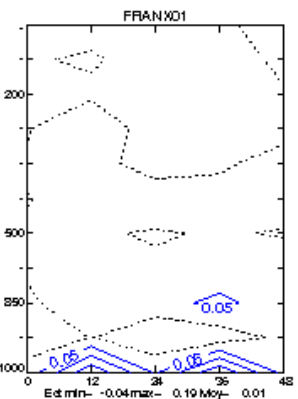
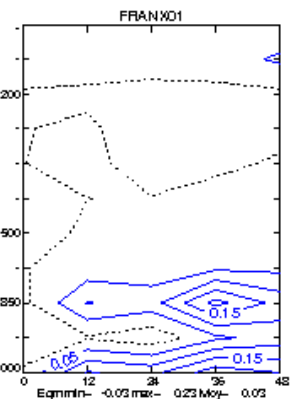
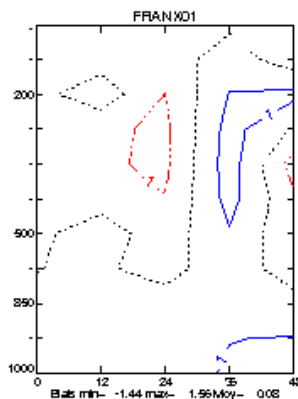
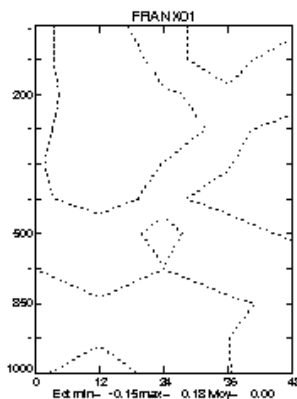
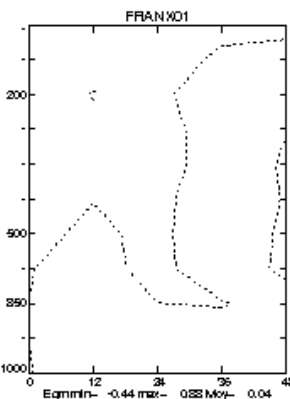
|Biais|

Europe Temperature

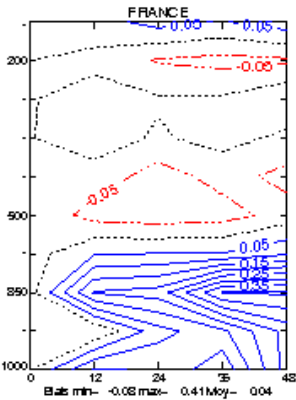
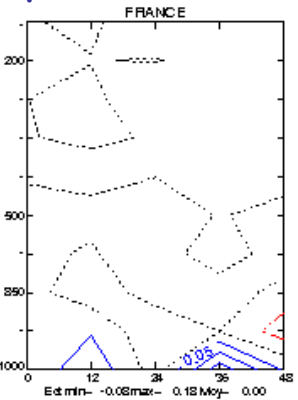
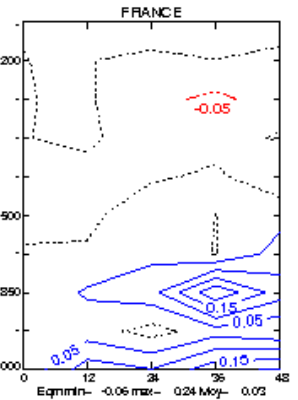
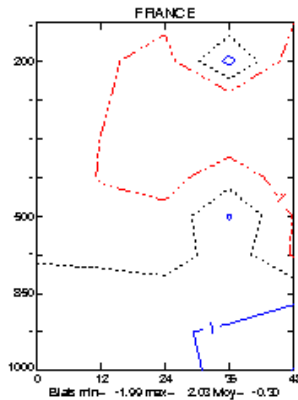
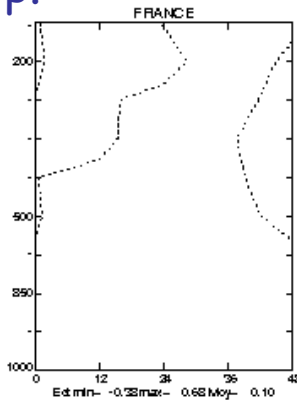
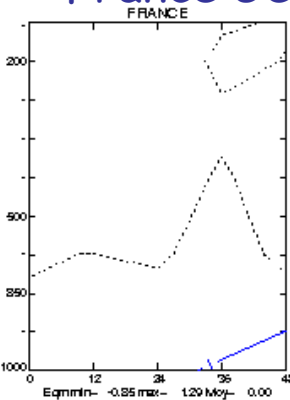
Eqm

Ect

|Biais|



France Geop.



ALADIN-MF/ALADIN+TKE+KFB+Top E.+ Deep Lim June 2007

Europe Rel. Hum

Eqm

Ect

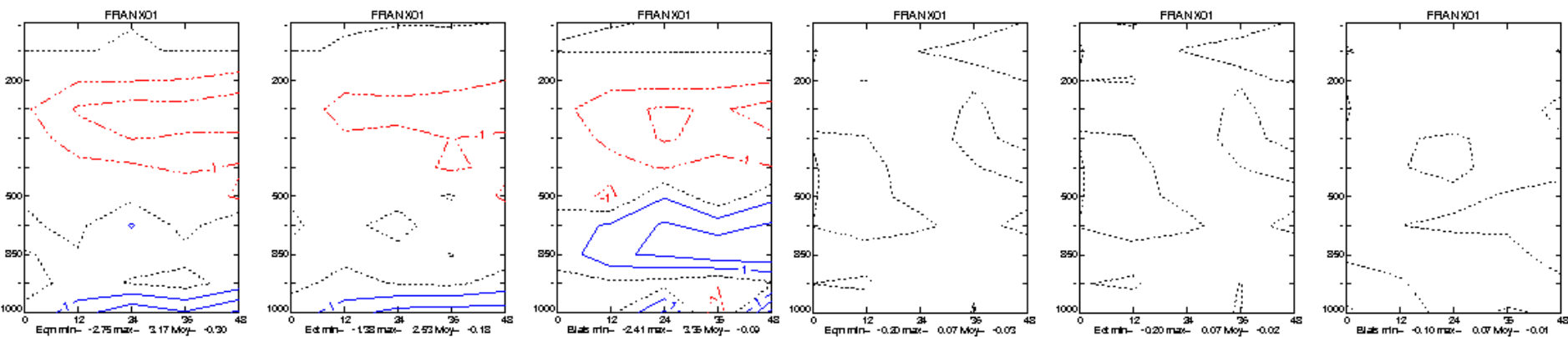
|Biais|

Europe Wind

Eqm

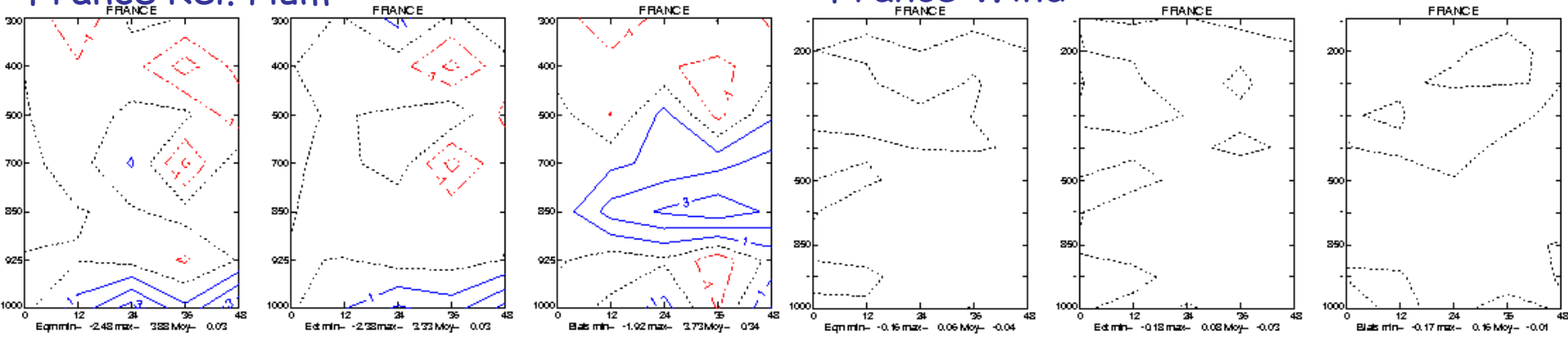
Ect

|Biais|



France Rel. Hum

France Wind



Conclusions

- TKE +KFB + Top Entr + Limitation of the Deep Convection: stable, no instability (same time step), no fibrillation or at least very small
- In cycle 33T0 : ECMWF radiation code is more efficient (R. El Khatib) minus 10% for the total cost compared to the cy32. For a 54h forecast(proc=2):

ALADIN-oper (cy32) = 4200s,

ALADIN-oper (cy33t1) = 3780s,

ALADIN+TKE+KFB..(cy33t1) = 4200s,

ALARO-0-3MT (cy33t1) = 4650s to be confirmed

ALARO-0+3MT (cy33t1) = 4750s to be confirmed

- Clear improvement of the temperature, the relative humidity in the PBL, precipitation distribution and QPF but there is again a problem for the wind in the tropics

Perspectives

- Short term: $\frac{g}{\theta_v} \overline{w'\theta'_v}$ TKE thermal production from the shallow convection KFB → impact on the wind on the tropics ?
- EDKF will be available in ARPEGE/ALADIN for evaluation during summer 2008
- Parallel test for the new PBL package before summer 2008 in ARPEGE/ALADIN with an open question for the use of ECUME (less evaporation over sea for strong winds)
- 3MT evaluation in ALADIN will start but before we should probably check carefully APLPAR for the consistency with the new PBL package in particular the link with the PBL clouds.